

BIG BATTLES IMPENDING
IN EASTERN PRUSSIAWhile Russians Have Been
Falling Back They are
Reorganizing

CAESAR'S ARMY BEING LARGELY REINFORCED

Kaiser Blesses the Submarines Which Are to Start to Starve England Into Submission—German Papers Declare the Act of the Kaiser the "Christy" of Germany's "Newest and Most Powerful Submarine in a Righteous Crusade in Defense of the Fatherland"—Epidemic of Typhoid Fever Breaks Out in Lodz, in Poland.

(By United Press)

Berlin, Feb. 15.—Great battles are impending in Eastern Prussia, in the region of Brodina. Reports state that although the Russians are still retreating they are thought to be reorganizing the troops and preparing for a counter attack.

Battles around Insterburg and Serech, in Brodina, will be fought out with decision. Von Hindenburg's army is being resisted more strongly than was expected.

Reports from Vienna report that heavy reinforcements to the Russian troops are being received by Ivanoff's army, which has been steadily rolled back by the German fire.

Rumors in Vienna state that a Russian general has been captured and shot himself while a prisoner of the Germans.

Kaiser Blesses Submarines

Amsterdam, Feb. 15.—Emperor William gave his blessing to the submarines starting out upon their mission to starve England today. The emperor was on his way to Kuxhaven and stopped for the ceremony. He urged upon the sailors the importance of the new policy and the ships were formally upon their way to wipe out English trade.

Berlin was with enthusiasm over the act today. German papers were filled with it, one of their leading newspapers called the act the "christy" of Germany's newest and most powerful submarines in a righteous crusade in defense of the fatherland.

It is not probable that the emperor will see American Ambassador Gerard before he reaches Kuxhaven. Elaborate preparations are being made there to receive the emperor.

Typhoid Fever Epidemic

London, Feb. 15.—An epidemic of

typhoid fever is sweeping over the region surrounding Lodz, in Poland, the correspondent for the Telegraph exchange reports in his last communication. Emperor William has given up his plan of visiting that region on his visit to troops.

Red Cross physicians are putting up a heroic fight against the disease. American doctors and physicians are fighting it almost alone, as all the German doctors have been transferred to the front. Thousands of sufferers are praying for speedy death. They are suffering from lack of food, proper shelter and care.

WATER COLOR PAINTING
OF HUNTING CAMP

A water color painting in the window of Rosser's furniture store is attracting notice from passersby today. The picture was drawn by Benjamin F. Sterling, operator on the N. Y. C. at Glen Campbell. Mr. Sterling visited the Crooked Run hunting and fishing camp for a few hours last autumn, but made no sketches of the place. The picture was drawn from memory at Glen Campbell this winter and has been presented to the camp by Mr. Sterling.

SUPERINTENDENT SYKES
SEIZED WITH ILLNESS

Benjamin Sykes, superintendent of the Elk Tanning company, was overcome by heart trouble while at work in the office of the company on Friday afternoon. He was taken immediately to his home and his condition has been very serious.

This morning his physician reported Mr. Sykes much improved.

MAJORITY FAVOR NEW
HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING

In reply to the letters of the school board to the voters of the town 179 answers favorable to a new high school building have been received, 52 in favor of additions to the present high school building and 10 against any additions or a new building.

Thrilling
Air Battle
In Alsace

(By United Press)
Geneva, via Paris, Feb. 15.—A thrilling aerial battle between a Zeppelin dirigible and three French aeroplanes was witnessed Saturday by thousands of German and French troops in the trenches a little south of Muelhausen, in upper Alsace.

The Zeppelin came from the Black Forest and was sailing toward Belfort when it met the aeroplanes which were flying much lower. A battle ensued and the conflict lasted for about forty minutes, both sides keeping up a continuous fire. The aeroplanes struggled to reach a higher level which would place them above the dirigible and had almost succeeded when the Zeppelin retired to the north at great speed.

Everybody Welcome
—Everybody will be made welcome at the D. A. R. military euchar in the Leitzinger building tomorrow evening.



A GERMAN SLEIGH AMBULANCE IN RUSSIA

COAL PRODUCTION
IN THIS DISTRICT
FOR THE YEAR 1914Output a Million Tons Less
Than in 1913, Mine In-
spector Reports

There Were Only Ten Fatal and 37 Non-Fatal Accidents in the Mines Last Year—447,727 Tons of Coal Mined in Clearfield County Last Year.

The annual report of Thomas A. Furniss, mine inspector for the 12th Bituminous District, which includes part of Jefferson, Clearfield, Indiana and Armstrong counties, contains a number of most interesting facts. It shows that during the past year the coal production in this district was more than a million tons less than in 1913.

R. and P. Falls Off

The R. & P. Coal & Iron company, the leading producer in the district, was the chief sufferer as the result of the condition of the coal market in 1914. Their production in the 12th district for 1914 was 712,991 tons less than in 1913. The allied company, the Jefferson and Clearfield Coal and Iron company, increased its production in 1914 by over 26,000 tons. The Clearfield Bituminous Coal corporation, with its largest operations at Rosser, dropped behind its 1913 production by about 65,000 tons.

Cascade Doubles Product
The Cascade Coal and Coke company doubled its production in 1914, jumping from 211,000 tons in 1913 to 410,000 in 1914.

During the year two new mines were opened in the Twelfth district and none were abandoned.

61 Mines Operating

There were 61 mines in operation, as compared with 58 during 1913, and the tons of coal shipped to market was greater than that of 1913. The coke production was slightly less.

Loss of Life Lessens

The best showing 1914 has to offer is the great reduction in the number of fatalities and accidents. In 1913 there were 16 fatal accidents inside the mines; in 1914 only 10. There were 37 non-fatal accidents in and outside the mine in 1914, and in 1913 there were 16 fatal accidents inside the mines; in 1914 only 10. There were 37 non-fatal accidents in and outside the mine in 1914, and in 1913 there were 34.

Production of Coal

R. & P. C. & I. Co.	1,483,309
Clearfield Bit. Coal Corp.	711,256
Jeff. & Cld. C. & I. Co.	424,018
Cascade C. & C. Co.	410,082
Pa. C. & C. Corp.	259,329
Summit C. Min. Co.	169,868
Ellsworth-Dunham C. Co.	156,792
Russell C. Min. Co.	135,922
Punk's C. Min. Co.	135,170
John McLeavy & Co.	117,838
Urey Ridge Coal Co.	90,738
Madeira-Hill C. Min. Co.	87,768
Bowersville Coal Co.	80,895
Bear Run C. & C. Co.	67,761
Hillsdale C. & C. Co.	64,330
Glenwood Coal Co.	58,546
Superior Coal Min. Co.	55,030
Sutter Coal Co.	41,797
Indiana Coal Co.	38,117
Chestnut Ridge Coal Co.	29,128
Cortez Coal Co.	27,550
Lindsey Coal Min. Co.	26,191
Dixonville Coal Co.	25,100
Hamilton Coal Min. Co.	20,364
Electric Coal Co.	18,448
Hudson Coal Min. Co.	8,244

Clark Bros. Coal Min. Co.

Total	4,741,880
Production by Counties	
Jefferson	2,259,991
Indiana	1,864,294
Clearfield	447,727
Armstrong	169,868

MAINE MEMORIAL IS
DEDICATED AT ARLINGTON

(By United Press)
Washington, Feb. 15.—Seventeen years after the U. S. S. Maine sank in Havana harbor the United States today dedicated at Arlington cemetery the Maine Memorial. President Wilson, Secretary of the Navy Daniels and Rear Admiral C. D. Sigsbee, retired and other naval authorities were scheduled to speak.

The most striking feature of the memorial is the mainmast of the old battleship as it stood on that vessel. It now stands erect from a granite base which is constructed in the form of a mausoleum, which has the contour and effect of a turret of a battleship.

GERMANS HOLD UP
AMERICAN'S MAIL

Luxemburg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, Feb. 15.—The German military authorities here have refused to transmit a package containing the American consular agent's accounts because it was sealed in an envelope addressed to the state department at Washington.

The package, under instructions from the commandant, was returned to the agent unopened.

Interference by the German authorities with American official correspondence already has elicited a protest from the state department at Washington. Based on an appeal that was contained in a cablegram forwarded by Dr. Henry Van Dyke, the American minister to the Netherlands and Luxemburg, who complained that the German military commander at Treves refused to allow official letters to pass from the minister to the government of the grand duchy, Secretary Bryan on Friday sent a note of protest to Ambassador Gerard, at Berlin, for delivery to the German foreign office.

The German government was reminded of the fact that Dr. Van Dyke was minister to Luxemburg as well as to the Netherlands; that he had been rendered incommunicado so far as his relations with Luxemburg were concerned, and the note expressed confidence that the action of the military commander at Treves was not sanctioned by the imperial German government.

East Enders Declare
Don't Waste Water

Citizens of the East End resent the imputation that they waste water by leaving their supply faucets open at night. They say that the tile works is the largest user of water in the East End and that because of this fact their homes and buildings are deprived of water in the daytime. The East End people say that there is no scarcity of water at night, which, they say, proves that it is at night that it would be necessary to let the water run from the pipes to prevent freezing. While pleased to know that the water company is preparing to relieve conditions in the East End, the people in that part of town do not wish to have it said that they waste water.

PRESENTED TO THE
PROGRESS READERS
AT VERY LOW COSTBible Stories Containing Fab-
ulous Tissot Color Plates
And Illustrations

This Paper is Pleased to Announce Offer That Should Interest Every Reader—How the Valuable Book May be Obtained—A Wonderfully Good Proposition.

It is with no small sense of pride that The Progress makes the announcement that it will present to its readers a new and magnificent illustrated book, "Illustrated Bible Stories for Young and Old." It is not to be understood that this presentation is prompted by religious motives so much as a desire to give an educational feature which is not generally considered in that light.

This book relates all Bible events in an entertaining and interesting manner, and in language so plain that any child can understand it. There are no hidden or obscure passages. Believing that its readers are deserving of none but the best, The Progress has adopted "Illustrated Bible Stories" as a means of furthering its educational activities.

The book is written by Ian Maclaren (Rev. John Watson, D. D.) author of "Beside the Bonnie Briar Bush," and J. Wm. Buel, Ph. D., the popular author. This was the last important literary contribution of Dr. Watson before his death.

Every book of any importance, every magazine, literary, scientific, household or otherwise, is illustrated to a greater or less extent. Even the newspapers make a strong feature of illustration. Schools throughout the land teach their pupils by means of pictures. Why not then illustrate and popularize Bible reading, as has been done in this instance? There are more than 500 text pictures made especially for this book at enormous expense.

It matters not how many Bibles one may have, "Illustrated Bible Stories" should be in every home because of the importance and educational value of these eye-teaching pictures, and the interesting stories of Bible events related in its pages.

In addition to these wonderful pictures, there are also numerous full-page colored plates from the famous Tissot collection. This remarkable collection of Biblical pictures is considered the most important contribution to Scriptural art so far produced. "Illustrated Bible Stories" is entirely undenominational. Catholics, Protestants and unbelievers, all find these stories helpful and full of interest.

The type is large and clear—easily read by young and old. The book is of convenient size, easy to hold or handle. It is hoped that everyone will place this book on a table in a room that is constantly used, where it may be seen and read daily as a useful help and work of reference.

The regular price of "Illustrated Bible Stories" is \$3. It is 6 3/4 by 9 inches in size, 1 3/4 inches thick, and contains more than 800 pages; bound in sea green velvet, cover illuminated in gold, black and scarlet. For a short time The Progress will distribute these books on the popular educational plan as explained in today's announcement elsewhere in these columns. Don't fail to clip the first certificate today.

VICTORY NEAR FOR MANY
IN POPULAR CAMPAIGNDecisive Week for Award-
ing Progress Added Cash
Prizes is Here

VOTING GROWS HEAVY IN ALL DISTRICTS

Closing Days of the Cash Prize Contest are Here—Ladies are Very Desirous of Securing the Money Awards of the Contest—Increasing Their Standing in the General Contest—The Ladies are Increasing the Number of Votes in the Cash Prizes by the Progress, the Progress.

The last week of the voting for the three cash prizes in the Progress' great voting contest is here, and it is now only a matter of five short days until the happy winners of the substantial awards will be known. Each day of the friendly voting shows added interest and determination that is being put into the subscription getting by the competing ladies, and the interest of the public, over the outcome of the merry race, has now reached a fever heat.

The efforts of the ladies in the winning of the cash prizes on Saturday night will not be in vain by any means, for the awards themselves are very substantial, to say nothing of the other advantages of standing first on the honor roll at the end of this two weeks period of the contest. So there are many reasons for making a winning race at this time and for the intense activity that is being shown by all of the contestants. There is sure to be a very heavy vote cast for the cash prizes as the standing of all ladies is increasing with greater rapidity each day and the tremendous reserve votes that are being secured and held by all of the contestants will produce many surprises when they are voted on Saturday.

All Prizes Being Won Now

It is now the time when every lady is trying to win the grand prize and the leading prizes in the contest must remember that right now—these very days—is really the time when they are winning or losing the big awards that they are trying for. Not only the winning of the three cash prizes is at stake this week but the lead in the voting and the advantage to be gained now will be of prime importance in the one week dash for the grand prizes that will be left after Saturday night.

From now until the very last night of the contest the efforts of all of the ladies will be of the most determined and productive nature and not a minute of the eleven working days that remain should be lost or wasted. All active contestants are running so very close that any of them in any of the three districts may be the winners of the leading prizes. It is also a very

Two Vessels
Victims of
Torpedoes

Havre, Feb. 15.—(Via Paris.)—Shipping circles here now consider it practically certain that the British steamer Oriole was torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine. The last time the vessel is known to have been seen was at 2 p. m., January 30, near Dungeness, in company with the London Trader, which is also missing.

There is equal certainty that the London Trader shared the fate of the Oriole. A telegram from Rouen says James Cullen, a survivor of the Trader, was landed there by the steamer Poland, the captain of which said another ship whose name he could not give had saved three other sailors from the Trader.

Auto Bandits Shoot and
Rob Saloon Keeper

(By United Press)
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Three men were shot this morning in a fight with auto bandits. Martin Hogan, a policeman, saw three men in a high power auto run up and stop before Puccetti's saloon and soon afterwards heard shots. The bandits rifled the bartender, Steven Seconia, and drove him into

the ice chest, and also placed the porter under fire. When the police arrived there was firing on both sides. Thomas Fork, one of the bandits, fell from the running board of the car as the others drove away. The man was found to be mortally wounded. The thieves escaped with \$20 from the cash drawer. Seconia was found to be shot twice, but not fatally.

Time to Make Good to Herself
All of the many promises of approval "later on" that have been made during the contest should be fulfilled now if they are to be of the most service to the ambitious ladies. Promised subscriptions, if given by candidates now, will enable them to turn them in before Saturday night for vote credit toward cash prizes as well as on the big contest prize roll of the contest.

Every Subscription Counts
Persons living at a distance who expect to mail their subscriptions to this office for the vote credit of their favorites should attend to the matter now in order that their subscription pay-

(Continued on Page Six)

Tyrone Team Will be
Here Wednesday Night

On Wednesday night the best game of the season is anticipated when the Tyrone quintet lines up against the Clearfield team, in the Y. M. C. A. Tyrone will have with them Morrison and Benson, who are without doubt two of the fastest players in the state. Morrison jumps contest, stands six feet in height and tips the scales at two hundred pounds. The local players have been working hard for this game, and a great battle is expected.

The high school band will furnish the music and the game will start promptly at 8:45. The line-up of the two will be as follows:

Tyrone	Position	Clearfield
Tyrone	G	Madden
Haupt	G	Folmes
Castro	C	McCullough
Morrison	F	Leitzinger
Clark	F	Agnew
Benson	F	Canavan
LaPorte		

Rate Hearings Begin

(By United Press)
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Hearings on the matter of proposed rate increases in Western Freight Classification territory were to begin before Interstate Commerce Commission Daniels today and will continue until March 18.

May be The First to
Be Electrocutted

(By United Press)

Pittsburg, Feb. 15.—Andrew Malinowski, the wife murderer, was today removed from the county jail to the Western penitentiary in Center county to await his death sentence in the electric chair.

He will be the first or second in the state to suffer the penalty and the first in Allegheny county to be electrocuted.

Malinowski shot and killed his wife at their home in Penn avenue in November. He was tried by a jury before Judge J. M. Swearingen and sentence pronounced December 29.

TRYING TO ADJUST
THREE MINE TROUBLES

The arbitration board of the United Mine Workers met in the U. M. W. of A. offices on Reed street today. Three cases were taken up by the board and it is hoped that a settlement satisfactory to all concerned will be brought about today, as the cases are of long standing and have been difficult to deal with. Two of them are from the Sunshine mine, at South Fork, and one from the Miller shaft, at Portage.

German Bombs Dropped
Near Montenegrin Palace

(By United Press)
Cettinje, Feb. 15.—German bombs were dropped within a few yards of the palace last evening. Princesses Vera and Xenia saw the thrilling fight which took place between the palace guards and the aviators.

Princess Vera heard the first bomb explode as it struck the conservatory and rushed out, followed by other

members of the royal family, despite the warning of the guards, who insisted that the family hide themselves in the palace cellar.

Everybody Welcome
—Everybody will be made welcome at the D. A. R. military euchar in the Leitzinger building tomorrow evening.

ONLY A SHORT TIME IS LEFT

OF THE

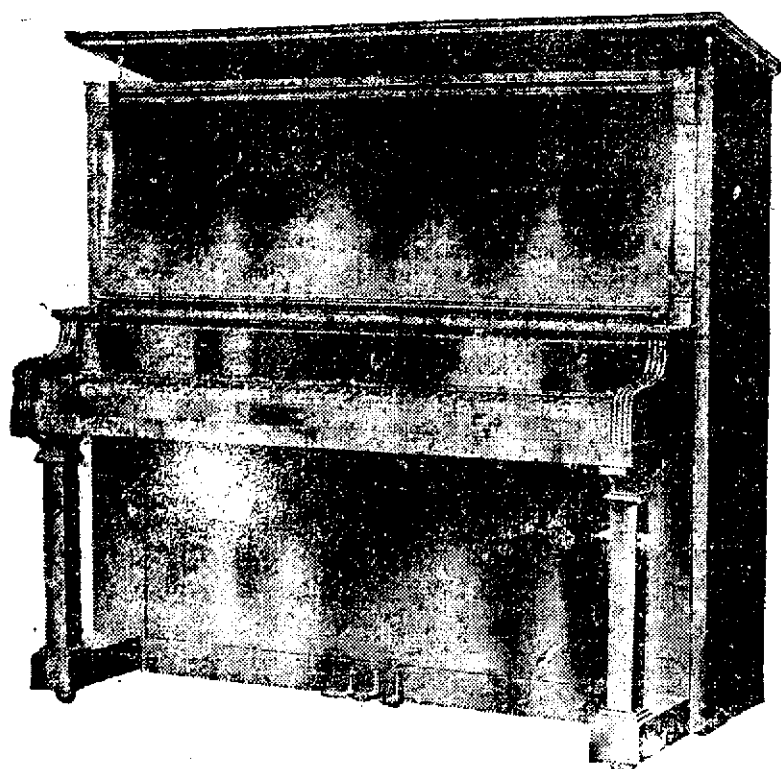
Clearfield Progress Popular Voting Contest

With Its Unusual Offer and Opportunities for the Ladies of Clearfield and Community

\$50.00 In Special Cash Prizes Awarded February 20 at 10 P.M.

Fifteen Valuable Prizes - - - - - All Free to the Ladies

The Big Secondary Prize



**High-Grade Baumeister Piano
With Bench and Scarf
VALUE \$400.00**

Purchased from Sheeder's Music House
Clearfield, Pa., and now on
Display at their store

The Third Prizes

Three Handsome Gold Watches, Elgin or Hampton Movements. Fully Guaranteed for Twenty Years. Purchased from Kennard & Snyder, Jewelers, and now on display in their window.

The Fourth Prizes

\$5.00 Three Awards of **\$5.00** in Gold **\$5.00**

This is positively the greatest offer ever made by any newspaper in this section of the state. All prizes are exactly as announced, and every detail of the voting is strictly fair and equitable.

Another Secondary Prize

A Handsome
Diamond Ring
Genuine and

Perfect Stone

VALUE \$100.00

Purchased from Kennard & Snyder,
The Jewelers, Clearfield, Pa., and
now on display at their store

The Third Secondary Prize

\$25 **MERCHANDISE ORDER**
On a Clearfield Department Store. Goods to be selected by the winner

To Our Readers:

Votes are issued on both old and new subscriptions. If you have not already handed your subscription to your favorite, you should do so this week. You must help name the winner.

The First Prizes Three Grand 28-Day Tours to The Panama-Pacific and San Diego Expositions

Including much splendid sight-seeing, first-class private car service and all expenses. The Ladies winning the trips will be permitted to select the time for making this delightful tour of the Wonderful west.

THE year 1915 is here. With it has come the event that will make the year's page in history stand out as in bas-relief. The Panama-Pacific International Exposition at San Francisco is the most wonderful of all celebrations, and it commemorates the most wonderful achievement of man. The great Exposition is a wonderland of fascinating color. The illumination is the most spectacular ever attempted. Forty foreign nations and forty-three states and territories are participating in this \$50,000,000 monument to peace and culture. More than 300 national and international congresses and conventions are meeting in San Francisco so that the many hundred thousand members may have the advantage of the Exposition. Hundreds of great special events are on the Exposition program, making several for each day of the 288 that the Exposition gates are open to the world between Feb. 20 and Dec. 4.

\$50.00 IN ADDED CASH PRIZES FREE

DIVIDED INTO THREE AWARDS AS FOLLOWS

\$25.00

\$15.00

\$10.00

These Three Special Cash Prizes will be given the three Ladies securing and turning in the three largest numbers of votes between Monday, February 8th, and Saturday, February 20th at 10 P. M.

These Cash Prizes will be awarded without regard to district division and votes cast for them will also count for the big contest Awards.

ILLUSTRATED BIBLE STORIES FOR EVERY PROGRESS READER

PRESENTATION OFFER

**Every Adult
SHOULD READ
This Book**

Our decision to distribute "Illustrated Bible Stories for Young and Old" to the readers of The CLEARFIELD PROGRESS came only after we were firmly convinced that this remarkable book is the greatest educational offering of modern times.

"Illustrated Bible Stories for Young and Old" relates all Bible events in plain and simple language for every-day man or woman. It recounts the life histories of Bible characters in chronological order, and in such a natural and interesting manner as to fascinate and hold your attention from first to last.

It is The Bible, from Genesis to Revelation, presented in the form of a continuous story, free from involved sentences or obscure passages.

**Young People Are
Fascinated by Its
Entertaining Style.**

Written by IAN MACLAREN (Rev. John Watson, D. D.,) Author of "Beside the Bonnie Briar Bush"; and J. WILLIAM BUEL, Ph.D. The Popular Author. This was the last important literary contribution of Dr. Watson before his death.

Importance ofThe Bible

The most progressive and enlightened nations are those where the Bible is most widely circulated.

It makes no difference whether or not you read The Bible, these "Illustrated Bible Stories" will interest and help you; they are practical, sound and profitable—they will make you fit and keen for the problems of life.

There are More Than 500 Text Pictures

in black and white. These are not reproductions from more or less familiar modern photographs, but have been especially made with a view to historical accuracy in the light of 20th Century knowledge.

Besides these text illustrations there are

16 Costly Color Plates

from famous paintings, considered by authorities everywhere as the most important contribution to scriptural illustration ever produced; representing a

\$40,000 Picture Collection

Description of This \$3.00 Book

The illustration at the left shows the book in its full size. There are

More Than 800 Pages

printed in large, clear type on super-bleached book paper, bound in sea green vellum; cover is printed in gold, scarlet and black, and is regularly priced at \$3.

How to Get It

The CLEARFIELD PROGRESS has secured a limited supply of this wonderful book, from a stupendous advance edition printed solely for

Complimentary Distribution

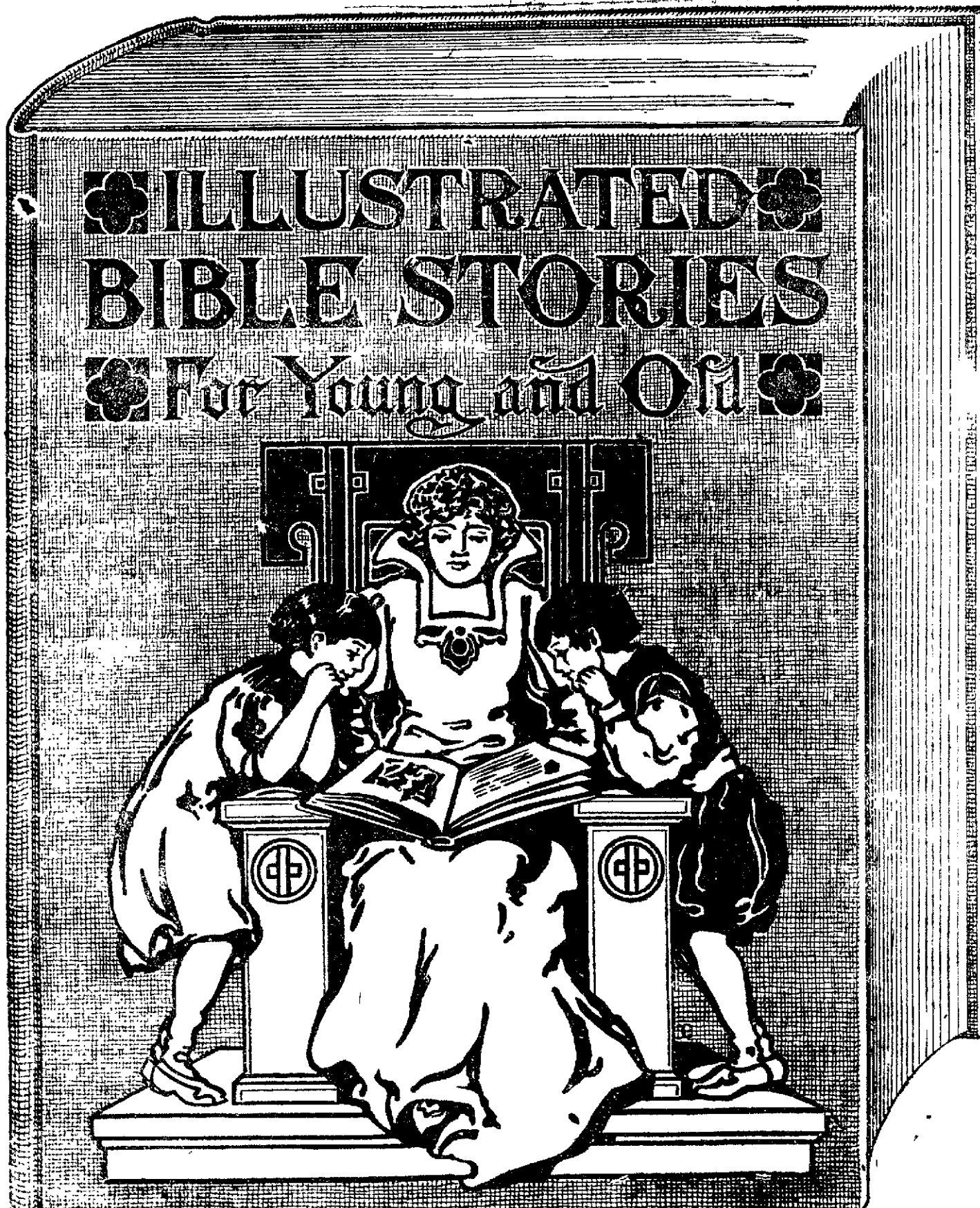
among the readers of a big syndicate of leading newspapers. The enormous size of this purchase has made possible the distribution of the book for a nominal promotion amount which barely covers advertising, clerk hire, express from factory, etc.

It is the greatest educational offering ever presented to our readers.

CLIP SIX FREE CERTIFICATES

appearing daily in another column of this paper; bring it to THE CLEARFIELD PROGRESS Office, together with the promotion amount of 89 cents, and secure this \$3 book without further cost.

Mail Orders by Parcel Post include Extra 8 cents within 150 miles, 12 cents 150 to 300 miles, for greater distance ask your postmaster amount to include for 1 pound. Address, The Clearfield Progress, Clearfield, Pa.



THE KNAPSACK BELT.

New Suit That Shows This
Bustorial Embellishment.



GABARDONE AFTERNOON GOWN.

An afternoon frock of sand colored silk gabardine, the full skirt gathered and plaited and hemmed with a stiff corded band, is pictured here. The bodice is long sleeved and high colored, the belt crossing in knapsack fashion over a tiny peplum at the back. Trimmings of dark blue embroidery and small self covered buttons adorn the frock.

SPRING GARMENTS.

Fuller Skirts Characteristic of the New Season's Styles.

The fuller skirt is the notable feature of the new season's styles. It is accompanied by simple bodices, with high neck, narrow shoulders and long sleeves. The waist line is either normal or raised, says the Dry Goods Economist, speaking of spring fashions.

Suit coats include tailored and demi-tailored effects, with preference for the tailored. Tailored coats with belts placed at a high or slightly raised waist line are particularly strong at present. Flare effects are also emphasized.

Separate coats have considerable flare at the bottom edge and are being shown in three-quarter length or slightly shorter. High waist line effects are very prominent, and belts are being freely used.

Skirts of dresses and suits and also separate skirts include the circular and gathered forms, together with box and side plaited effects. Dress skirts include the rolled and tiered designs, together with a limited number of voluminous tunics accompanying narrow underskirts. Yokes are used on many of the new skirts.

Bandeau For the Hair.
A hair ornament that is very attractive and one that would make an acceptable gift is of rhinestones mounted on blue velvet. There is a narrow bandeau to go about the head and two curved ends that stand upright. They are all formed of a string of rhinestones held on a wired twist of sap blue blue velvet.

SUSAN B. ANTHONY'S BIRTHDAY REMEMBERED

Rochester, N. Y., Feb. 15.—The memory of Susan B. Anthony, who probably accomplished more than any other one woman for the advancement of the equal suffrage cause in this country, was honored today with the placing of wreaths on her grave, in commemoration of the ninety-fifth anniversary of her birth. Miss Anthony was born at Adams, Mass., Feb. 15, 1820. Her death occurred in this city, March 10, 1906.

FOR SALE—Safe; will sell at sacrifice if taken at once. See it at Sheeder's Music House.

SEES WAR BETWEEN U. S. AND GERMANY

London, Feb. 15.—The Politiken, of Copenhagen, commenting on the situation between the United States and Germany, is quoted in a dispatch from the Danish capital to the Exchange Telegraph company as saying: "America is acting with all the energy which might be expected and her note contains a grave warning, so grave that war between Germany and the United States can no longer be regarded as an impossibility."

It continues: "President Wilson and Secretary of State Bryan are peace-loving men but public opinion in America and anti-German sentiment may drive them further than they desire."

"America stands to win a lot merely by confiscating the German ships now interned in American harbors. Germany has everything to lose, both now and in the future, and it is earnestly to be hoped that the American warning will not be without the desired effect in Berlin."

Further dispatches to the Exchange Telegraph company say that the German warning to neutral shipping has caused a feeling of anxiety and suspense in Scandinavia as there are 150 steamers coming from over the seas.



GENERAL SIR IAN HAMILTON

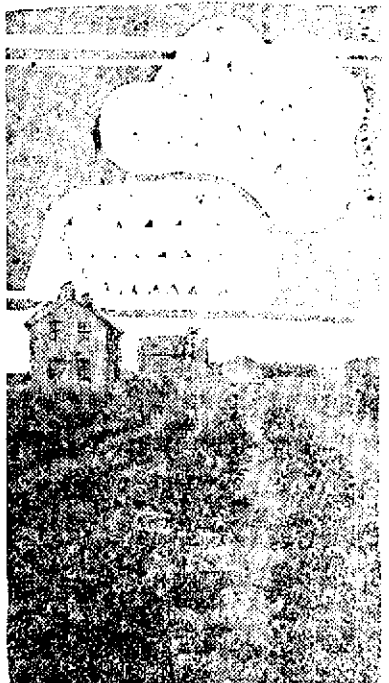
Commander of the huge British army which is prepared against German invasion. This army now numbers about 500,000 men.

Making the Little Farm Pay

By C. C. BOWSFIELD

People are just beginning to grasp the idea of succession crops. Land properly handled may be made to do double duty and greatly add to acreage profits without decreasing soil fertility.

This kind of intensive work is especially important on little farms, where it is necessary to secure a living income from five, ten or twenty acres. Even in the extreme north two or three crops can be produced on a piece



INTENSIVE FARMING ON THIS LITTLE FARM
of ground in one season, provided care is taken to make the right combination. A scheme like this is feasible:

Peas, followed by cabbage, beans, tomatoes or celery.

Onions, beets, beans and squash, followed by kale, turnip, kailanabi or radishes.

Lettuce, followed by beans and tomatoes.

Spring spinach, followed by beans and tomatoes.

Early carrots, followed by spinach, kale, turnips and winter radishes.

Early corn, followed by second crop of corn, by beans, to steers or calves.

For intercropping the following may be used:

Radishes with beets, carrots or parsnips, tomatoes or corn.

Squashes, pumpkins, with corn.

Early onions with cauliflower or cabbage.

Lettuce with early cabbage, corn or tomatoes.

Space in the garden may be saved by planting corn between alternate rows of potatoes after the last cultivation, and when the potatoes are harvested winter turnips may be planted, thus keeping the ground busy all the season. If early peas are planted three feet apart corn may be started between the rows, and when the peas are off squash seeds may be put in. It is even possible to have pole beans climb up the cornstalks, although this is carrying intensive culture to extremes.

When the ground is to be kept covered all the season, it is necessary to have it rich, to cultivate it thoroughly and to use the hoe freely from spring until fall. If the owner of a little place is willing to observe these three points, it will be easy for him to grow an amount of produce that will amaze his neighbors. Fall plowing is essential and manure should be spread quite liberally and covered to a depth of eight to twelve inches.

What to grow in the hothed in order to get ready for this sort of intensive gardening depends on your market or what you want to use it for. Leaf lettuce and radishes are always in demand in early spring. They are somewhat easier to grow than other crops. For lettuce start a small bed early and transplant in space 4 by 5 inches when they have grown to the second leaf. The soil should be moist, but not wet. Do not water them until after the plants get a good start.

This matter of watering is a particular part of the work. Water should be applied only during the early hours of the day and when the sun is shining. Plenty of ventilation is also important and the edge of the sash should be raised according to the heat of the day, closing up in time to hold the heat after the sun goes down.

Radishes are easy to raise, but if they are forced too much they are liable to go mostly to tops. A few days longer in growing will give them better quality. All small, imperfect seed ought to be sifted out. The stand should average from one-half inch to an inch in the row, and the rows ought to be five inches apart.

It usually pays to start early tomatoes, cabbage, cauliflower and other winter vegetables in the hothouse, so that they get a good start before the ground is warm enough for them.

Manure For Hotheds.

Fresh horse manure, containing a liberal amount of straw or other litter, is the best material to furnish heat in the hothed. If manure is saved from the house stable it should be collected and preserved under cover. It requires about one two horse load for every two sash.

Cause of His Pessimism.

Orator — On the surface things are often right, but it is when we explore the depths of things that we see the deceptions of our fellow creatures. One of the Grand — Giv'ner, you've been buying a barrel of apples, haven't you?—London Tit Bits.

"Advertise in the Progress."

TRADE UNIONS WAR ON TUBERCULOSIS

What Organized Labor Has Done to Stamp Out Dread Disease.

ORGANIZED labor has not been entirely unaided in the fight against tuberculosis, although many of the largest unions have paid little or no attention to the plague which is decimating their membership.

The Typographical and Cigar-makers' unions have been among the pioneers in their appreciation of the problem of tuberculosis in their ranks. As early as 1898 the International Typographical union opened an annex of eight beds in its home at Colorado Springs for tuberculous printers. This work, accompanied for years by an educational campaign, has helped to control the spread of tuberculosis in this craft. The cigar-makers, while they have not opened any institution of their own, have for more than ten years preached and practiced in many ways the prevention of tuberculosis.

Following the success of the Typographical union, the International Printing Pressmen and Assistants' union in 1911 opened a home with special provision for tuberculous brothers at Rogersville, Tenn. The International Photo-engravers' union has for five years given the subject of tuberculosis careful consideration and has devised and enforced many helpful regulations for improving the working conditions in this craft. Tuberculous members of this union are cared for in private and public tuberculosis sanitariums in various parts of the country.

In 1909 the International Boot and Shoe Workers' union recommended that its members ally themselves with the organized anti-tuberculosis campaign in various parts of the country. This action has since been followed up in various ways. The National Brotherhood of Operative Pottery, following a careful study of tuberculosis in their industry, has set aside a fund for the care of their consumptive members.

The American Federation of Labor for the last six or seven years has also repeatedly by special resolution endorsed the general anti-tuberculosis campaign or special phases of it. A number of other national and international unions and several local and federations have also co-operated in special ways with the anti-tuberculosis movement.

TO FORCE COMPENSATION.

Proposed New York Law Compels Railroads to Accept State's Rules.

Under the provisions of a bill recently introduced in the New York legislature by Senator Whitney of Saratoga employees of railroads doing an interstate business or workmen engaged in foreign commerce and not already protected by the federal compensation act will have recourse to the workmen's compensation law in the state to obtain indemnification for injury sustained in their employment. The bill makes it compulsory for employers in this class to provide such compensation under the terms of the New York compensation act.

Under the Whitney bill the amendatory legislation for which it provides is made an amendment to the charters or franchises of all domestic corporations engaged in interstate or interstate commerce. The big railroads, which thus far have resisted all efforts on the part of the compensation commission to get them to accept the terms of the present compensation law, will be compelled to come in if the Whitney bill becomes law.

A Colorado Wise Man.
Alphonse P. Ardourel, member of the Colorado legislature, has a remedy for strikes. This would be a law to include strikes in the list of things treasonable. The penalty will be death. At present there is no penalty for violating armed Cossacks or private armies in the pay of corporations. By defining this as "rebellion" and making Colorado the first state in the Union to provide a penalty for treason against the state the legislator is confident that agitators will disappear and this commonwealth will become a land of milk and honey.

If your Suit or Coat is beginning to look shabby, buy one of the good quality suits on sale at half price at LEITZINGER BROS.

WANTED—Young man with good business experience and best references desires position. Address W. G. care Progress.

(Advertise in the Progress)

ALLEN & BARTHOLOMEW

French Dry Cleaning and Pressing Works

H. & C. PHONE 104

112 Market Street Clearfield, Penna.
All work called for and delivered.

MEN'S LIST

Suits, cleaned and pressed \$1.50
Coats, cleaned and pressed 1.00
Pants, cleaned and pressed .50c
Fancy Vests, cleaned and pressed .35c up
Overcoats, cleaned and pressed 1.25 to 1.50
Raincoats cleaned and pressed 1.25
Bath Robes, cleaned and pressed .75c to 1.00
Sweaters, cleaned and pressed .35c to .50c
Caps, cleaned and pressed .15c
Gloves, cleaned and pressed 10-15c
Suits, sponged and pressed .75c
Coats, sponged and pressed .50c
Pants, sponged and pressed .25c
Overcoats, sponged and pressed .65c

LADIES' LIST

Suits, cleaned and pressed \$1.50 to 1.75

Skirts, cleaned and pressed .75c to 1.00
Jackets, cleaned and pressed .75c to 1.00
Coats, long, cleaned and pressed 1.25
Waists, cleaned and pressed .35c to .50c
Dresses, plain, cleaned and pressed 1.25
Dresses, silk, cleaned and pressed 1.50 to 2.00
Slippers, satin, cleaned .25c
Gloves, all kids, cleaned 10, 15, 20c
Plumes, cleaned .35c to .75c
Kimonos, cleaned and pressed .75c to 1.00
Corsets, cleaned .25c
Ribbons, cleaned and pressed 10c yd
Furs and Muffs, ladies, cleaned .75c to 1.25
Furs and Muffs, children, cleaned .25c to .50c

DIRECTING A BATTLE.

New the General Staff Keeps in Touch With the Firing Line.

In wartime the many threads leading from the long battle line at length reach a common point, which is the headquarters of the general staff. The activity of each officer attached to the general staff is therefore of the greatest importance for the success of every military enterprise.

During the action every officer of the staff is at the immediate disposal of the commanding general and assists him in the carrying out of orders.

Among the duties of the staff officer during action belong the gathering and compilation of reports which are constantly pouring in to headquarters and which give intimation of the progress of the battle. The staff officer must observe the needs of the troops in action. He must keep a close watch on their supply of ammunition. He must see that their commanders properly execute the orders of the commanding general. He must look after the wounded, see that they are properly treated and sent to hospitals. He must see to it that prisoners are properly cared for and that the commissariat is adequately provided for and the provisioning of the troops.

Sometimes the commanding general intrusts a staff officer with the observation of the action of the opposing forces which may be beyond the view of headquarters, or he may be sent to the firing line with important orders to commanders there, which, however, the staff officer has authority to alter if in his judgment this is necessary.

During defense movements it is of particular importance to observe closely the movements of the opposing forces in order to make preparation for counter moves, such as advances, retreats, the sending of reinforcements and other movements of troops. The execution of these movements falls within the province of the staff officer.

The training of the staff officer is very thorough. A complete practical course in military science, extending over many years of active service with various bodies of troops, is augmented by years of study at the war college, which embraces the last word in the theoretical science of modern warfare. —New York Tribune.

BEARD OF THE TURK.

It is Sacred, For by It He Pledges His Word and Honor.

Some years ago the German Colonel von Seibitzing, instructor in the Ottoman army, was shot dead on parade at Yildiz kiosk by a young Albanian soldier, Radji Salim, because the German in correcting the faulty pose of the soldier's beard touched his chin with his riding whip.

Unfortunately the colonel did not know or did not remember that to touch a Mohammedan's chin is a grave offense from a religious viewpoint. It is by the beard of the prophet or his own beard that he swears allegiance and makes his vows and promises.

According to a Turkish general, an Albanian would kill his own father in an disrespectful manner. A Mohammedan military service is simply a religious duty, and it implies a voluntary submission to discipline. But Turkish officers know better than to touch their men rudely or even to shout at them.

Of course it was a very regrettable misunderstanding and the Sultan at

a telegram to the Kaiser to express his sorrow, and an Imperial Ottoman decree and three Turkish ministers followed the victim's home to the cemetery. But in the interests of discipline the murderer had to die despite an appeal for a reprieve from the emperor's widow.

The Albanian was shot by ten men of his own battalion, and when he was asked before the execution if he repeated of the deed he repented twice in a firm voice. "No!"—Washington Star.

He Rode.
While walking along a dusty road in Illinois in his drowsy days Lincoln was overtaken by a stranger driving to town. "Will you have the goodness to take my overcoat to town for me?" asked Lincoln.
"With pleasure. But how will you get it again?"
"Oh, very readily! I intend to be made in it," was Lincoln's prompt reply.

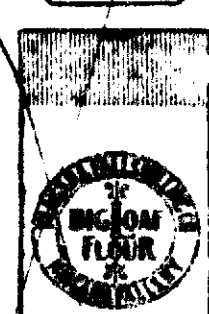
Upholstering and Picture Framing

This is to notify the public that during the month of February I will make special Low prices on all Upholstering and Picture Framing.

I will call for and deliver all work. H. & C. Phone

A. LEA HESS, Fourth Street, Clearfield.

The Very Best Flour That Money Can Buy



Geo. H. Lum

DUBOIS, PA. Sole Agent

NOTICE!

Stop Waste of Water

All persons are notified to keep water faucets closed when not drawing water for use.

Running water will not be permitted and all leaky fixtures must be repaired to prevent waste.

Consumers' services will be metered where this notice is disregarded and unnecessary wastes of water continued.

Clearfield Water Company

ELECTROLIERS

We Have a Nice Line of Electric Fixtures in One, Two, Three and Four Light. Also Side Brackets.

A Pretty Two-Light Chandelier will Replace that drop cord and add to the Appearance of the Room, and will Only Cost \$3.25.

A Beautiful Stock of Shades From 15c up.

Come in and See Them.

Oppo. Witmer Inn

HARDER'S GUN WORKS

Clearfield, Penn'a.

JUST RECEIVED—200 Ladies' all wool Skirts—\$3.00 and \$4.00 value—Special at \$1.98—Come early—MIR-KIN'S.

VICTORY NEAR FOR MANY IN POPULAR CAMPAIGN

(Continued From Page One)

ments will reach this office before the close of the voting on Saturday. Subscriptions sent or brought direct to the Progress office will receive the same careful attention as if handed in by the contestants.

A number of local persons who made subscriptions payments to the vote credit of their favorites during the first part of the contest have been heard to make the remark: "Wish I had given Miss So and So a longer term subscription." We wish to make it plain to all daily and weekly Progress subscribers that they may extend their subscriptions for as long a term as they desire up to the five year limit, and on all such subscriptions the

contestants will receive the same number of votes as if the entire payment had been made at the first of the contest. The matter of the extension subscriptions has been repeated a number of times as there have been many requests regarding the matter and it is really one of the very important details of the contest.

If there are any details of the voting or the awarding of the special cash prizes on Saturday that are not entirely clear to all of the contestants, as well as their assistants, co-workers and well wishers, inquiry should be made at once so that all will be familiar with the awarding of the substantial cash prizes on Saturday night.

District No. 1.

Miss Rachael Flood	Clearfield	56,925
Miss Catherine Nebgrin	Clearfield	53,875
Miss Clara McLaughlin	Clearfield	46,380
Miss Vera Bressler	Clearfield	46,095
Miss Hazel Cramer	Clearfield	44,930
Miss Lulu Robb	Clearfield	35,120
Miss Lulu Haney	Clearfield	35,380
Miss Pearl Peters	Clearfield	32,540
Miss Emma Witherow	Clearfield	28,695
Miss Jennie Carlson	Clearfield	30,795
Miss Freda Colgrove	Clearfield	25,110
Miss Mary Shirey	Clearfield	23,070
Miss Edith Hughes	Clearfield	21,680
Miss Maude Graham	Clearfield	22,150
Miss Julia Duckett	Clearfield	17,220

District No. 2.

Miss Ruth Addleman	Curwensville	58,200
Miss Blanche McNaul	Curwensville	55,160
Miss Hattie McCormick	Mahaffey	54,810
Miss Helen Johnson	Bell's Landing	53,485
Miss Lena Wall	Grampian	37,820
Miss Sarah Smith	Grampian	35,170
Miss Jeanette Weber	Troutville	19,675
Miss Ernestine Rafferty	Grampian	19,210
Miss Katherine Donahay	Irvona	12,290
Miss Marie Stafford	Glen Hope	11,620
Miss Rosa White	Coalport	11,840

DISTRICT No. 3.

Miss Olga Jacobson	Winburne	52,40
Miss Cylene Paul	Philipsburg	51,56
Miss Mable Young	Woodland	49,660
Miss Maude Stewart	Winburne	27,790
Miss Dolly Stevens	Woodland	27,035
Miss Ethel Homer	Philipsburg	25,215
Miss Pauline Faulkner	Philipsburg	21,530
Miss Mary Smolin	Winburne	21,830
Miss Flossie C. Evans	Osceola Mills	20,015
Miss Agnes O'Conner	Houtzdale	18,635
Miss Mary Wells	Osceola Mills	17,265

For the Children

Young German Patriots Saluting Kaiser Wilhelm.



Photo by American Press Association.

Young people, as a rule, are intensely patriotic. They believe—and it is natural they should—that no country equals their own native land. No other nation is so great and powerful and nowhere else are the soldiers so brave. It is entirely proper that one should cherish a love of country and home, for without patriotism to inspire it no nation would amount to much. The boys in the picture are German, and their picture was taken during a recent visit of the German emperor to Berlin. At the present time he does not spend much time at his capital, but more frequently is at the battle front. The boys, you will notice, are dressed in uniform. They were standing at their window so as to be able to see their loved ruler, and when he arrived opposite their place they saluted in true military fashion.

Double Beheadings.

1.—Remove the first letter from a word which signifies durable and leave a piece of furniture; behead again and leave a word that implies skill.
2.—Remove the first letter from a building material and leave a musical sound; take away the next letter and leave a unit.

3.—Remove the first letter from a part of harness and leave a trail; speed; behead again and leave a spot.

4.—Remove the first letter from a grain and create warmth; behead again and learn what to do with the first word.

5.—Remove the first letter from an edge and leave a piece of amusement; remove the next letter and you can write with it.

6.—Remove the first letter from the cost and leave a grain; behead again and leave something very cold.

7.—Remove the first letter from a shallow dish and you will be behind time; take away the next letter and it will be eaten.

Answers.—1. Stable, table, able. 2. Stone, tone, one. 3. Trace, race, ace. 4. Wheat, heat, eat. 5. Brink, drink, ink. 6. Price, rice, ice. 7. Plate, late, ate.

The Game of Teapot.

An amusing game to be played by any number is called "teapot." Let one player choose a word. The others are to guess the word. In order to do this they all ask questions which the word chooser must answer. This sounds simple. The difficulty, however, is that the chosen word must have two meanings, "roll," for instance, which may mean either the variety we enjoy for breakfast, or to turn over and over. Or it may be words spelled differently, but pronounced alike, such as "night" and "knight."

In answering the questions the player must use the meanings alternately, substituting "teapot" for the chosen word. Thus, suppose the word is "roll," the beginner might ask, "Does it belong to the vegetable kingdom?" The answer would be, "Teapot does belong to the vegetable kingdom."

Suppose the next player asks, "How would you get to the top of a high mountain?" The answer might be, "I could not teapot there." The successful guesser has the privilege of choosing the next word.

MILKOLOGY

Simplified and Perfected

The food value of milk is based on the per cent of butter fat. If you are paying 5 cent per quart for milk testing 3 1-2 to 4 per cent butter fat, milk showing 4 1-2 to 5 1-2 per cent should sell at 25 per cent advance as it contains 1-4 more food value, or if "a bottle of milk is a bottle of milk" (??) why not take the skin at cream prices?

The Pasteurized Milk Co made no increase in price and is furnishing milk testing 4 1-2 to 5 1-2 per cent butter fat, protecting the quality by weekly Babcock standardized tests. Yes!

Further, we have organized a bacteriological board, consisting of three of the best pathologists in our city. Our milk will be analyzed regularly for bacteria by this board, which will devise and suggest every precaution necessary to the delivery to your door of as pure and fine a quality of milk as is produced in the world. Quality, service, protection, low price.

Your patronage solicited.

PASTEURIZED MILK CO. 35

MR. BUSINESS MAN: What Does This Mean?

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of authorities in Russia. The statement says that the kaiser is willing to abandon Russia, if necessary, to make satisfactory peace for herself.

STEEL CO. HEAD SEES PROSPERITY IN NEAR FUTURE

The United States Steel Corporation is to resume all construction work in the Pittsburgh district which was suspended during the depression of last year. This was the welcome evidence of prosperity announced last night by the corporation's president, James A. Farrell, speaking at the Hotel Schenley before the thirty-fifth annual banquet of the Engineers' Society of Western Pennsylvania. It was fitting climax to a carefully prepared paper which he read, and which teemed with optimism, and when its full import dawned upon the assemblage, a wild burst of delight and applause kept the venerable steel king smiling and beaming for several minutes.

The simple announcement means that thousands of men who have been either out of employment altogether, or working upon part time, will shortly be able to use their labors at full time, full pay, and the inevitable "full dinner pail" which is the emblem of the depression; the action will bring to the Pittsburgh district.

From the PITTSBURGH PRESS of Wednesday, Feb. 10, 1915.

STY Hello! Here's a ville again.

Quite a large cro. Stoneville church. Services were con- dies from Freelan Stella Hallman, at W. T. Flegu. Miss Lottie Fairview, where she weeks with her "hond.

Lloyd Stone call, day evening.

Fred Royer is again after a very his home in Fren.

Edith Stone spe Saturday at her te

Grampan.

Randall Stone school again.

John Stone spos at George Wisor.

Blake Shugart through Stonevi.

sitting on a han.

Virgo and Ma. church at Stonev.

Willard Albrigs are every day vis.

school.

Alton Irwin had field Saturday.

There will be a Sunday afternoon

Miss William F.

Lenetta and Abg with Mrs. Flegu.

meal

Blake Shugart

Sto Monday eve

A very deight,

was held at the

or Saturday

being Mr. Wisor's

day Miss

IT MEANS PROSPERITY TO YOU

WHY?—Because, when the big industries of this country start to work, it means more work for the Railroads—It means bigger trains to haul these products to the mills in their crude form, and to haul them away when they are finished—and bigger trains mean MORE COAL CONSUMED.

Likewise, when these mammoth industries start at full blast—every man working—engines running full time—THEY CONSUME MORE COAL.

And, when the Coal business booms—then is the time that

CLEARFIELD COUNTY BOOMS

This should spell more business for YOU—FOR EVERY MERCHANT IN CLEARFIELD AND THE COUNTY. Are YOU going to get YOUR SHARE of it? Do YOU know HOW to get YOUR SHARE?

ADVERTISE! ADVERTISE!

and the best advertising medium in the county is the newspaper which reaches into the surrounding towns of the county, as well as going into nearly every home in Clearfield borough—and that newspaper is

The Clearfield Progress

with a PAID UP DAILY circulation that is close to the 3000 mark.

Call us on either telephone and we will gladly quote our rates, and show you the many different towns where the PROGRESS circulates every evening.

PROGRESSIVE PUBLISHING CO. CLEARFIELD, PENNA.

GAVE THEM A CHANCE; THEY PROVED HONEST

(By United Press)

Denver, Feb. 15.—Out of 700 boys Judge Ben. B. Lindsey, of the juvenile court, has sentenced to reformatories and sent them unaccompanied to the institution where they were to serve out their sentence, only five have run away. This covers a period of fourteen years. And of the five who did break their word three later apologized to the judge. The other two were captured within a short time.

Judge Lindsey celebrated the fourteenth anniversary of his system of putting convicted boys upon their honor only a few days ago. The day was marked by the receipt of word that Robert Gregg, 17, sentenced to the reformatory at Buena Vista, had arrived there. Judge Lindsey sent young Gregg unaccompanied to the institution. Gregg was convicted of contributing to juvenile delinquency by going through a false marriage ceremony with a girl. He was sentenced to serve from one to four years in the reformatory, and Warden Capp declares that after delivering himself up the boy proved so earnest and capable that he is certain he will be an ideal prisoner.

Only five per cent. of the youths sentenced from Judge Lindsey's court are sent to the reformatories under guard. Aside from the good influence the establishment of the honor system has upon the boys, the judge estimates that he has saved the state \$5,000 in traveling expenses and fees by doing away with the guards who formerly delivered the prisoners to the reformatory wardens.

A Desirable Property For Sale

Located on West Pine Street. A modern home in every respect; bath, steam heat, etc. Will be sold at the right price, and on easy terms. For particulars, inquire at the Recorder's office at the Court House.

We have secured the agency for Jek's high grade, gilt-edged butterine.

WORKMEN'S STORE.

CIVIL SERVICE LAW MAY BE PASSED THIS YEAR

(By United Press)

Harrisburg, Feb. 15.—Were a state civil service act to be passed by the present session of the legislature, Pennsylvania should be the tenth state to employ its help on a strictly merit basis.

The first state to edge away from the spoils system was New York, which established civil service in 1883. Massachusetts was next, passing a somewhat similar statutes the following year. From that time until 1905 the civil service idea got little attention besides liberal doses of narcotics at any of the state capitals. Illinois and Wisconsin passed civil service laws in 1905; Colorado in 1907; New Jersey 1908; Ohio in 1910; and California and Connecticut in 1912.

Were a civil service law promulgated in Pennsylvania, 5,152 positions which pay an annual total of \$3,613,049.44 in salaries, would be affected.

Concerning civil service, the report of the economy and efficiency commission said:

"We have given the subject of civil service very careful consideration and felt satisfied that such a system established by law to control state positions would be to the best interests of the commonwealth."

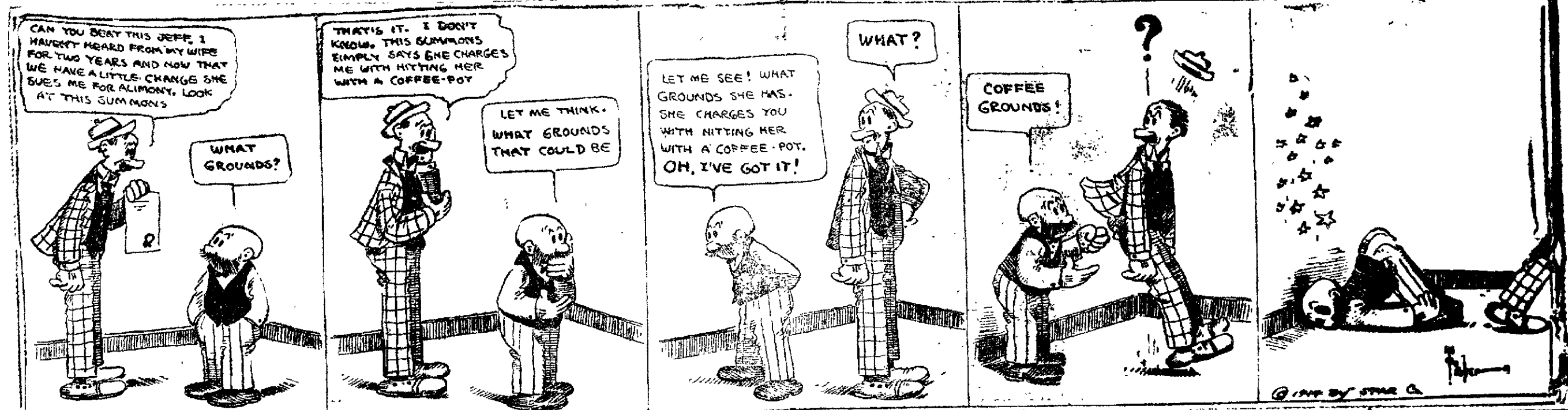
Governor Braumbaugh has declared in favor of a "sane civil service act," and the bill backed by the State Civil Service Reform association, providing a commission of three to conduct examinations, is expected to receive full attention.

THOUSANDS ATTEND THE NEW ORLEANS MARDI GRAS

New Orleans, La., Feb. 15.—With the arrival of Rex, king of the Carnival, the Mardi Gras festivities in the Crescent City today approached the climax. The distinguished visitor was given a royal welcome as he came up the Mississippi river in his gorgeously decorated yacht and landed with his retinue. The formality of turning over the keys of the city to him followed. Thousands of visitors witnessed the pageant. The carnival festivities will be brought to a close tomorrow night with a pageant and ball.

Jeff is No Patrick Henry When it Comes to Law

By "Bud" Fisher



Who Captured Him?

Was It a French War Detective or a Pretty Girl?

By JOHN Y. LARNED

When the great European war broke out Arthur Eggleston, a young American reporter, anxious to make his way in the world, full of the vigor of youth and not averse to adventure, saw his opportunity. He took the first steamer for London that sailed and in due time arrived at that city.

Crossing the channel with a contingent of British troops, he landed at Ostend during that period when the German forces were hammering at the forts of Liege and the French and British forces were gathering to resist the invasion into France. He applied for permission to attach himself to the British headquarters, but was refused on the ground that no newspaper correspondents would be allowed to accompany the army. At the French headquarters he received the same response to his application.

Eggleston, having crossed the Atlantic ocean and the British channel to report the big fight, determined to follow in the allies' rear, hang about their flanks, anything except get in their way, and report what he could gather. He found himself at Lille, when the allied armies had begun their retreat, but before they had reached that city. He also found "The General Safety," a detective force used to hunt down and eradicate spies. When one is hunting for any particular thing the identity of which is doubtful he is very apt to find it. With a lot of spy hunters in the field a scoundrel set up to keep the crows away from the corn is not safe.

Eggleston was walking in Lille one day when a file of French soldiers under the command of a lieutenant came down the street, stopping persons here and there. The American did not dream of danger and when they reached him and the officer demanded to know who he was, where he had come from and where he was going, told him that he was a newspaper correspondent looking for news. The officer, not being satisfied with this, informed him that he must take him to the headquarters of the General Safety.

Eggleston was conducted to a building in a room of which an officer, sitting behind a desk, regarded him curiously. The Frenchman began asking him questions in French, and Eggleston understood most of them, answering without hesitation, but when his questioner branched into German the American showed plainly that he did not understand. It did not at once occur to him that the man suspected him of being a German spy and was trying to catch him. Presently Eggleston belittled himself of his passport and produced it. This established the fact that he was an American, and he was thereafter treated with great consideration.

Eggleston spent some time in Lille without being permitted to go near the armies. One day he was walking along a well-known street when he heard a feminine voice say in French:

"Monsieur, have you any news of the armies? Will they come this way? We are all packed ready to move."

Turning, he saw a pretty girl leaning out of a window. He had studied the French language at school and had picked up a Frenchman on the way across the Atlantic, with whom he had talked in French in order to gather enough French to enable him to get on in France. So he replied as best he could that he was a "journalist" and that he was trying to get to the front. He had been unsuccessful. Noticing that his French was not of the best, the girl asked him if he were not English. No, he was American. The English were very popular since they had come to assist the French, but before that Americans were the best liked. An elderly lady came to the window, anxiously asked for news and gave Eggleston an invitation to come in. He accepted it. A glass of wine was brought out, and the three sat discussing the probabilities of the family having to leave their home and cart their belongings across country to the coast, as the Belgians were doing.

And so it happened that Eggleston instead of writing up the thunder of guns, the explosion of shells, the rattling of rifles, the groans of the wounded, spent several days chatting with a girl.

He did not go to the guns, the guns came to him, and while they were yet in the distance he helped his friends, the Ladies, to remove their effects—or a small portion of them—to a cart he secured for them and saw them on their way to the southward, after which he began to do some work as a war correspondent.

Eggleston, keeping as near the retreating French and English lines as he dared, preceded their retreat toward the capital. When the tide turned he was on the allies' left flank and one day after witnessing some very hard fighting went into a town on the west bank of the river Oise to write up copy and send it by courier to the coast to be forwarded.

He was sitting in the writing room of the only hotel in the place when a man came in and, heading over him, began to peruse what he was writing.

"Are you a censor?" asked Eggleston, looking up with a scowl.

"I am an officer of the General Safety corps, monsieur. Who are you?"

"I am an American newspaper correspondent, writing an account of today's battle and in a hurry."

"English?"

"No, American."

"I would like to see your passport, monsieur."

Eggleston took his passport from his pocket, threw it on the table and went on writing. The man picked it up, opened it, read it and compared the personal description with the correspondent.

"Eyes blue, hair light. The German all have blue eyes and light hair."

"Germans? What do you mean? Don't you see that the passport reads: 'A citizen of the United States?'"

"Monsieur, you may as well own it, first as last. You are a German spy."

Eggleston pushed back his chair and stared at the man.

"German spy? Why, my dear fellow I am an American. Can't you read English?"

"The passport has been stolen. The Germans took it from an American. You need not try to deceive me. We have received a warning."

"What warning?"

"A German who has lived in England, who speaks English like a native, who looks like an Englishman, came with the American's passport, is with in our lines for information. We have received orders to look out for him, and if we take him to shoot him a once. Come."

Eggleston smiled. He was aware that the keen scent of spy hunters was leading the detectives to make short work of suspicious persons as supposed he was to be taken out to be shot.

"But, monsieur, I was in Lille a few days ago, where I made the acquaintance of those connected with the General Safety. They will vouch for me."

"Ah, but they are not here," with a shrug of his shoulders.

"And I must suffer as a spy because those who are able to identify me are not here?"

"That is one of the hardships of war. We can take no risks. Besides, those men in Lille may have been deceived in you."

"When did the Germans capture the passport you have referred to?"

"Yesterday."

"I met the General Safety detectives last week."

At this moment another man came into the room and looked at Eggleston as a hound would look at a hare in which he was about to set his teeth.

The two Frenchmen talked together in a low voice. Eggleston thought it better not to seem much troubled about the matter and, taking up one of the sheets before him, pretended to read. A third man was called into the room, who, having been instructed, approached the American and said to him in German:

"If you will confess your life will be spared."

Eggleston, who did not understand a word of what was said to him, but recognized that it was in the German language, replied:

"Nicht verstein."

This was quite enough for the Frenchman, who held that the "nicht verstein" was full proof that the suspect was a German. However, after deliberation they concluded to refer the case to some one higher up; so they placed Eggleston under guard for the night.

But the allies were at that time too busy fighting for any one in authority to pay any attention to an individual case. The next morning, to reply having been received concerning the suspected spy, his captors concluded that it was best to take no risks, but shoot him, though they did not like to do so on an uncertainty, for in case he should be what he pretended to be, they would be liable to get themselves into trouble.

The roar of battle at times sounded nearer and at times more distant. On one occasion when the guns were louder Eggleston's captors decided to remove him to a town farther west. During the journey they were about to cross a road running north and south and had stopped to let a train of refugees pass when among the latter Eggleston caught a glimpse of the pretty girl he had met in Lille.

"Mademoiselle," he shouted.

Louise Leslie turned and, seeing the American who had assisted the family in the hour of need, clasped her hands with French fervency and called her mother's attention to him.

A halt was called, and the refugees and the detective came together for a conference. Both mother and daughter were horrified when they learned that "le bon Americain" was to be shot as a spy. They told the story of having seen him in Lille about a week before and how he had assisted them. This was proof positive that he was not traveling on a captured passport, for he had shown it to an officer of the General Safety corps in their presence, and Louise, who had never seen a passport before, had examined it from curiosity.

Eggleston's captors, apologized for having intended to shoot him as a spy, and as if they were doing so for having unintentionally judged him in error. They dismissed him, and the next seen of him he had joined the French, and that is the last that has been heard of him. His reports to his paper suddenly stopped. There are those who suspect that this ending of the story is incorrect and that he was really shot as a spy. But such persons do not consider that there is always danger of a man being carried away by a pretty girl even if there are plenty of warriors handy to do the job.

EWY'S FLAGSHIP IS FIT AND FINE AGAIN

(By United Press)

Charleston, S. C., Feb. 15.—The cruiser Olympia, Admiral Dewey's famous sea-fighter was "fit and fine" again today ready for her trip through the Panama canal. Following orders from the navy command one week ago the vessel was placed in dry dock and thoroughly overhauled. The Panther, a tender and twelve torpedo boats are also ready for the en-joint which instead of being held in March will be underway in July. The Olympia will probably remain here for a couple of months.

RECIPE TO CLEAN A PIMPLY SKIN

Pimples are Impurities Seeking an Outlet Through Skin Pores.

Pimples, sores and boils usually result from toxins, poisons and impurities which are generated in the bowels and then absorbed into the blood through the very ducts which should absorb only nourishment to sustain the body.

It is the function of the kidneys to filter impurities from the blood and cast them out in the form of urine, but in many instances the bowels create more toxins and impurities than the kidneys can eliminate, then the blood uses the skin pores as the next best means of getting rid of these impurities which often break out all over the skin in the form of pimples.

The surest way to clear the skin of these eruptions, says a noted authority, is to get from any pharmacy about four ounces of Jad Salts, and take a tablespoonful in a glass of hot water each morning before breakfast for one week. This will prevent the formation of toxins in the bowels. It also stimulates the kidneys to normal activity, thus coaxing them to filter the blood of impurities and cleanse the skin of pimples.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, harmless and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia. Here you have a pleasant, effervescent drink which usually makes pimples disappear; cleanses the blood and is excellent for the kidneys as well.

200 LADIES' SKIRTS—All wool—Regular price \$1.00 and \$1.50—\$1.00—\$1.50—Come early—

SERBIA CAPTAIN WHO DESERVED HIGH HONORS

(By United Press)

Nish, Serbia, Jan. 26: (Via Rome By Mail To New York)—Captain Wutkitchewitch, of the artillery, has just been given the cross of a knight of the order of Karageorgievitch for his brilliant exploits during the recent hasty retreat of the Austrian army from Serbian territory. Unable to proceed with his artillery on account of the impossible condition of the roads, the captain ordered the horses unhitched and the guns abandoned. Mounting the guns on the backs of the fleeing Austrians and took from them their artillery, which they at once turned against them. When again the Austrians were too far away to be reached by their own artillery and it was equally impossible to proceed over the muddy roads, the Austrians guns were taken and the guns mounted on the backs of the Austrians and turned against them. The captain continued the maneuver until the last Austrian soldiers had crossed the Drina and Serbia was free of invaders.

"TIZ" FOR ACHING, SORE, TIRED FEET

Good-bye sore feet, burning feet, swollen feet, sweaty feet, smelly feet, tired feet.

Good-bye corns, callouses, bunions and racy spots. No more shoe tightness, no more limping with pain or drawing up your face in agony.

"TIZ" is magical, acts right off. "TIZ" draws out all the poisonous exudations which puff up the feet.

Use "TIZ" and forget your foot misery. Ah! how comfortable your feet feel. Get a 25 cent box of "TIZ" now at any drugstore or department store. Don't suffer. Have good feet, glad feet, feet that never swell, never hurt, never get tired. A year's foot comfort guaranteed or money refunded.

Leitzinger Bros.' winter Suits, Coats, Skirts and Furs at half price. The best values of the season on sale.

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LOCAL CHAPTER D. A. R. TO HOLD MILITARY EUCHRE

A military euchre, conducted by the local chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution, will be held on the fifth floor of the Leitzinger building on Tuesday evening, February 16, at 7:30 o'clock.

Tickets, including refreshments fifty cents each. Tickets may be obtained from Miss Alice Dill, Mrs. James H. Horton, Mrs. Alfred Liveright and Mrs. Howard Hartwick.

The euchre is given to aid the scholarship fund maintained by the

Chapter at Maryville college, Tennessee. Everybody welcome. Come and bring your friends.

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PERSONAL

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1915

Mrs. Albert Leffler, of St. Marys, is visiting her father, Harry McHenry, who is seriously ill at the Clearfield hospital.

Leno Edwards is ill at the Clearfield hospital with typhoid fever.

Miss Lucy Howo has resumed her work in the school room after several weeks of illness.

Mark Plank, of Philipsburg, spent yesterday in town.

Misses Florence Hartsfelt and Daisy Bigelow, of Philipsburg, visited friends here yesterday.

Mrs. Frances Garman and son Billy, of Washington, D. C., are visiting relatives in town.

Harry Shaw, formerly traffic superintendent of the Bell telephone office here, have been transferred to Altoona.

Miss Anna Schryver spent Sunday in town with friends.

Miss Mary Murray, of Pittsburgh, who has been visiting relatives in town for the past few weeks returned to her home today.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Brown, of Patton, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Moore.

Mr. Kendrick, of Pittsburgh, visited Miss Fannie Johnson Sunday.

Frank Howard, of Everett, spent Sunday with friends in town.

Miss Mary Forney, of Philipsburg, has returned home after a pleasant visit with Clearfield friends.

Miss Anna Howe, of Morrisdale, who has been visiting friends here, returned home yesterday.

M. A. Mohney left this morning on the 8.20 train over the P. R. R. for Beaver Valley and points in Ohio, where he will institute several subordinate lodges for the National Order of Kings before he returns home.

Miss Angelene Bouton, of DuBois, spent Sunday with friends in Clearfield.

John W. Bond, of DuBois, reported at the court house this morning for jury duty, but was excused.

Louis Hoffman, of Hoffman Bros., drilling contractors of Punxsutawney, stopped off in Clearfield this morning while on his way to Lock Haven.

Miss Gussie Thorn was a visitor to DuBois Saturday.

J. R. Lyle had business in Punxsutawney Friday.

John Payne was in Punxsutawney over Sunday.

Miss Nancy Weaver, who is ill at home on Second street with scarlet fever, is resting more comfortably today.

Miss Rose Call, of Clarksburg, W. Va., who has been visiting at the home

of Mr. and Mrs. John A. Stock, on Second street, left with the Misses Clara and Kate Stock for New York yesterday afternoon.

Misses Pearl and Grace Moore entertained a number of their friends at a Valentine party at their home on Second street on Saturday evening.

Mrs. A. W. Leonardson, of Second street, who underwent an operation at the hospital sometime ago, is getting along nicely and will be moved to her home in a few days.

Mrs. D. W. Speck's circle of the Lutheran church will serve lunch on Thursday afternoon from 3 until 7 o'clock in the Ladies aid room. 2-15-3t

Martin Watts, of DuBois, spent the day in town.

Marriage License

Benjamin W. Wilbery and Bertha M. Walburn, both of Smith Mills.

Chicken and Waffle Supper

The ladies of the M. E. church of Woodland will serve a fine supper in Mr. Swift's hall, in Woodland, the evening of Feb. 23. Everybody made welcome.

A Chimney Fire

The fire department was called out Saturday evening in response to an alarm from the Third ward, the chimney at the home of Deacon Williams being afire. No damage.

Chicken and Waffle

The Ladies Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. will give a chicken and waffle supper in the Y. M. C. A. building on Tuesday, February 23, beginning at 5:30. Price of supper, 50 cts. Everybody invited.

Pittsburg Has New Theater

Pittsburg, Feb. 15.—The Davis theatre, Pittsburg's newest playhouse was opened this afternoon for its first performance. The theater has a seating capacity of 2500 and is thoroughly modern in every respect.

Senator Root's 70th Birthday

Washington, D. C., Feb. 15.—On the occasion of his seventieth birthday anniversary today Senator Elihu Root, of New York, received the warm congratulations of his colleagues in both parties.

Woodmen of the World

Butler Falls, Pa., Feb. 15.—Companies A and C, uniform rank, Woodmen of the World held their annual inspection here today. Dr. W. F. Rayle, of Beaver Falls conducted the inspection.

Real Estate Transfers

Thomas W. Donahew to A. F. Parry, land in Sandy, \$1000.
Catherine Neal to George A. Elk, land in DuBois, \$1500.
Lewis Rhoads to Eva Johns, land in Bell, \$1.
Samuel I. Smith to Eva Johns Patrick, land in Bell \$250.

INVITED TO ATTEND PANAMA EXPOSITION

The Progress is in receipt of an invitation to be present at the opening of the Panama-Pacific exposition in San Francisco on Saturday, February 20.

The exposition will on that day be complete in every detail, including the participation of the nations of Europe, of the Orient and of all Americans.

LOST—Lady's ring with four ruby settings between Third St. and cemetery hill. Return to Progress office.

CURWENSVILLE HAPPENINGS

Miss Esther Robinson, accompanied by Miss Mayme Williams, left this morning for eastern cities where they will purchase milinery for the spring trade.

Mrs. John Brownley, of Pittsburgh, is visiting with relatives in Curwensville.

W. K. Wrigley and family spent Sunday with Edwin Wrigley, of Clearfield.

Miss Elizabeth Connor, of Glen Richey, visited in Curwensville over Sunday.

Miss Ruth Barber has returned from a five weeks visit in Millinburg, Pa.

H. L. Caldwell left today on a business trip to northwestern Pennsylvania.

Miss Marie Daugherty and sister, of Clearfield, visited in Curwensville over Sunday.

John Watts and family, of near Kermore, spent Saturday in Curwensville.

The local Polish society gave a mask ball Saturday evening which was well attended.

An unidentified foreigner slipped over the bank into Anderson creek near the Susquehanna avenue bridge Saturday night and was saved from drowning by passersby.

Miss Blanch McNaull spent this morning in Clearfield.

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READ "PEG O' MY HEART"



PEG AND MICHAEL

It will appear serially in this paper.

The play ran 604 consecutive nights, or about two years, at a New York theater, scoring one of the greatest hits of the past decade.

The story, like the play, was written by J. Hartley Manners. It is full of heart interest. It is witty and clever. Every line of it will entertain you.

A romping, madcap, bewitching Irish girl is turned over to the care of aristocratic English relatives.

They dislike her, but Peg holds her own with jaunty pride, and in the end, by her generosity and big heartedness, wins them over, and, what is more, wins her fortune, and, what is still more, wins a very gallant lover.

WATCH FOR "PEG O' MY HEART" IN THE PROGRESS TOMORROW

OBITUARY

The little five-month-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank A. Dyer died at their home in the Gordon block last night.

General Funston to Have New Command

Washington, D. C., Feb. 15.—By direction of the President that Gen. Frederick Funston today assume command of the Southern department of the army, with headquarters at Fort Sam Houston, Texas. Gen. Funston relieved Gen. T. T. Davis, who has been in temporary command of the department since Brig. Gen. Tasker H. Bliss came to Washington for duty as assistant chief of staff.

Food Stew Temporarily Scaled

Washington, Feb. 15.—Dietary delicacies to tempt the official tables in Washington were on exhibit at a retail market today. Washington merchants took the day off to show what kind of a food exposition they could set up. Many high government heads dropped in during the day.

Easter Bazaar

There will be a bazaar held by the members of Class No. 4 of the Protestant Sabbath school on March 27. Aprons and fancy articles will be on sale. A food stew will also be held in connection with the bazaar. Do not forget the date—March 27.

OLD-TIME COLD CURE—DRINK HOT TEA!

Get a small package of Hamburg Brand Tea, or, as the German folks call it, "Hamburger Brust Thee" at any pharmacy. Take a tablespoonful of the tea, put a cup of boiling water upon it, pour through a sieve and drink a teaspoon full at any time during the day or before retiring. It is the most effective way to break a cold and cure grip, as it opens the pores of the skin, relieving congestion, also loosens the bowels, thus breaking up a cold.

Try it the next time you suffer from a cold or the grip. It is inexpensive and entirely vegetable, therefore safe and harmless.

RUB RHEUMATISM FROM STIFF, Aching JOINTS

Rub Soreness from joints and muscles with a small trial bottle of old St. Jacobs Oil.

Stop "aching" Rheumatism. It's pain only, not one case in fifty requires internal treatment. Rub soothing, penetrating, old St. Jacobs Oil right on the "aching spot," and by the time you say Jack Robinson—out comes the rheumatic pain. St. Jacobs Oil is a harmless, reliable cure which never disappoints and does not burn the skin. In lame backs, soreness and stiffness, from aching joints, muscles and bones, drops, sprains, lumbago, backache, neuralgia, "Linger up!" Get a 25-cent bottle of old-time, honest old St. Jacobs Oil from any drug store and in a moment you'll be free from pain, aches and stiffness. Don't suffer! Rub rheumatism away.

Few Specials at Workmen's Store Saturday, February 13

The New Autobus Stops Right at Our Store Every Hour

Come on it and spend an hour with us, look around and get our prices and see if we cannot help you cut the high cost of living. Look over these prices and if they appeal to you come or telephone your order; they will have our best attention. We are not here to see how much we can make for ourselves. The thing we had in mind was to see how much we could save you. Give us a trial and be convinced.

Do not forget these prices special for Saturday:

Lard, per lb.	14c	Try some of our high grade
We have another lot of fresh		Evaporated Peaches, lb.
Coffee to sell at per lb.	12 1/2c	Longhorn Cheese, per lb.
6 cakes Octagon Soap,	25c	Ladies' Children's & Men's 25c
Sugar, per lb.	6c	Hose, per pair.
3 large cans Milk.	25c	All 15c Hose, per pair.
3 cans Tomatoes.	25c	Good grade Muslins, yd. 6c, 8c
3 cans Sauerkraut.	25c	We have a few Pillow Cases
3 cans Pumpkin.	25c	left, per pair.
3 cans Peas.	25c	Good, full sized Sheets
3 cans Corn.	21c	\$1.25 Bed Spreads.
The corn and peas that we sell at 15c per can we will sell		
2 cans for 25c.		
California Oranges, per doz.	18c	

We have a lot of odd pieces of dress goods that will go for less than cost. Some of these articles will not last long, so come early.

WORKMEN'S STORE

AUTOMOBILISTS Stop Look LISTEN

The Instant Vulcanizer Solves the Problem

FEED FROM THE TROUBLE. DO YOUR Own Vulcanizing. Can be carried in kit box, easy to handle, small and durable. Do away with the cost of tire repair. Write for full particulars to GLENN SPECIALTY CO., Box 34, Clearfield, Pa.

Try Thorn's Fresh Potato Chips at the Groceries

Gluck as a conductor is said to have been an unmerciful tyrant. Frequently the musicians would have to repeat a passage twenty times before he was satisfied. The members of the Vienna court orchestra complained of this kind of usage to the emperor, Joseph II, who appeared them by agreeing to give them 2 denars instead of 1 denar for every performance at which Gluck should conduct.

A Prophetic Writer. In practical science the most marvelously prophetic writer was the Marquis of Worcester, who in his "Century of Inventions," published in 1633, described the steam engine, the telegraph, the torpedo, the range finder, the hydraulic press, portable military pontons, matches and many other things which have come into use within the last hundred years.—St. James' Gazette.

Advertise in the Progress.

When Frederick the Great, at the beginning of the Seven Years' war, was in possession of Breslau he went to view the works of art in the royal picture gallery. The gallery director, Reitel, took the King through all the rooms and explained each picture as they went along. Frederick expressed his unreserved admiration for all the pictures, but when he came before a certain painting by Correggio he stopped, viewing it with particular interest. "If you are willing," he said suddenly, "I should like to have that picture."

Reidel gasped, for he expected the king to say that he wished the picture for himself. But the King unlocked his anxiety and, striking him on the shoulder, said, laughing: "If you are willing I should like to have that picture copied!"—Youth's Companion.

Bore and Caliber. The bore of a shotgun is determined by the circumference of any one of a given number of lead balls of equal weight, the total weight of which is one pound. For instance, the circumference of the barrel of a ten bore shotgun is equal to the circumference of any one of ten lead balls of equal weight the total weight of which is one pound.

The Supremacy Test. "So you think Grace Brown is perfect, my son?" "Why, yes, mother."

"Have you given her temper the supremacy test?" "What's that, mother?" "Calling up a wrong number on the telephone with a cross operator at the other end and somebody trying to break in on the line."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

ABRAM-MAN. It was at one time the practice to allow the inmates of the Abraham ward of Bethlehem hospital, London, to go about begging for the benefit of the hospital. Certain vagrants imposed on the charity by pretending to be actual inmates and were therefore known as Abram-men; hence the term Abram-man, one who obtains money by shamming sickness.—London Express.

THE FREEZING OF LIGHT. Radium Rays Congel at a Temperature of Minus 312 Degrees. The world stood with gaping mouth and bated breath when science announced the phenomenon of frozen air, but woodmen have probably reached its limit when one learns that such an intangible and weightless thing as light has been frozen. It is customary to speak of the enormous generating power of heat, but more astounding still is the fact that by means of cold a force may be imprisoned and retained which when liberated traverses space at a velocity of 180,000 miles per second. Like all great discoveries, the process is exceedingly simple and based upon formulas that one marvels at not having been employed long ago. Radium emits light which is called "emanation," and this "emanation" is nothing more or less than a gas. It is possible to freeze all gases, and when "emanation" is subjected to a temperature of 312 degrees below zero it becomes congealed. The strangest feature of the phenomenon, however, is to be observed when the "emanation" commences to thaw, when from the surface of the surrounding liquid air brilliant sparkles of light stream upward, producing a most beautiful and dazzling effect.—Birmingham Age-Herald.

An Appeal to Vanity. A Mussulman general gained a victory over the Greeks and carried their leader. Having summoned the prisoner into his tent, he asked him what treatment he expected from his conqueror. "If you make war like a king," replied the Greek, "release me; if you make it like a trader, sell me; if you make it like a butcher, slaughter me." The Mussulman general set him free.

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BIG BATTLES IMPENDING IN EASTERN PRUSSIA

While Russians Have Been Falling Back They are Reorganizing

CZAR'S ARMY BEING LARGELY REINFORCED

Kaiser Blesses the Submarines Which are to Start to Starve England Into Submission—German Papers Declare the Act of the Kaiser the "Christy" of Germany's "Newest and Most Powerful Submarine in a Righteous Crusade in Defense of the Fatherland"—Epidemic of Typhoid Fever Breaks Out in Lodz, in Poland.

(By United Press.)
Berlin, Feb. 15.—Great battles are impending in Eastern Prussia, in the region of Ploeghe. Reports state that although the Russians are still retreating, they are thought to be reorganizing the troops and preparing for a counter-attack.

Battles around Insterburg and Berez, in Brevintia, will be fought out with decision. Von Hindenburg's army is being resisted more strongly than was expected.

Reports from Vienna report that heavy reinforcements to the Russian troops are being received by Ivanoff's army, which has been steadily rolled back by the German fire.

Runners in Vienna state that a Russian general has been captured and shot himself while a prisoner of the Germans.

Kaiser Blesses Submarines
Amsterdam, Feb. 15.—Emperor William gave his blessing to the submarines starting out upon their mission to starve England today. The Kaiser was on his way to Kuxhaven and stopped for the ceremony. He urged upon the sailors the importance of the new policy and the ships were formally upon their way to wipe out British trade.

German papers were with enthusiasm over the act today. German papers were filled with it, one of their leading newspapers called the act the "christy" of Germany's newest and most powerful submarines in a righteous crusade in defense of the fatherland. It is not probable that the Kaiser will see American Ambassador Gerard before he reaches Kuxhaven. Elaborate preparations are being made there to receive the emperor.

Typhoid Fever Epidemic
London, Feb. 15.—An epidemic of

typhoid fever is sweeping over the region surrounding Lodz, in Poland, the correspondent for the Telegraph exchange reports in his last communication. Emperor William has given up his plan of visiting that region on his visit to troops.

Red Cross physicians are putting up a heroic fight against the disease. American doctors and physicians are fighting it almost alone, as all the German doctors have been transferred to the front. Thousands of sufferers are praying for speedy death. They are suffering from lack of food, proper shelter and care.

WATER COLOR PAINTING OF HUNTING CAMP

A water color painting in the window of Rosser's furniture store is attracting notice from passersby today. The picture was drawn by Benjamin F. Sterling, operator on the N. Y. C. at Glen Campbell. Mr. Sterling visited the Crooked Run hunting and fishing camp for a few hours last autumn, but made no sketches of the place. The picture was drawn from memory at Glen Campbell this winter and has been presented to the camp by Mr. Sterling.

SUPERINTENDENT SYKES SEIZED WITH ILLNESS

Benjamin Sykes, superintendent of the Elk Tanning company, was overcome by heart trouble while at work in the offices of the company on Friday afternoon. He was taken immediately to his home and his condition has been very serious.

This morning his physician reported Mr. Sykes much improved.

MAJORITY FAVOR NEW HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING

In reply to the letters of the school board to the voters of the town 179 answers favorable to a new high school building have been received, 52 in favor of additions to the present high school building and 10 against any additions or a new building.

Thrilling Air Battle In Alsace

(By United Press.)
Geneva, via Paris, Feb. 15.—A thrilling aerial battle between a Zeppelin dirigible and three French aeroplanes was witnessed Saturday by thousands of German and French troops in the trenches a little south of Muelhausen, in upper Alsace.

The Zeppelin came from the Black Forest and was sailing toward Belfort when it met the aeroplanes which were flying much lower. A battle ensued and the conflict lasted for about forty minutes, both sides keeping up a continuous fire. The aeroplanes struggled to reach a higher level which would place them above the dirigible and had almost succeeded when the Zeppelin retired to the north at great speed.

German Bombs Dropped Near Montenegrin Palace

(By United Press.)
Ottinje, Feb. 15.—German bombs were dropped within a few yards of the palace last evening. Princesses Vera and Xenia saw the thrilling fight, which took place between the palace guards and the aviators.

Princess Vera heard the first bomb explode as it struck the conservatory and rushed out, followed by other

members of the royal family, despite the warning of the guards, who insisted that the family hide themselves in the palace cellar.

Everybody Welcome
Everybody will be made welcome at the D. A. R. military euchre in the Leitzinger building tomorrow evening.



A GERMAN SLEIGH AMBULANCE IN RUSSIA

COAL PRODUCTION IN THIS DISTRICT FOR THE YEAR 1914

Output a Million Tons Less Than in 1913, Mine In- spector Reports

There Were Only Ten Fatal and 37 Non-Fatal Accidents in the Mines Last Year—447,727 Tons of Coal Mined in Clearfield County Last Year.

The annual report of Thomas A. Furniss, mine inspector for the 12th Bituminous District, which includes part of Jefferson, Clearfield, Indiana and Armstrong counties, contains a number of most interesting facts. It shows that during the past year the coal production in this district was more than a million tons less than in 1913.

R. and P. Falls Off
The R. & P. Coal & Iron company, the leading producer in the district, was the chief sufferer as the result of the condition of the coal market in 1914. Their production in the 12th district for 1914 was 712,091 tons less than in 1913. The allied company, the Jefferson and Clearfield Coal and Iron company, increased its production in 1914 by over 26,000 tons. The Clearfield Bituminous Coal corporation, with its largest operations at Rossett, dropped behind its 1913 production by about 63,000 tons.

Cascade Doubles Product
The Cascade Coal and Coke company doubled its production in 1914, jumping from 211,000 tons in 1913 to 410,000 in 1914.

During the year two new mines were opened in the Twelfth district and none were abandoned.

61 Mines Operating
There were 61 mines in operation as compared with 58 during 1913, and the tons of coal shipped to market was greater than that of 1913. The coke production was slightly less.

Loss of Life Lessens
The best showing 1914 has to offer is the great reduction in the number of fatalities and accidents. In 1913 there were 16 fatal accidents inside the mines; in 1914 only 10. There were 37 non-fatal accidents in and outside the mine in 1914, and in 1913 there were 16 fatal accidents inside the mines; in 1914 only 10. There were 37 non-fatal accidents in and outside the mine in 1914, and in 1913 there were 34.

Production of Coal
R. & P. C. & I. Co. 1,483,309
Clearfield Bit. Coal Corp. ... 711,256
Jeff. & Clfd. C. & I. Co. 424,018
Cascade C. & C. Co. 410,082
Pa. C. & C. Corp. 259,329
Summit C. Min. Co. 169,868
Ellsworth-Dunham C. Co. 156,792
Russell C. Min. Co. 135,922
Punxsy C. Min. Co. 135,170
John McLeary & Co. 117,838
Urey Ridge Coal Co. 90,738
Maderia-Hill C. Min. Co. 87,768
Bowersville Coal Co. 80,895
Bear Run C. & C. Co. 67,761
Hillsdale C. & C. Co. 64,530
Glenwood Coal Co. 56,846
Superior Coal Min. Co. 55,030
Sutter Coal Co. 41,797
Indiana Coal Co. 38,117
Chestnut Ridge Coal Co. 29,128
Cortez Coal Co. 27,558
Lindsey Coal Min. Co. 26,191
Dixonville Coal Co. 25,100
Hamilton Coal Min. Co. 20,364
Electric Coal Co. 18,448
Hudson Coal Min. Co. 8,244

Clark Bros. Coal Min. Co.	2,718
Total	4,741,880
Production by Counties	
Jefferson	2,259,991
Indiana	1,864,294
Clearfield	447,727
Armstrong	169,868

MAINE MEMORIAL IS DEDICATED AT ARLINGTON

(By United Press.)
Washington, Feb. 15.—Seventeen years after the U. S. S. Maine sank in Havana harbor the United States today dedicated at Arlington cemetery the Maine Memorial. President Wilson, Secretary of the Navy Daniels and Rear Admiral C. D. Sigbee, retired and other naval authorities were scheduled to speak.

The most striking feature of the memorial is the mainmast of the old battleship as it stood on that vessel. It now stands erect from a granite base which is constructed in the form of a mausoleum, which has the contour and effect of a turret of a battleship.

GERMANS HOLD UP AMERICAN'S MAIL

Luxemburg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, Feb. 15.—The German military authorities here have refused to transmit a package containing the American consular agent's accounts because it was sealed in an envelope addressed to the state department at Washington.

The package, under instructions from the commandant, was returned to the agent unopened.

Interference by the German authorities with American official correspondence already has elicited a protest from the state department at Washington. Based on an appeal that was contained in a cablegram forwarded by Dr. Henry Van Dyke, the American minister to the Netherlands and Luxembourg, who complained that the German military commander at Treves refused to allow official letters to pass from the minister to the government of the grand duchy, Secretary Bryan on Friday sent a note of protest to Ambassador Gerard, at Berlin, for delivery to the German foreign office.

The German government was reminded of the fact that Dr. Van Dyke was minister to Luxembourg as well as to the Netherlands; that he had been rendered incommunicado so far as his relations with Luxembourg were concerned, and the note expressed confidence that the action of the military commander at Treves was not sanctioned by the imperial German government.

East Enders Declare Don't Waste Water

Citizens of the East End resent the imputation that they waste water by leaving their supply faucets open at night. They say that the tile works is the largest user of water in the East End and that because of this fact at other homes and buildings are deprived of water in the daytime. The East End people say that there is no scarcity of water at night, which, they say, proves that it is at night that it would be necessary to let the water run from the pipes to prevent freezing.

While pleased to know that the water company is preparing to relieve conditions in the East End, the people in that part of town do not wish to have it said that they waste water.

PRESENTED TO THE PROGRESS READERS AT VERY LOW COST

Bible Stories Containing Famous Tissot Color Plates And Illustrations

This Paper is Pleased to Announce
Offer That Shows Interest Every
Reader—How the Valuable Book
May Be Obtained—A Wonderful
Good Proposition.

It is with no small sense of pride that The Progress makes the announcement that it will present to its readers a new and magnificent illustrated book, "Illustrated Bible Stories for Young and Old." It is not to be understood that this presentation is prompted by religious motives or much as a means of religious education which is not generally considered in that light.

This book relates all Bible events in an entertaining and interesting manner, and in language so plain that any child can understand it. There are no hidden or obscure passages. Believing that its readers are deserving of none but the best, The Progress has adopted "Illustrated Bible Stories" as a means of furthering its educational activities.

The book is written by Ian Maclaren (Rev. John Watson, D. D.) author of "Beside the Bonnie Briar Bush," and J. Wm. Buel, Ph. D., the popular author. This was the last important literary contribution of Dr. Watson before his death.

Every book of any importance, every magazine, literary, scientific, household or otherwise, is illustrated to a greater or less extent. Even the newspapers make a strong feature of illustration. Schools throughout the land teach their pupils by means of pictures. Why not then illustrate and popularize Bible reading, as has been done in this instance? There are more than 500 text pictures made especially for this book at enormous expense.

It matters not how many Bibles one may have, "Illustrated Bible Stories" should be in every home because of the importance and educational value of these eye-teaching pictures, and the interesting stories of Bible events related in its pages.

In addition to these wonderful pictures, there are also numerous full-page colored plates from the famous Tissot collection. This remarkable collection of Biblical pictures is considered the most important contribution to Scriptural art so far produced.

"Illustrated Bible Stories" is entirely un denominational. Catholics, Protestants and unbelievers, all find these stories helpful and full of interest.

The type is large and clear—easily read by young and old. The book is of convenient size, easy to hold or handle. It is hoped that everyone will place this book on a table in a room that is constantly used, where it may be seen and read daily as a useful help and work of reference.

The regular price of "Illustrated Bible Stories" is \$3. It is 6 3/4 by 9 inches in size, 1 3/4 inches thick, and contains more than 800 pages; bound in sea green vellum, cover illuminated in gold, black and scarlet.

For a short time The Progress will distribute these books on the popular educational plan as explained in today's announcement elsewhere in these columns. Don't fail to clip the first certificate today.

VICTORY IN PORT

Decisive Week in Progress Prizes in

VOTING GROWS HEAVY

Chicago, Feb. 15.—The contest for the three cash prizes in the Progress vote is now in its final stages. The contest is now in its final stages. The contest is now in its final stages.

The last week of the voting for the three cash prizes in the Progress vote is now in its final stages. The contest is now in its final stages. The contest is now in its final stages.

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One Month25

Entered at the Post Office at Clearfield, Pennsylvania, as second class mail matter.

If you buy out of town, and we buy out of town, and all our neighbors buy out of town, what in thunder will become of our town? Ever think of it?

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1915

Good evening! It's just as easy to be in a good humor as to look at the world darkly.

That autobus line should be extended to Woodland and Curwensville.

Well, did you laugh over your valentine, or did you foolishly get mad?

Sidewalks should be on such grade that the water would not lie on them but run into the sewers.

Strawberry shortcake has made its appearance on the tables of those who have big bank accounts.

Has the White House baby got the colic, or why this silence over the doings of the precious infant?

German soldiers may wear the iron cross, but it is the German women who carry the heavier crosses.

Let us hope that Fannie Crosby is able to hear the singing of the songs she wrote while she was on earth.

After years of usefulness in the work of Christianity, Fannie Crosby is at last "Safe in the arms of Jesus."

All honor to the Felix club; cutting out the silly dances is an act which stamps the club members as young men of good sense.

President Wilson is not a rail splitter, but he is accused of splitting three infinitives and the Democratic party, all within three weeks.

In the meantime, while German-Americans rant about German culture, the American people are sending food to the Belgians, victims of this same culture.

President Wilson is doing now what he should have done when this war began—showing that the United States is a nation which believes in defending her rights.

Canada is in the position of the absent son who sends remittances to the old folks at home, and the remittances are by no means small in these times of Mother England's greatest need.

An American private soldier, in order, he says, to get out of the army, made sketches of the Panama canal defenses and was about to sell them to Japan. Hobson! O, where is Hobson?

German newspapers which speak disrespectfully and bitterly of the United States are inspired by the militarists in Berlin, and the militarists have no respect for the rights of others.

New readers of the Progress will note that there is more than twice as much reading matter in this paper daily than is to be found in any other daily newspaper published in Clearfield county.

Not until people are placed in jail for violating the quarantine laws will those who are in the habit of visiting homes in which there are communicable diseases cease that reprehensible practice.

The war news from Poland shows that the Russians and Germans are doing some severe fighting, with both sides claiming victories. They have been doing this for several months, until the rest of the world takes it

for granted that neither side is gaining much advantage.

New Jersey Democrats have launched a Wilson boom and expect it to survive until the fall of 1916, but there is likely to be an early frost next year that will wilt the boom and send the schoolmaster back to his home town.

If there were no other reasons why Wilson should not be reelected the fact that he has as his secretary of state a man who is seldom in his office and when he is there merely plays the role of Uriah Heep, should be sufficient to cause the retirement of Wilson.

MOST EXCELLENT RESULTS.

Very gratifying, not only to the officials of the Young Men's Christian association, but to every self-respecting citizen of Clearfield, is the report of the committees which engaged in a membership campaign last week. Although it was hoped that the committees would be able to add five hundred names to the association membership, the three hundred and fifty-four new members will give new life to the association, and their example will undoubtedly result in inducing other young men to join the Y. M. C. A.

There are quite a number of boys and young men in Clearfield who ought to become members of the Y. M. C. A., and many of these would do so if they were financially able. What greater evidence of the citizens' appreciation of the work the association is doing for the boys of the town could be had than the presentation to poor boys of certificates of membership in the association? To keep boys from loafing on the streets or in pool or billiard rooms would be sufficient recompense for the outlay of the small amount required to give each boy a membership in the Y. M. C. A.

ENGLAND AND GERMANY

While Germany is criticizing the United States for having demanded that American ships sailing to European ports shall be guaranteed safety from the threat of the kaiser to prevent any ship reaching England, Germany should not forget that her situation is entirely and radically different from that of England. The sea is open to vessels sailing English ports, and are likely to remain open, despite the kaiser's pronouncement. Germany's ports are closed and must remain closed until Germany is able to get rid of the British navy.

If the ports of Germany were as open to ships as are those of England American ships would have no hesitancy in carrying foodstuffs to Germany. It isn't a matter of sentiment with the American shippers; it is business. The Americans are willing to sell to any nation which is in a position to receive supplies, either food or armament. Germany cannot guarantee safety to American shippers of guns and ammunition any more than she can assure them that foodstuffs can be carried to Germany without interference from England.

Germany has been notified that she will be held responsible if an American ship or an American life is lost through the action of any German commander of a submarine. This protest of the United States was couched in the only language which Germany could understand. Berlin may regard the Wilson note as a threat, if it so chooses, but it will be well for Germany to take a similar view of the situation to that held in this country—that the vessels of neutral nations have a right to sail the seas unmolested by any of the warring nations.

OUT OF THE QUESTION

Taxpayers of Clearfield should understand at this time what will be made evident to them later, that it

would be a waste of money as well as a very foolish thing for the board of education to erect an addition to the present high school building. Such an addition would not only be wasteful, but would serve as a mere temporary makeshift, and the school district would in a few years be under the necessity of providing for more room in which to house the students.

Public sentiment appears to be almost overwhelmingly in favor of a new high school building—a commodious structure in which each student would have ample space in which to breathe and study without being cramped. All that the taxpayers expect the board of education to do is to secure a suitable lot at a reasonable price, not to purchase a lot from anybody at a fictitious price. Lot owners who would demand an exorbitant price for what the board of education would want would be held up to scorn by the citizens.

SIX SMALL SMILES

A Pertinent Question
Short—Do you believe that a fellow-feeling makes us wonderous kind?

Long—It all depends. How much are you feeling for now?—Indianapolis Star.

A Tough Task
"Pa my sympathies are all with the kaiser."

"Why my boy?"
"Well I tried to lick four kids at once today and it's a tough job."—Detroit Free Press.

Insulting Art
"What is your occupation?"
"I am an artist."
"Yes, but what I mean is what do you do for a living?"—Baltimore American.

Circumstances Alter Cases
Lawyer—The evidence against you is too strong; too cumulative. You have no chance of acquittal.
Client—But I'm not innocent; I'm guilty.

Lawyer—Oh, that's different. Knowing that, I'll be able to get you free.—Philadelphia Ledger.

No Joke
"Have you ever thought seriously of marriage, sir?"
"Indeed I have; ever since the ceremony."—Boston Transcript.

Its Relative Feeling
"Do you suffer much with the cold in winter?"
"Well, I must say I notice it much more than in the summer."—Baltimore American.

WHEN PRUDENCE KNITS

Be she dancing, resting, flitting,
Dainty Prue is ever knitting—
Knitting, knitting, constantly.
In the house or on the highway,
In the town or rural byway,
Openly, or in a sly way,
Click her needles merrily.

Be she motoring or shopping,
No a stitch or needle dropping,
Still she knits and knits away,
When she's laughing when she's
grieving,
Out a-calling or
Knits she on past all believing
From the break to set of day.

Mufflers grow thro' lengthy sermons
For the Belgians, French and Germans;
Sweaters, waistcoats, shirts galore;
Wristlet, sock and woolly mitten—
Every minute she can fit in
Is devoted to her knitting.
For the needy man of war.

Whence it is, the I adore her
As old Petrarch loved his Laura,
I don't dare to mention it,
Lest my soft interrogation,
Voicing ardent aspiration,
For a lifelong conjugation,
Shall elicit only "KNIT!"
—John Kendrick Bangs in Life.

OHIO OPENS HOSPITAL FOR CRIMINAL INSANE

(By United Press)
Lima, O., Feb. 15.—Ohio's \$2,000,000 hospital for the criminal insane was to be officially opened today.
Dr. Charles H. Clark, the superintendent, estimates that the first four months will see housed in the new institution about 600 patients who will be sent there from other state hospitals. This will relieve the present state asylums which are filled to more than their capacity.
State officials now plan to open hospitals yards for the special treatment of drug users and habitual drunkards.

LOUISIANA WOMAN CHARGED WITH MURDER

Shreveport, La., Feb. 15.—The case of Mrs. Lizzie Leopard, charged with having murdered her husband, whom she killed with a shotgun, was called for trial today in the district court. Mrs. Leopard claims the killing was done in self-defense. Her case was ignored twice by one grand jury and she was indicted by the body that succeeded it.

Progressives Pledged to Fight for Principles

Philadelphia, Feb. 15.—In one of the greatest political banquets ever held in this city, members of the Washington party Friday night renewed their pledges to Progressive principles and asserted their intention to keep up their fight until their doctrines are transformed into laws.

Almost 800 members of the rank and file of the party attended the second annual banquet of the party, which was held in Lu Lu Temple, and cheered again as speakers of national fame laid down the undying principles of the organization.

Applause for Lewis
Tremendous applause greeted the declaration by Dr. William Draper Lewis that the Progressives of Pennsylvania should uphold Governor Brumbaugh in his efforts to obtain legislation embodying Progressive party principles presented to the legislature in 1913, and which, after passing the house, failed in the senate.

United States Senator Moses E. Clapp, of Minnesota, asserted that there can be no compromise in the issues which face the country. He said that no good can come while the pendulum is swinging back and forth. The only way to settle the problem of human rights and industrial justice, he declared, is to settle it right.

Progressives Right on Tariff
Congressman Victor Murdock, of Kansas, Progressive leader in the national house of representatives, was greeted with equally enthusiastic cheers as he faced the audience to declare that in the Progressive party only can be found the proper solution of the tariff question.

"We Progressives then have but three things to do—keep patient, to remain independent and to stand steadfast to the principles enunciated in Chicago in 1912," he said.

Should Sit Tight
Congressman Willis J. Hulings, of Pennsylvania, pointed out that it might be possible that the Republican party will adopt the Progressive principles, "but until they do," he said, "let us sit tight."

A. L. Weinstock, chairman of the committee in charge of the banquet, opened the speech-making by introducing Doctor Lewis. He then presented Samuel Crothers, chairman of the Washington party city committee, who presided. Other speakers included Franklin Spencer Edmonds and Dr. Philip H. Moore, of West Philadelphia.

Doctor Lewis' Address
Doctor Lewis, the first speaker, said: "The bills introduced by us into the 1913 legislature were those which carried out to the letter the pledges of our platform, for every person in this room should remember, and remember with just pride, that the Washington party in Pennsylvania, as the Progressive party in the nation, is a party which keeps faith with the people."
"In our platform in this state—the Republican platform of 1912—we made certain pledges, and we at once appointed a committee to draft acts to carry these pledges into effect. Our bills passed the house. They were defeated in the senate, because the men who in this present legislature dominate the house and senate in 1913 controlled the senate."

No Faith in Gang
"You ask me whether it is possible that the organization which bitterly and successfully fought every reform in the last legislature, from a corrupt practices act to a child labor bill, will now, when they have complete control permit any measure of election, industrial or other reform, to pass the legislature. I do not know; but I do know what, under existing conditions, it is our duty to do."

"The governor of this state has announced that he will cause bills to be introduced embodying the reforms pledged in his personal platform. These bills are introduced, if they carry out in the subjects covered the main reform for which we have been striving, then our duty will be to give the governor full credit and also individually and collectively our hearty support. Under existing conditions at Harrisburg the only reform bills which have the slightest chance to become law are those backed by the governor."

Duty to Support Governor
"Our duty is to refrain from playing merely the part of critic. It is not necessary that we should point out how far any bill advocated by the governor falls short of those which we urged before the last legislature. Let us support any reform bill for which the governor is fighting, provided only that it strikes honestly and with reasonable effectiveness at an existing evil. This is not the proper time, indeed in my opinion there never has been and there never will be a proper time, for the Progressive to play petty party politics."

"Mr. Chairman, as I look over this room and see so many who have given so much of what is best in them to promote better political conditions in the nation, in the state and in the city of Philadelphia, I take satisfaction in that I am a Progressive. The things we have accomplished, as well as the things we are fighting for, are worth while."

Have Forced Issues
"We have not gained public office. The loaves and fishes of political life have gone to others, not to us. But we have done that which could not have been done for two decades more had the Progressive party not been formed. We have forced matters pertaining to social and industrial justice to become real issues in this state. Think you that the men who control the dominant political organization in Pennsylvania would today be seriously considering for a moment child labor, working men's compensation, or any other law bettering social conditions, if they did not know that the people who wanted these things had a fighting, political organization around which to rally."

Progressives Here to Stay
"The Progressive movement and the Washington party have come to stay. The Washington party is the political organization to which the great majority of those in this state who believe in Progressive principles now belong, and under whatever name we may enter a political campaign we Progressives intend to keep our organization intact. For, like the celebrated John Paul Jones, we have just begun the fight. Next fall will find us in the municipal campaign; a year from next fall we will be in the presidential campaign, and your enemies then, as now and always, will be the forces of political corruption, the gang and the reactionary."

"PUCK" TRIES A UNIQUE EXPERIMENT
First Periodical of National Scope to Turn its Columns Over to Cause of Suffrage

Of all periodicals of national influence, none has been more steadfast in its support of the cause of suffrage than Puck, the famous humorous weekly; and the announcement now comes that the publishers of this celebrated periodical have turned the entire direction of their issue of February 20 (on sale February 16th) over to the suffrage party.

The number will be in charge of an editorial board of prominent suffragists composed of Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, Mrs. Norman De R. Whitehouse, Mrs. Annie O'Hagan Shinn, Mrs. Margaret Ayer Cobb and Mrs. Alice Duer Miller. These leaders have in turn enlisted the editorial support of some of the greatest literary and artistic celebrities of the day, including George Ade, R. L. Goldberg, Richard Le Gallienne, Norman Hapgood, Peter Finley Dunne, Charles Hanson Towne, Gertrude Atherton, "F. P. A." James Huneker, Irving Cobb, John Kendrick Bangs, Wallace Irwin, Julian Street, and a host of others. Unquestionably, the number will carry contributions from the most

CLASSIFIED WANTED

Rate—One cent per word each insertion.
Minimum charge Ten Cents.
Positions Wanted Free. No charge will be made to persons desiring positions.

POSITIONS WANTED

WANTED—General housework by a young lady with a child one and one-half years old. — Call Progress office. 2-12-St.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, for light house keeping. Call at 328 Fourth street.

WANTED—An energetic, ambitious active man to establish permanent business. Health and Accident Insurance. Immediate cash returns and future. Address, National Casualty Company, Detroit, Mich. 11

WANTED—Dining room girls at Witmer Inn. Call at hotel office. 11

WANTED—Position by married sober and industrious man; handy with tools. Address S. E. Mc, care Progress.

brilliant galaxy of literary "stars" ever assembled in a single issue of an American periodical.

Local suffrage leaders are enthusiastic over winning the support of a national periodical to the extent of controlling its editorial destinies for a special issue, and a number of comely young suffragists will sell the issue on the streets, recognizing its powerful propaganda possibilities.

Newsdealers declare that the advanced orders for the number indicates an enormous interest in the suffrage movement, and they anticipate no little difficulty in supplying the greatly increased demand for the Suffrage Number of Puck.

"So far as I know," writes the Editor of Puck to the Progress "no other periodical of national scope has ever donated an entire edition to the cause of equal suffrage, and we are proud to say that this number is the most brilliant we have ever turned out."

Mother's Bread
THE BEST BREAD
CITY BAKERY
NO. 12 THIRD ST.
Clearfield, Penn'a.

JACOBSON'S
Furniture, Rugs,
Stoves and
Household Goods
—AT—
POPULAR
PRICES
—AT—
JACOBSON'S
212 REED STREET

L. F. HOUSER
Graduate and Licensed
Embalmers and Funeral Directors
E. & C. Phone. Box 200 Bridge St.
Clearfield, Pa.

Mark Twain
The famous story of many cleverly told, answered the question, "What is the best way to live?" The story is told in a way that is both interesting and instructive. The story is told in a way that is both interesting and instructive. The story is told in a way that is both interesting and instructive.

Citizen's Club Cigars
No dope or anything and in their manufacture.
For Sale here exclusively by
C. M. RHINE,
Clearfield, Pa.

THE NEW DRAYMAN
HARRY HEATON
Has the best Coal
for sale and
Light Draying
Call W. G. Heaton, H. & C. Phone

TAXI?
—CALL—
Wallace Garage
PRICES RIGHT
H. & C. Phone Third Street

AFTER ALL
The Greatest Safety to Depositors is
Good Management
This Bank is Directed by the Following
BOARD OF DIRECTORS
Hon. Singleton Bell, President Judge 46th Judicial District
John Dimeling, Dimeling & Bloom, Lumber
A. E. Leitzinger, Leitzinger Brothers Department Store
Thos. H. Murray, Murray & O'Loughlin, Attorneys
William J. Betts, President Chamber of Commerce
William P. Hopkins, Trustee Plate A. C. Hopkins
James Mitchell, President
W. H. Patterson, Patterson & Gleason, Attorneys
H. S. Whiteman, Jr., Vice President and Cashier

THE CLEARFIELD NATIONAL BANK
"The Bank of Service"

5 The Clearfield Progress 5
Great Voting Contest
Good For 5 Votes For

Miss
District No
If presented at The Clearfield Progress Office on or before Saturday, Feb'y 20, 1915 Trim neatly for filing and deposit in the ballot box at this office.

5 DO NOT FOLD THIS COUPON. 5

CLIP THIS CERTIFICATE TODAY

FREE CERTIFICATE
—ILLUSTRATED—
BIBLE STORIES for OLD and YOUNG
—PRESENTED TO YOU BY—

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1915

THE MOST IMPORTANT BOOK OF MODERN TIMES
ALL EVENTS OF THE BIBLE TOLD IN PLAIN SIMPLE LANGUAGE

The above Certificate, with FIVE others, entitles any one to a copy of the \$3 book, "ILLUSTRATED BIBLE STORIES for YOUNG and OLD," if presented at the office of this newspaper, together with the amount of \$5c to cover the necessary expenses of advertising and promotion.

The \$3 Book
Illustrated
Bible
Stories for
Young and Old

A book for all people, young or old—entirely undenominational. It tells the facts and events of the Bible in simple, easily understood language; by IAN MACLAREN (Rev. John Watson, D.D.) and J. W. BUEL, Ph. D. Over 500 illustrations by the famous noted artists, 16 full page color plates from the famous Tisot collection, 800 pages, bound in sea green vellum, cover illustrated in gold, scarlet and black; large clear type, super-calendered book paper. The book is 6 1/2 x 9 inches, 1 1/2 inches thick.

MAIL ORDERS—By parcel post, include EXTRA 8 cents within 150 miles; 12 cents 150 to 200 miles; for greater distances ask your postmaster amount to include Post Office.

ONLY A SHORT TIME IS LEFT

OF THE

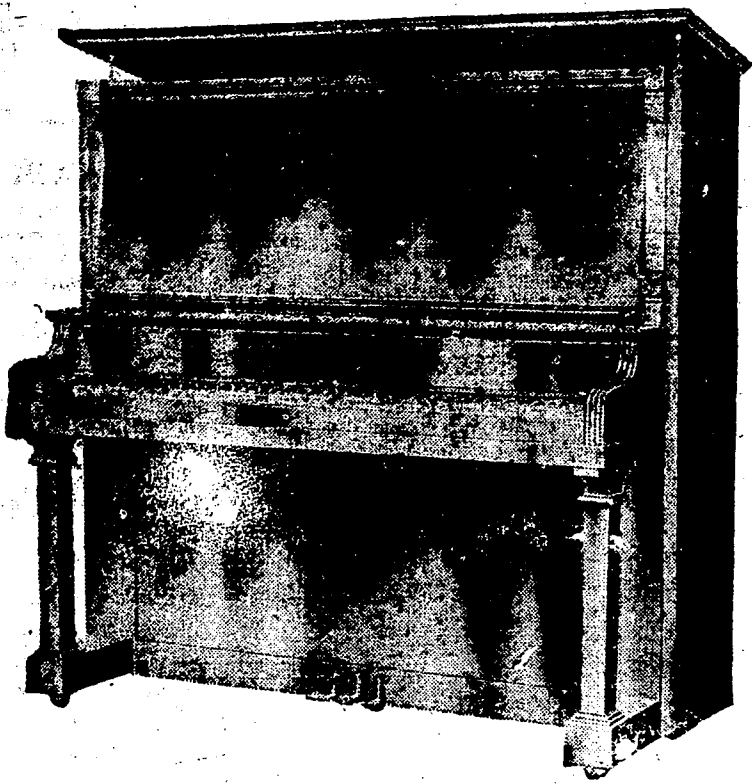
Clearfield Progress Popular Voting Contest

With Its Unusual Offer and Opportunities for the Ladies of Clearfield and Community

\$50.00 In Special Cash Prizes Awarded February 20 at 10 P.M.

Fifteen Valuable Prizes - - - - - All Free to the Ladies

The Big Secondary Prize



High-Grade Baumeister Piano
With Bench and Scarf
VALUE \$400.00

Purchased from Sheeder's Music House
Clearfield, Pa., and now on
Display at their store

The Third Prizes

Three Handsome Gold Watches, Elgin
or Hampton Movements. Fully Guar-
anteed for Twenty Years. Purchased from
Kennard & Snyder, Jewelers, and now on
display in their window.

The Fourth Prizes

\$5.00 Three Awards of **\$5.00** in Gold **\$5.00**

This is positively the greatest offer ever
made by any newspaper in this section of
the state. All prizes are exactly as an-
nounced, and every detail of the voting is
strictly fair and equitable.

Another Secondary Prize

A Handsome
Diamond Ring
Genuine and
Perfect Stone
VALUE \$100.00

Purchased from Kennard & Snyder,
The Jewelers, Clearfield, Pa., and
now on display at their store

The Third Secondary Prize

\$25 **MERCHANDISE ORDER**
On a Clearfield Depart-
ment Store. Goods to
be selected by the winner

To Our Readers:

Votes are issued on both old and new subscrip-
tions. If you have not already handed your sub-
scription to your favorite, you should do so this
week. You must help name the winner.

The First Prizes Three Grand 28-Day Tours to The Panama-Pacific and San Diego Expositions

Including much splendid sight-seeing, first-class private car service and all expenses. The Ladies winning the trips will be permitted to select the time for making this delightful tour of the Wonderful west.

THE year 1915 is here. With it has come the event that will make the year's page in history stand out as in bas-relief. The Panama-Pacific International Exposition at San Francisco is the most wonderful of all celebrations, and it commemorates the most wonderful achievement of man. The great Exposition is a wonderland of fascinating color. The illumination is the most spectacular ever attempted. Forty foreign nations and forty-three states and territories are participating in this \$50,000,000 monument to peace and culture. More than 300 national and international congresses and conventions are meeting in San Francisco so that the many hundred thousand members may have the advantage of the Exposition. Hundreds of great special events are on the Exposition program, making several for each day of the 288 that the Exposition gates are open to the world between Feb. 20 and Dec. 4.

\$50.00 IN ADDED CASH PRIZES FREE

DIVIDED INTO THREE AWARDS AS FOLLOWS

\$25.00

\$15.00

\$10.00

These Three Special Cash Prizes will be given the three Ladies securing and turning in the three largest numbers of votes between Monday, February 8th, and Saturday, February 20th at 10 P. M.

These Cash Prizes will be awarded without regard to district division and votes cast for them will also count for the big contest Awards.

For Full Information, Printed Mat-
ter, etc., Call on, Address or Phone

Contest Manager, Clearfield Progress,

Clearfield, Pennsylvania
Call Either Telephone

ILLUSTRATED BIBLE STORIES FOR EVERY PROGRESS READER

PRESENTATION OFFER

**Every Adult
SHOULD READ
This Book**

Our decision to distribute "Illustrated Bible Stories for Young and Old" to the readers of The CLEARFIELD PROGRESS came only after we were firmly convinced that this remarkable book is the greatest educational offering of modern times.

"Illustrated Bible Stories for Young and Old" relates all Bible events in plain and simple language for every-day man or woman. It recounts the life histories of Bible characters in chronological order, and in such a natural and interesting manner as to fascinate and hold your attention from first to last.

It is The Bible, from Genesis to Revelation, presented in the form of a continuous story, free from involved sentences or obscure passages.

**Young People Are
Fascinated by Its
Entertaining Style.**

Written by IAN MACLAREN (Rev. John Watson, D. D.,) Author of "Beside the Bonnie Briar Bush"; and J. WILLIAM BUEL, Ph.D.
The Popular Author. This was the last important literary contribution of Dr. Watson before his death.

Importance ofThe Bible

The most progressive and enlightened nations are those where the Bible is most widely circulated.

It makes no difference whether or not you read The Bible, these "Illustrated Bible Stories" will interest and help you; they are practical, sound and profitable—they will make you fit and keen for the problems of life.

There are More Than 500 Text Pictures

in black and white. These are not reproductions from more or less familiar modern photographs, but have been especially made with a view to historical accuracy in the light of 20th Century knowledge.

Besides these text illustrations there are

16 Costly Color Plates

from famous paintings, considered by authorities everywhere as the most important contribution to scriptural illustration ever produced; representing a

\$40,000 Picture Collection

Description of This \$3.00 Book

The illustration at the left shows the book in its full size. There are

More Than 800 Pages

printed in large, clear type on supercalendared book paper, bound in sea green vellum; cover illuminated in gold, scarlet and black, and is regularly priced at \$3.

How to Get It

The CLEARFIELD PROGRESS has secured a limited supply of this wonderful book, from a stupendous advance edition printed solely for

Complimentary Distribution

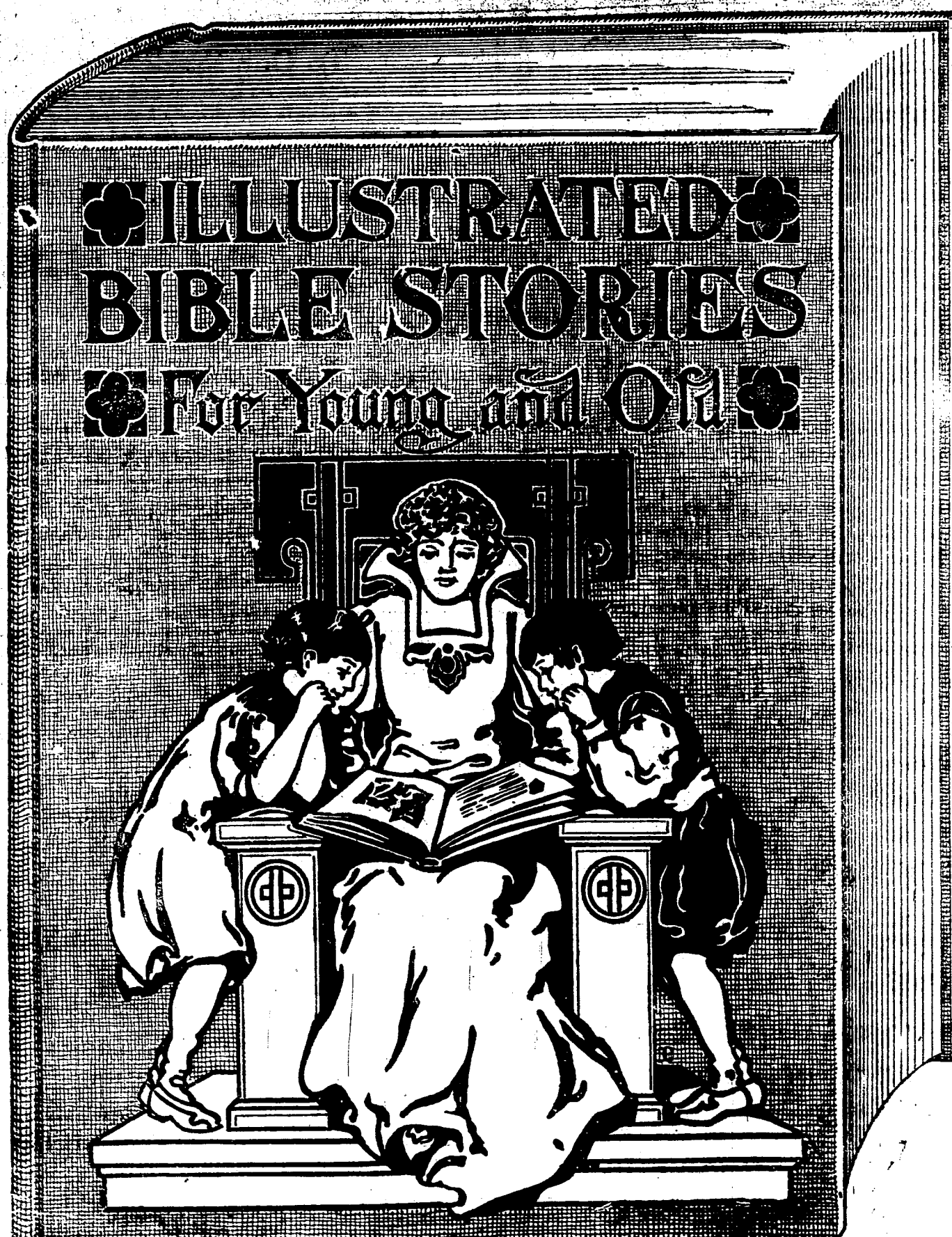
among the readers of a big syndicate of leading newspapers. The enormous size of this purchase has made possible the distribution of the book for a nominal promotion amount which barely covers advertising, clerk hire, express from factory, etc.

It is the greatest educational offering ever presented to our readers.

CLIP SIX FREE CERTIFICATES

appearing daily in another column of this paper; bring it to THE CLEARFIELD PROGRESS Office, together with the promotion amount of 89 cents, and secure this \$3 book without further cost.

Mail Orders by Parcel Post include Extra 8 cents within 150 miles, 12 cents 150 to 300 miles, for greater distance ask your postmaster amount to include for 4 pounds. Address, The Clearfield Progress, Clearfield, Pa.



THE KNAPSACK BELT.

New Suit That Shows This
Barterial Embellishment.

GABARDINE AFTERNOON GOWN.

An afternoon frock of sand colored silk gabardine, the full skirt gathered and plaited and hemmed with a stiff corded band, is pictured here. The bodice is long sleeved and high collared, the belt crossing in knapsack fashion over a tiny pleated at the back. Trimmings of dark blue embroidery and small self covered buttons adorn the frock.

SPRING GARMENTS.

Fuller Skirts Characteristic of the New Season's Styles.

The fuller skirt is the notable feature of the new season's styles. It is accompanied by simple bodices, with high neck, narrow shoulders and long sleeves. The waist line is either normal or raised, says the Dry Goods Economist, speaking of spring fashions.

Suit coats include tailored and demitailed effects, with preference for the tailored. Tailored coats with belts placed at a high or slightly raised waist line are particularly strong at present. Flare effects are also emphasized.

Separate coats have considerable flare at the bottom edge and are being shown in three-quarter length or slightly shorter. High waist line effects are very prominent, and belts are being freely used.

Skirts of dresses and suits and also separate skirts include the circular and gathered forms, together with box and side plaited effects. Dress skirts include the ruffled and tiered designs, together with a limited number of voluminous tunics accompanying narrow underskirts. Yokes are used on many of the new skirts.

Bandeau For the Hair.

A hair ornament that is very attractive and one that would make an acceptable gift is of rhinestones mounted on blue velvet. There is a narrow bandeau to go about the head and two curved ends that stand upright. They are all formed of a string of rhinestones held on a wired twist of sap blue velvet.

SUSAN B. ANTHONY'S BIRTHDAY REMEMBERED

Rochester, N. Y., Feb. 15.—The memory of Susan B. Anthony, who probably accomplished more than any other one woman for the advancement of the equal suffrage cause in this country, was honored today with the placing of wreaths on her grave, in commemoration of the ninety-fifth anniversary of her birth. Miss Anthony was born at Adams, Mass., Feb. 15, 1820. Her death occurred in this city, March 13, 1906.

FOR SALE—Safe; will sell at sacrifice if taken at once. See it at Sheeder's Music House.

SEES WAR BETWEEN U. S. AND GERMANY

London, Feb. 15.—The Politiken, of Copenhagen, commenting on the situation between the United States and Germany, is quoted in a dispatch from the Danish capital to the Exchange Telegraph company as saying that "America is acting with all the energy which might be expected and her note contains a grave warning, so grave that war between Germany and the United States can no longer be regarded as an impossibility."

It continues: "President Wilson and Secretary of State Bryan are peace-loving men but public opinion in America and anti-German sentiment may drive them further than they desire."

"America stands to win a lot merely by confiscating the German ships now interned in American harbors. Germany has everything to lose, both now and in the future, and it is earnestly to be hoped that the American warning will not be without the desired effect in Berlin."

Further dispatches to the Exchange Telegraph company say that the German warning to neutral shipping has caused a feeling of anxiety and suspense in Scandinavia as there are 150 steamers coming from over the seas.



GENERAL SIR IAN HAMILTON

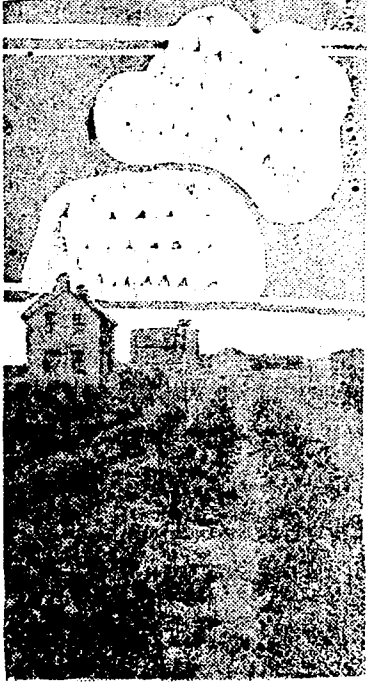
Commander of the huge British army which is prepared against German invasion. This army now numbers about 500,000 men.

Making the Little Farm Pay

By C. C. BOWSFIELD

People are just beginning to grasp the idea of succession crops. Land properly handled may be made to do double duty and greatly add to acreage profits without decreasing soil fertility.

This kind of intensive work is especially important on little farms, where it is necessary to secure a living income from five, ten or twenty acres. Even in the extreme north two or three crops can be produced on a piece



INTENSIVE FARMING ON THIS LITTLE FARM of ground in one season, provided care is taken to make the right combination. A scheme like this is feasible:

Peas, followed by cabbage, beans, tomatoes or celery.

Onions, beets, beans and squash, followed by kale, turnip, kohlrabi or radishes.

Lettuce, followed by beans and tomatoes.

Spring spinach, followed by beans and tomatoes.

Early carrots, followed by spinach, kale, turnips and winter radishes.

Early corn, followed by second crop of corn, by beans, to stoos or celery.

For intercropping the following may be used:

Radishes with beets, carrots or parsnips, tomatoes or corn.

Squashes, pumpkins, with corn.

Early onions with cauliflower or cabbage.

Lettuce with early cabbage, corn or tomatoes.

Space in the garden may be saved by planting corn between alternate rows of potatoes after the last cultivation, and when the potatoes are harvested winter turnips may be planted, thus keeping the ground busy all the season. If early peas are planted three feet apart corn may be started between the rows, and when the peas are off squash seeds may be put in. It is even possible to have pole beans climb up the cornstalks, although this is carrying intensive culture to extremes.

When the ground is to be kept covered all the season, it is necessary to have it rich, to cultivate it thoroughly and to use the hoe freely from spring until fall. If the owner of a little place is willing to observe these three points, it will be easy for him to grow an amount of produce that will amaze his neighbors. Fall plowing is essential and manure should be spread quite liberally and covered to a depth of eight to twelve inches.

What to grow in the hotbed in order to get ready for this sort of intensive gardening depends on your market or what you want to use it for. Leaf lettuce and radishes are always in demand in early spring. They are somewhat easier to grow than other crops. For lettuce start a small bed early and transplant in space 4 by 5 inches when they have grown to the second leaf. The soil should be moist, but not wet. Do not water them until after the plants get a good start.

This matter of watering is a particular part of the work. Water should be applied only during the early hours of the day and when the sun is shining. Plenty of ventilation is also important and the edge of the sash should be raised according to the heat of the day, closing up in time to hold the heat after the sun goes down.

Radishes are easy to raise, but if they are forced too much they are liable to go mostly to tops. A few days longer in growing will give them better quality. All small, imperfect seed ought to be sifted out. The stand should average from one-half inch to an inch in the row, and the rows ought to be five inches apart.

It usually pays to start early tomatoes, cabbage, cauliflower and other tender vegetables in the hot-house, as thus they get a good start before the ground is warm enough for them.

Manure For Hotbeds.

Fresh horse manure, containing a liberal amount of straw or other litter, is the best material to furnish heat in the hotbed. If manure is saved from the home stable it should be collected and preserved under cover. It requires about one two horse load for every two sash.

Cause of His Pessimism.

Orator—On the surface things are often right, but it is when we explore the depths of things that we see the deceptions of our fellow creatures. One of the crowd—Giv'nor, you've been buying a barrel of apples, haven't you?—London 'Titt-Bits.

"Advertise in the Progress."

TRADE UNIONS WAR ON TUBERCULOSIS

What Organized Labor Has Done to Stamp Out Dread Disease.

ORGANIZED labor has not been entirely unmindful of the fight against tuberculosis, although many of the largest unions have paid little or no attention to the plague which is decimating their membership.

The Typographical and Cigarmakers' unions have been among the pioneers in their appreciation of the problem of tuberculosis in their ranks. As early as 1898 the International Typographical union opened an annex of eighty beds in its home at Colorado Springs for tuberculous printers. This work, accompanied for years by an educational campaign, has helped to control the spread of tuberculosis in this craft. The cigarmakers, while they have not opened any institution of their own, have for more than ten years preached and practiced in many ways the prevention of tuberculosis.

Following the success of the Typographical union, the International Printing Pressmen and Assistants' union in 1911 opened a home with special provision for tuberculous brothers at Rogersville, Tenn. The International Photo-engravers' union has for five years given the subject of tuberculosis careful consideration and has devised and enforced many helpful regulations for improving the working conditions in this craft. Tuberculous members of this union are cared for in private and public tuberculosis sanitariums in various parts of the country.

In 1909 the International Boot and Shoe Workers' union recommended that its members ally themselves with the organized anti-tuberculosis campaign in various parts of the country. This action has since been followed up in various ways. The National Brotherhood of Operative Pottery, following a careful study of tuberculosis in their industry, has set aside a fund for the care of their consumptive members.

The American Federation of Labor for the last six or seven years has also repeatedly by special resolution endorsed the general anti-tuberculosis campaign or special phases of it. A number of other national and international unions have also co-operated in special ways with the anti-tuberculosis movement.

TO FORCE COMPENSATION.

Proposed New York Law Compels Railroads to Accept State's Rules.

Under the provisions of a bill recently introduced in the New York legislature by Senator Whitney of Saratoga employees of railroads doing an interstate business or workmen engaged in foreign commerce and not already protected by the federal compensation act will have recourse to the workmen's compensation law in the state to obtain indemnification for injury sustained in their employment. The bill makes it compulsory for employers in this class to provide such compensation under the terms of the New York compensation act.

Under the Whitney bill the amendatory legislation for which it provides is made an amendment to the charters or franchises of all domestic corporations engaged in interstate or interstate commerce. The big railroads, which thus far have resisted all efforts on the part of the compensation commission to get them to accept the terms of the present compensation law, will be compelled to come in if the Whitney bill becomes law.

A Colorado Wise Man.

Alphonse P. Arduini, member of the Colorado legislature, has a remedy for strikes. This would be a law to include strikes in the list of things treasonable. The penalty will be death. At present there is no penalty for resisting armed Cossacks or private armies in the pay of corporations. By defining this as "treason" and making Colorado the first state in the Union to provide a penalty for treason against the state the legislator is confident that agitators will disappear and this commonwealth will become a land of milk and honey.

If your Suit or Coat is beginning to look shabby, buy one of the good quality suits on sale at half price at

LEITZINGER BROS.

WANTED—Young man with good business experience and best references desires position. Address W. G. care Progress.

(Advertise in the Progress)

ALLEN & BARTHOLOMEW

French Dry Cleaning and Pressing Works

H. & C. PHONE 104

112 Market Street

Clearfield, Penna.

All work called for and delivered.

MEN'S LIST	Skirts, cleaned and pressed
Suits, cleaned and pressed \$1.50	 75c to 1.00
Coats, cleaned and pressed 1.00	Jackets, cleaned and pressed
Pants, cleaned and pressed .50c	 75c to 1.00
Fancy Vests, cleaned and pressed .35c up	Coats, long, cleaned and
Overcoats, cleaned and pressed 1.25 to 1.50	pressed 1.25
Raincoats cleaned and pressed 1.25	Waists, cleaned and pressed
Bath Robes, cleaned and pressed .75c to 1.00	 35c to 50c
Sweaters, cleaned and pressed .35c to 50c	Dresses, plain, cleaned and
Caps, cleaned and pressed .15c	pressed 1.25
Gloves, cleaned and pressed 10-15c	Dresses, silk, cleaned and
Suits, sponged and pressed .75c	pressed 1.50 to 2.00
Coats, sponged and pressed .50c	Slippers, satin, cleaned
Pants, sponged and pressed .25c	 25c
Overcoats, sponged and pressed 65c	Gloves, all kids, cleaned 10, 15, 20c
	Plumes, cleaned 35c to 75c
	Kimonoes, cleaned and pressed
	 75c to 1.00
	Corsets, cleaned 35c
	Ribbon, cleaned and pressed 10c yd
	Furs and Muffs, ladies, cleaned
	 75c to 1.25
	Furs and Muffs, children,
	cleaned 35c to 50c
LADIES' LIST	
Suits, cleaned and pressed \$1.50 to 1.75	

DIRECTING A BATTLE.

New General Staff Keeps in Touch With the Piling Line.

In wartime the many threads leading from the long battle line at length reach a common point, which is the headquarters of the general staff. The activity of each officer attached to the general staff is therefore of the greatest importance for the success of every military enterprise.

During the action every officer of the staff is at the immediate disposal of the commanding general and assists him in the carrying out of orders.

Among the duties of the staff officer during action being the gathering and compilation of reports which are constantly pouring in to headquarters and which give indication of the progress of the battle. The staff officer must observe the needs of the troops in action. He must keep a close watch on their supply of ammunition. He must see that their commanders properly execute the orders of the commanding general. He must look after the wounded, see that they are properly treated and sent to hospitals. He must see to it that prisoners are properly cared for and that the commissariat is adequately provided for and the provisioning of the troops.

Sometimes the commanding general intrusts a staff officer with the observation of the action of the opposing forces which may be beyond the view of headquarters, or he may be sent to the firing line with important orders to commanders there, which, however, the staff officer has authority to alter if in his judgment this is necessary.

During defense movements it is of particular importance to observe closely the movements of the opposing forces in order to make preparation for counter moves, such as advances, retreats, the sending of reinforcements and other movements of troops. The execution of these movements falls within the province of the staff officer. The training of the staff officer is very thorough. A complete practical course in military science, extending over many years of active service with various bodies of troops, is augmented by years of study at the war college, which embraces the last word in the theoretical science of modern warfare. —New York Tribune.

BEARD OF THE TURK.

It is Sacred, For by It He Pledges His Word and Honor.

Some years ago the German Colonel von Schlichting, instructor to the Ottoman army, was shot dead on parade at Yildiz kiosk by a young Albanian soldier, Hadji Bairam, because the German in correcting the faulty pose of the soldier's beard touched his chin with his riding whip.

Unfortunately the colonel did not know or did not remember that to touch a Mohammedan's chin is a grave offense from a religious viewpoint. It is by the beard of the prophet or his own beard that he swears allegiance and makes his vows and promises. According to a Turkish general, an Albanian would kill his own father if he laid hands upon his son's head in an disrespectful manner. A Mohammedan military service is simply a religious duty, and it implies a voluntary submission to discipline. But Turkish officers know better than to touch their men rudely or even to shout at them.

Of course it was a very regrettable misunderstanding, and the Sultan sent

a telegram to the Kaiser to express sorrow, and an Imperial Ottoman prince and three Turkish ministers followed the victim's hearse to the cemetery. But in the interests of discipline the murderer had to die despite an appeal for a reprieve from the emperor's widow.

The Albanian was shot by ten men of his own battalion, and when he was asked before the execution if he repented of the deed he replied twice in a firm voice, "No!"—Washington Star.

He Rode.

While walking along a dusty road in Illinois in his circuit days Lincoln was overtaken by a stranger driving to town. "Will you have the goodness to take my overcoat to town for me?" asked Lincoln.

"With pleasure. But how will you get it again?"

"Oh, very readily! I intend to remain in it," was Lincoln's prompt reply.

—Washington Star.

Jpholstering and Picture Framing

This is to notify the public that during the month of February I will make special Low prices on all Upholstering and Picture Framing.

I will call for and deliver all work. H. & C. Phone

A. LEA HESS, Fourth Street, Clearfield.

The Very Best Flour That Money Can Buy



Geo. H. Lum

DUBOIS, PA.

State Agent

NOTICE! Stop Waste of Water

All persons are notified to keep water faucets closed when not drawing water for use.

Running water will not be permitted and all leaky fixtures must be repaired to prevent waste.

Consumers' services will be metered where this notice is disregarded and unnecessary wastes of water continued.

Clearfield Water Company

We Have a Nice Line of Electric Fixtures in One, Two, Three and Four Light. Also Side Brackets.

A Pretty Two-Light Chandelier will Replace that drop cord and add to the Appearance of the Room, and will Only Cost \$3.25.

A Beautiful Stock of Shades From 15c up.

Come in and See Them.

Oppo. Witmer Inn

HARDER'S GUN WORKS

Clearfield, Penn'a.

JUST RECEIVED—200 Ladies' all wool Skirts—\$3.00 and \$4.00 value—Special at \$1.98—Come early—MIR-KIN'S.

VICTORY NEAR FOR MANY IN POPULAR CAMPAIGN

(Continued From Page One)

ments will reach this office before the close of the voting on Saturday. Subscriptions sent or brought direct to the Progress office will receive the same careful attention as if handed in by the contestants.

A number of local persons who made subscriptions payments to the vote credit of their favorites during the first part of the contest have been heard to make the remark: "Wish I had given Miss So and So a longer term subscription." We wish to make it plain to all daily and weekly Progress subscribers that they may extend their subscriptions for as long a term as they desire up to the five year limit, and on all such subscriptions the

contestants will receive the same number of votes as if the entire payment had been made at the first of the contest. The matter of the extension subscriptions has been repeated a number of times as there have been many requests regarding the matter and it is really one of the very important details of the contest.

If there are any details of the voting or the awarding of the special cash prizes on Saturday that are not entirely clear to all of the contestants, as well as their assistants, co-workers and well wishers, inquiry should be made at once so that all will be familiar with the awarding of the substantial cash prizes on Saturday night.

District No. 1.

Miss Rachael Flood	Clearfield	56,925
Miss Catherine Nebgin	Clearfield	53,875
Miss Clara McLaughlin	Clearfield	46,380
Miss Vera Bressler	Clearfield	46,095
Miss Hazel Cramer	Clearfield	44,930
Miss Lulu Robb	Clearfield	35,120
Miss Lulu Haney	Clearfield	35,380
Miss Pearl Peters	Clearfield	32,540
Miss Emma Witherow	Clearfield	28,695
Miss Jennie Carlson	Clearfield	30,795
Miss Freda Colgrove	Clearfield	25,110
Miss Mary Shirey	Clearfield	23,070
Miss Edith Hughes	Clearfield	21,680
Miss Maude Graham	Clearfield	22,150
Miss Julia Duckett	Clearfield	17,220

District No. 2.

Miss Ruth Addleman	Curwensville	58,200
Miss Blanche McNaul	Curwensville	55,160
Miss Hattie McCormick	Mahaffey	54,810
Miss Helen Johnson	Bell's Landing	53,485
Miss Lena Wall	Grampian	37,820
Miss Sarah Smith	Grampian	35,170
Miss Jeanette Weber	Troutville	19,675
Miss Ernestine Rafferty	Grampian	19,210
Miss Katherine Donahay	Irvona	12,290
Miss Marie Stafford	Glen Hope	11,620
Miss Rosa White	Coalport	11,840

DISTRICT No. 3.

Miss Olga Jacobson	Winburne	52,40
Miss Cyline Paul	Philipsburg	51,56
Miss Mable Young	Woodland	49,660
Miss Maude Stewart	Winburne	27,730
Miss Dolly Stevens	Woodland	27,065
Miss Ethel Homer	Philipsburg	25,215
Miss Pauline Faulkner	Philipsburg	21,530
Miss Mary Smolin	Winburne	21,830
Miss Flossie C. Evans	Osceola Mills	20,015
Miss Agnes O'Conner	Houtzdale	18,635
Miss Mary Wells	Osceola Mills	17,265

For the Children

Young German Patriots
Saluting Kaiser Wilhelm.



Photo by American Press Association.

Young people, as a rule, are intensely patriotic. They believe—and it is natural they should—that no country equals their own native land. No other nation is so great and powerful and nowhere else are the soldiers so brave. It is entirely proper that one should cherish a love of country and home, for without patriotism to inspire it no nation would amount to much. The boys in the picture are German, and their picture was taken during a recent visit of the German emperor to Berlin. At the present time he does not spend much time at his capital, but more frequently is at the battle front. The boys, you will notice, are dressed in uniform. They were standing at their window so as to be able to see their loved ruler, and when he arrived opposite their place they saluted in true military fashion.

Double Beheadings.

1.—Remove the first letter from a word which signifies durable and leave a piece of furniture; behead again and leave a word that implies skill.
2.—Remove the first letter from a building material and leave a musical sound; take away the next letter and leave a unit.
3.—Remove the first letter from a part of harness and leave a trial speed; behead again and leave a single spot.

4.—Remove the first letter from a grain and create warmth; behead again and learn what to do with the first word.
5.—Remove the first letter from an edge and leave a place of amusement; remove the next letter and you can write with it.
6.—Remove the first letter from the coat and leave a grain; behead again and leave something very cold.
7.—Remove the first letter from a shallow dish and you will be behind time; take away the next letter and it will be eaten.
Answers.—1. Stable, table, able. 2. Stone, tone, one. 3. Trace, race, ace. 4. Wheat, heat, eat. 5. Brink, rink, ink. 6. Price, rice, ice. 7. Plate, late, ate.

The Game of Teapot.

An amusing game to be played by any number is called "teapot." Let one player choose a word. The others are to guess the word. In order to do this they all ask questions which the word chooser must answer. This sounds simple. The difficulty, however, is that the chosen word must have two meanings, "roll," for instance, which may mean either the variety we enjoy for breakfast, or to turn over and over. Or it may be words spelled differently, but pronounced alike, such as "night" and "knight."

In answering the questions the player must use the meanings alternately, substituting "teapot" for the chosen word. Thus, suppose the word is "roll," the beginner might ask, "Does it belong to the vegetable kingdom?" The answer would be, "Teapot does belong to the vegetable kingdom."

Suppose the next player asks, "How would you get to the top of a high mountain?" The answer might be, "I could not teapot there." The successful guesser has the privilege of choosing the next word.

MILKOLOGY

Simplified and Perfected

The food value of milk is based on the per cent of butter fat. If you are paying 8 cent per quart for milk testing 3 1-2 to 4 per cent butter fat, milk showing 4 1-2 to 5 1-2 per cent should sell at 25 per cent advance as it contains 1-4 more food value, or if "a bottle of milk is a bottle of milk" (??) why not take the skim at cream prices?

The Pasteurized Milk Co made no increase in price and is furnishing milk testing 4 1-2 to 5 1-2 per cent butter fat, protecting the quality by weekly Babcock standardized tests. Yes!

Further, we have organized a bacteriological board, consisting of three of the best pathologists in our city. Our milk will be analyzed regularly for bacteria by this board, which will devise and suggest every precaution necessary to the delivery to your door of as pure and fine a quality of milk as is produced in the world.

Quality, service, protection, sold price.
Your patronage solicited.
PASTEURIZED MILK CO. 34

MR. BUSINESS MAN: What Does This Mean?

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and refresh-
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the measles.
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of authorities in Russia. The state-
ment says that the kaiser is willing
to abandon Russia, if necessary, to
make satisfactory peace for herself.

STEEL CO. HEAD SEES PROSPERITY IN NEAR FUTURE

The United States Steel Corporation is to resume all construction work in the Pittsburgh district which was suspended during the depression of last year. This was the welcome evidence of prosperity announced last night by the corporation's president, James A. Farrell, speaking at the Hotel Schenley before the thirty-fifth annual banquet of the Engineers' Society of Western Pennsylvania. It was fitting climax to a carefully prepared paper which he read, and which teemed with optimism, and when its full import dawned upon the assemblage, a wild burst of delight and applause kept the venerable steel king smiling and bowing for several minutes.

The simple announcement means that thousands of men who have been either out of employment altogether, or working upon part time, will shortly resume their labors at full time, full pay, and the inevitable "full dinner-pail" which is the emblem of the prosperity the action will bring to the Pittsburgh district.

From the PITTSBURGH
PRESS of Wednesday, Feb. 10,
1915.

ST
Hello! Here
ville again.

Quite a large cro-
Stoneville church.
Services were co-
dies from Freelan-
Stella Hallman 5,
at W. T. Flegal's,
Miss Lottie Fl-
Fairview, where she
weeks with her
hood.

Lloyd Stone cal-
day evening.

Fred Royer is
again after a ver-
his home in Fren-
Edith Stone spe-
Saturday at her
Grampian.

Randall Stone
school again.

John Stone spent
at George Wisor's.

Blake Shugart
through Stonevil-
fitting on a ham-
Virgie and Ma-
church at Stonevil-

Willard Albright
are every day vis-
school.

Milton Irwin ha-
field Saturday.

There will be a
Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. William Fl-
Lenetta and Abi-
with Mrs. Flegal's.
Smeal.

Blake Shugart
Ston's Monday eve-

A very delight-
was held at the
for Saturday
being Mr. Wisor's
day Mrs. Wise

IT MEANS PROSPERITY TO YOU

WHY?—Because, when the big industries of this country start to work, it means more work for the Railroads—It means bigger trains to haul these products to the mills in their crude form, and to haul them away when they are finished—and bigger trains mean MORE COAL CONSUMED.

Likewise, when these mammoth industries start at full blast—every man working—engines running full time—THEY CONSUME MORE COAL.

And, when the Coal business booms—then is the time that

CLEARFIELD COUNTY BOOMS

This should spell more business for YOU—FOR EVERY MERCHANT IN CLEARFIELD AND THE COUNTY. Are YOU going to get YOUR SHARE of it? Do YOU know HOW to get YOUR SHARE?

ADVERTISE! ADVERTISE!

and the best advertising medium in the county is the newspaper which reaches into the surrounding towns of the county, as well as going into nearly every home in Clearfield borough—and that newspaper is

The Clearfield Progress

with a PAID UP DAILY circulation that is close to the 3000 mark.

Call us on either telephone and we will gladly quote our rates, and show you the many different towns where the PROGRESS circulates every evening.

PROGRESSIVE PUBLISHING CO. CLEARFIELD, PENNA.

GAVE THEM A CHANCE; THEY PROVED HONEST

(By United Press)

Denver, Feb. 15.—Out of 700 boys Judge Ben. B. Lindsey, of the juvenile court, has sentenced to reformatories and sent them unaccompanied to the institution where they were to serve out their sentence, only five have run away. This covers a period of fourteen years. And of the five who did break their word three later apologized to the judge. The other two were captured within a short time.

Judge Lindsey celebrated the fourteenth anniversary of his system of putting convicted boys upon their honor only a few days ago. The day was marked by the receipt of word that Robert Gregg, 17, sentenced to the reformatory at Buena Vista, had arrived there. Judge Lindsey sent young Gregg unaccompanied to the institution. Gregg was convicted of contributing to juvenile delinquency by going through a false marriage ceremony with a girl. He was sentenced to serve from one to four years in the reformatory, and Warden Capp declares that after delivering himself up the boy proved so earnest and capable that he is certain he will be an ideal prisoner.

Only five per cent. of the youths sentenced from Judge Lindsey's court are sent to the reformatories under guard. Aside from the good influence the establishment of the honor system has upon the boys, the judge estimates that he has saved the state \$5,000 in traveling expenses and fees by doing away with the guards who formerly delivered the prisoners to the reformatory wardens.

A Desirable Property For Sale

Located on West Pine Street. A modern home in every respect; bath, steam heat, etc. Will be sold at the right price, and on easy terms. For particulars, inquire at the Recorder's office at the Court House. 3t

We have secured the agency for Jelke's high grade, gilt-edged butter-ine.

WORKMEN'S STORE.

CIVIL SERVICE LAW MAY BE PASSED THIS YEAR

(By United Press)

Harrisburg, Feb. 15.—Were a state civil service act to be passed by the present session of the legislature, Pennsylvania should be the tenth state to employ its help on a strictly merit basis.

The first state to edge away from the spoils system was New York, which established civil service in 1883. Massachusetts was next, passing a somewhat similar statutes the following year. From that time until 1905 the civil service idea got little attention besides liberal doses of narcotics at any of the state capitals. Illinois and Wisconsin passed civil service laws in 1905; Colorado in 1907; New Jersey 1908; Ohio in 1910; and California and Connecticut in 1913.

Were a civil service law promulgated in Pennsylvania, 5,152 positions which pay an annual total of \$3,613,049.44 in salaries, would be affected.

Concerning civil service, the report of the economy and efficiency commission said:

"We have given the subject of civil service very careful consideration and felt satisfied that such a system established by law to control state positions would be to the best interests of the commonwealth."

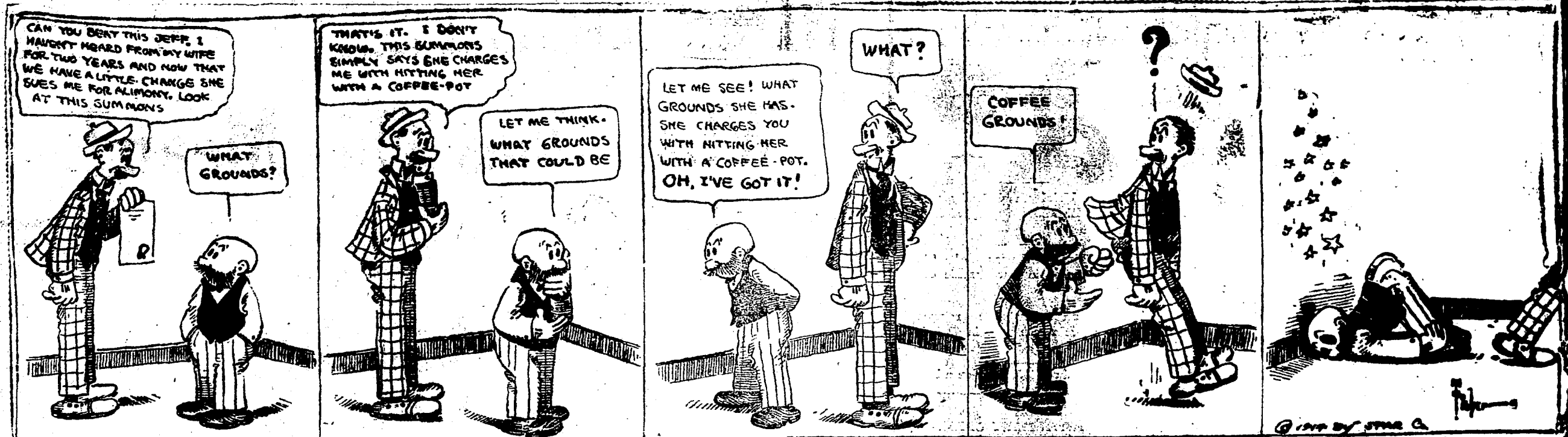
Governor Braumbaugh has declared in favor of a "sane civil service act," and the bill backed by the State Civil Service Reform association, providing a commission of three to conduct examinations, is expected to receive full attention.

THOUSANDS ATTEND THE NEW ORLEANS MARDI GRAS

New Orleans, La., Feb. 15.—With the arrival of Rex, king of the Carnival, the Mardi Gras festivities in the Crescent City today approached the climax. The distinguished visitor was given a royal welcome as he came up the Mississippi river in his gorgeously decorated yacht and landed with his retinue. The formality of turning over the keys of the city to him followed. Thousands of visitors witnessed the pageant. The carnival festivities will be brought to a close tomorrow night with a pageant and ball.

Jeff is No Patrick Henry When it Comes to Law

By "Bud" Fisher



Who Captured Him?

Was It a French War Detective or a Pretty Girl?

By JOHN Y. LARNED

When the great European war broke out Arthur Eggleston, a young American reporter, anxious to make his way in the world, full of the vigor of youth and not averse to adventure, saw his opportunity. He took the first steamer for London that sailed and in due time arrived at that city.

Crossing the channel with a contingent of British troops, he landed at Ostend during that period when the German forces were hammering at the forts of Liege and the French and British forces were gathering to resist the invasion into France. He applied for permission to attach himself to the British headquarters, but was refused on the ground that no newspaper correspondents would be allowed to accompany the army. At the French headquarters he received the same response to his application.

Eggleston, having crossed the Atlantic ocean and the British channel to report the big fight, determined to follow in the allies' rear; hang about their tanks, anything except get in their way, and report what he could gather. He found himself at Lille when the allied armies had begun their retreat, but before they had reached that city. He also found "the General Safety," a detective force used to hunt down and eradicate spies. When one is hunting for any particular thing the identity of which is doubtful he is very apt to find it. With a lot of spy hunters in the field a scarecrow set up to keep the crows away from the corn is not safe.

Eggleston was walking in Lille one day when a file of French soldiers under the command of a lieutenant came down the street, stopping persons here and there. The American did not dream of danger and, when they reached him and the officer demanded to know who he was, where he had come from and where he was going, told him that he was a newspaper correspondent looking for news. The officer, not being satisfied with this, informed him that he must take him to the headquarters of the General Safety.

Eggleston was conducted to a building in a room of which an officer, sitting behind a desk, regarded him inquisitively. The Frenchman began asking him questions in French, and Eggleston understood most of them, answering without hesitation, but when his questioner branched into German the American showed plainly that he did not understand. It did not at once occur to him that the man suspected him of being a German spy and was trying to catch him. Presently Eggleston thought of his passport and produced it. This established the fact that he was an American, and he was thereafter treated with great consideration.

Eggleston spent some time in Lille without being permitted to go near the armies. One day he was walking along a quiet street when he heard a feminine voice say in French: "Monsieur, have you any news of the armies? Will they come this way? We are all packed ready to move."

Turning, he saw a pretty girl leaning out of a window. He had studied the French language at school and had picked up a Frenchman on the way across the Atlantic, with whom he had talked incessantly in order to gather enough French to enable him to get on in France. So he replied as best he could that he was a "foundly ignorant" of what was going on; but that he was trying to get it, but thus far had been unsuccessful. "Noticing that his French was not of the best, the girl asked him if he were not English. No, he was American. The English were very popular since they had come to assist the French, but before that Americans were the best liked. An elderly lady came to the window, anxiously asked for news and gave Eggleston an invitation to come in. He accepted it. A glass of wine was brought out, and the three sat discussing the probabilities of the family having to leave their home and cart their belongings across country to the coast, as the Belgians were doing.

And so it happened that Eggleston, instead of writing up the thunder of guns, the explosion of shells, the rattle of rifles, the groans of the wounded, spent several days dallying with a pret-

ty girl, at the end of which time, since he did not go to the guns, the guns came to him, and while they were yet in the distance he helped his friends, the Legation, to remove their effects—or a small portion of them—to a cart he secured for them and saw them on their way to the southward, after which he began to do some work as a war correspondent.

Eggleston, keeping as near the retreating French and English lines as he dared, preceded their retreat toward the capital. When the tide turned he was on the allies' left flank and one day after witnessing some very hard fighting went into a town on the west bank of the river Oise to write up copy and send it by courier to the coast to be forwarded.

He was sitting in the writing room of the only hotel in the place when a man came in and, bending over him, began to peruse what he was writing.

"Are you a censor?" asked Eggleston, looking up with a scowl.

"I am an officer of the General Safety corps, monsieur. Who are you?"

"I am an American newspaper correspondent, writing an account of today's battle and in a hurry."

"English?"

"No, American."

"I would like to see your passport, monsieur."

Eggleston took his passport from his pocket, threw it on the table and went on writing. The man picked it up, opened it, read it and compared the personal description with the correspondent.

"Eyes blue, hair light. The German all have blue eyes and light hair."

"Germans? What do you mean?"

"Don't you see that the passport reads 'A citizen of the United States'?"

"Monsieur, you may as well own up first as last. You are a German spy."

Eggleston pushed back his chair and stared at the man.

"German spy? Why, my dear fellow I am an American. Can't you read English?"

"The passport has been stolen. The Germans took it from an American. You need not try to deceive me. We have received a warning."

"What warning?"

"A German who has lived in England, who speaks English like a native, who looks like an Englishman, armed with the American's passport, is with in our lines for information. We have received orders to look out for him and if we take him to shoot him at once. Come."

Eggleston paled. He was aware that the keen scent of spy hunters was leading the detectives to make short work of suspicious persons and supposed he was to be taken out to be shot.

"But, monsieur, I was in Lille a few days ago, where I made the acquaintance of those connected with the General Safety. They will vouch for me."

"Ah, but they are not here," with a shrug of his shoulders.

"And I must suffer as a spy because those who are able to identify me are not here?"

"That is one of the hardships of war. We can take no risks. Besides, those men in Lille may have been deceived in you."

"When did the Germans capture the passport you have referred to?"

"Yesterday."

"I met the General Safety detectives last week."

At this moment another man came into the room and looked at Eggleston as a bound would look at a hare in which he was about to set his teeth. The two Frenchmen talked together in a low voice. Eggleston thought it better not to seem much troubled about the matter and, taking up one of the sheets before him, pretended to read. A third man was called into the room, who, having been instructed, approached the American and said to him in German:

"If you will confess your life will be spared."

Eggleston, who did not understand a word of what was said to him, but recognized that it was in the German language, replied:

"Nicht verstein."

This was quite enough for the Frenchman, who held that the "nicht verstein" was full proof that the suspect was a German. However, after deliberation they concluded to refer the case to some one higher up; so they placed Eggleston under guard for the night.

But the allies were at that time too busy fighting for any one in authority to pay any attention to an individual case. The next morning, no reply having been received concerning the suspected spy, his captors concluded that it was best to take no risks, but shoot him, though they did not like to do so on an uncertainty, for in case he should be what he pretended they would be liable to get themselves into trouble.

SERBIEN CAPTAIN WHO DESERVED HIGH HONORS

(By United Press)

Nish, Serbia, Jan. 26: (Via Rome By Mail To New York)—Captain Wutkitchewitch, of the artillery, has just been given the cross of a knight of the order of Karageorgevitch for his brilliant exploits during the recent hasty retreat of the Austrian army from Serbian territory. Unable to proceed with his artillery on account of the impossible condition of the roads, the captain ordered the horses unhitched and the guns abandoned. Mounting the gunners on the horses they pursued the fleeing Austrians and took from them their artillery, which they at once turned against them. When again the Austrians were too far away to be reached by their own artillery and it was equally impossible to proceed over the muddy roads, the Austrians guns were returned abandoned, the gunners mounted on the horses and the Austrians pursued till a fresh battery was taken and turned against them. The captain continued the maneuver until the last Austrian soldiers had crossed the Drina and Serbia was free of invaders.

"TIZ" FOR ACHING, SORE, TIRED FEET

Good-bye sore feet, burning feet, swollen feet, sweaty feet, smelling feet, tired feet.

Good-bye corns, callouses, bunions and rags spots. No more shoe tightness, no more limping with pain or drawing up your face in agony.

"TIZ" is magical, acts right off.

"TIZ" draws out all the poisonous exudations which puff up the feet.

Use "TIZ" and forget your foot misery. Ah! how comfortable your feet feel. Get a 25 cent box of "TIZ" now at any druggist or department store. Don't suffer. Have good feet, glad feet, feet that never swell, never hurt, never get tired. A year's foot comfort guaranteed or money refunded.

Leitzinger Bros.' winter Suits, Coats, Skirts and Furs at half price. The best values of the season on sale.

LOCAL CHAPTER D. A. R. TO HOLD MILITARY EUCHERE

A military eucHERE, conducted by the local chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution, will be held on the fifth floor of the Leitzinger building on Tuesday evening, February 16, at 7.30 o'clock.

Tickets, including refreshments fifty cents each. Tickets may be obtained from Miss Alice Dill, Mrs. James H. Horton, Mrs. Alfred Liveright and Mrs. Howard Hartwick.

The eucHERE is given to aid the scholarship fund maintained by the

Chapter at Maryville college, Tennessee. Everybody welcome. Come and bring your friends.

BRICK MANUFACTURERS IN SESSION AT DETROIT

Detroit, Mich., Feb. 15.—Ways and means to meet successfully the increasing competition of cement products will be discussed here this week at the annual convention of the national association of brick manufacturers. More than 1,000 men interested in the brick industry are here from various parts of the country to take part in the convention.

ORDER
A
CASE
TODAY



The Clearfield Progress

Pure Food Directory

EVERY ARTICLE ADVERTISED IN THIS DEPARTMENT IS GUARANTEED PURE

HIGH TIME to DRINK Pure Coffee

A selected blend of CHOICE COFFEES in moisture and just proof packages.

Try our

- Old Master 40c lb.
- Avon Club 38c lb.
- San Marto 35c lb.
- Koban 30c lb.

ROSS & WOODS
Market Street Clearfield, Pa.

PURE WHOLESOME CANDY

Bon Bons and Chocolates

Made from the purest

The Sugar Bowl

The Home of Pure, Wholesome Home Made Candy

HEALTH INSURANCE

Clan Milk

Ideal for the Baby and Table

This space for Sale to some live Milk Man.

ICE CREAM

Made with pure ingredients and protected against dust and dirt. Absolutely pure. Just the dish for a tasty desert.

Also try our Delicious Sodas and Sundae made with this Ice Cream

ANNA M. CUNEO
Market and Third Sts.

BUTTER PURE AS the LILY

Made from the purest milk and packed in dust proof tubs and wrappers

The only store in Clearfield selling the pure Bradford Creamery Butter.

G.N. Ellenberger, Fancy Groceries

SAFETY FIRST

THIS SPACE FOR SALE TO SOME LIVE BUSINESS MAN

UNBLEACHED AND UNADULTERATED

Fresh Every Morning

Pure, Clean Meats Government Inspected

At Jordan's Restaurant

PATRONIZE THE STORE THAT PROTECTS YOU AGAINST IMPURE FOOD

PURE FOOD

INSIST ON RECEIVING THE ARTICLE ADVERTISED—ACCEPT NO SUBSTITUTE—IF YOUR GROCER HAS NOT GOT IT, MAKE HIM GET IT FOR YOU.

PATRONIZE THE STORE THAT PROTECTS YOU AGAINST IMPURE FOOD

PURE FOOD

200 LADIES' SKIRTS—All wool—Regular price \$2.00 and \$3.00—Special at \$1.98—Come early—\$1.98.

PERSONAL

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1915

Mrs. Albert Leffer, of St. Marys, is visiting her father, Harry McHenry, who is seriously ill at the Clearfield hospital.

Leno Edwards is ill at the Clearfield hospital with typhoid fever.

Miss Lucy Howe has resumed her work in the school room after several weeks of illness.

Mark Plank, of Philipsburg, spent yesterday in town.

Misses Florence Hartsfelt and Daisy Bigelow, of Philipsburg, visited friends here yesterday.

Mrs. Frances Garman and son Billy, of Washington, D. C., are visiting relatives in town.

Harry Shaw, formerly traffic superintendent of the Bell telephone office here, have been transferred to Altoona.

Miss Anna Schryver spent Sunday in town with friends.

Miss Mary Murray, of Pittsburgh, who has been visiting relatives in town for the past few weeks returned to her home today.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Brown, of Patton, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Moore.

Mr. Kendrick, of Pittsburgh, visited Miss Fannie Johnson Sunday.

Frank Howard, of Everett, spent Sunday with friends in town.

Miss Mary Forcey, of Philipsburg, has returned home after a pleasant visit with Clearfield friends.

Miss Anna Howe, of Morrisdale, who has been visiting friends here, returned home yesterday.

M. A. Mohney left this morning on the 8.20 train over the P. R. R. for Beaver Valley and points in Ohio, where he will institute several subordinate lodges for the National Order of Kings before he returns home.

Miss Angelene Bouton, of DuBois, spent Sunday with friends in Clearfield.

John W. Bond, of DuBois, reported at the court house this morning for jury duty, but was excused.

Louis Hoffman, of Hoffman Bros., drilling contractors of Punxsutawney, stopped off in Clearfield this morning while on his way to Lock Haven.

Miss Gussie Thorn was a visitor to DuBois Saturday.

J. R. Lyle had business in Punxsutawney Friday.

John Payne was in Punxsutawney over Sunday.

Miss Nancy Weaver, who is ill at home on Second street with scarlet fever, is resting more comfortably today.

Miss Rose Call, of Clarksburg, W. Va., who has been visiting at the home

of Mr. and Mrs. John A. Stock, on Second street, left with the Misses Clara and Kate Stock for New York yesterday afternoon.

Misses Pearl and Grace Moore entertained a number of their friends at a Valentine party at their home on Second street on Saturday evening.

Mrs. A. W. Leonardson, of Second street, who underwent an operation at the hospital sometime ago, is getting along nicely and will be moved to her home in a few days.

Mrs. D. W. Speck's circle of the Lutheran church will serve lunch on Thursday afternoon from 3 until 7 o'clock in the Ladies aid room. 2-15-3t

Martin Watts, of DuBois, spent the day in town.

Marriage License
Benjamin W. Wilber and Bertha M. Walburn, both of Smith Mills.

Chicken and Waffle Supper
The ladies of the M. E. church of Woodland will serve a fine supper in Mr. Swift's hall, in Woodland, the evening of Feb. 23. Everybody made welcome.

A Chimney Fire
The fire department was called out Saturday evening in response to an alarm from the Third ward, the chimney at the home of Deacon Williams being afire. No damage.

Chicken and Waffle
The Ladies Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. will give a chicken and waffle supper in the Y. M. C. A. building on Tuesday, February 23, beginning at 5:30. Price of supper, 50 cts. Everybody invited.

Pittsburg Has New Theater
Pittsburg, Feb. 15.—The Davis theatre, Pittsburg's newest playhouse was opened this afternoon for its first performance. The theater has a seating capacity of 2500 and is thoroughly modern in every respect.

Senator Root's 70th Birthday
Washington, D. C., Feb. 15.—On the occasion of his seventieth birthday anniversary today Senator Elihu Root, of New York, received the warm congratulations of his colleagues in both parties.

Woodmen of the World
(By United Press)
Butler Falls, Pa., Feb. 15.—Companies A and C, uniform rank, Woodmen of the World held their annual inspection here today. Dr. W. F. Rayle, of Beaver Falls conducted the inspection.

Real Estate Transfers

Thomas W. Donahew to A. F. Parry, land in Sandy, \$1000.

Catherine Neal to George A. Elk, land in DuBois, \$1500.

Lewis Rhoads to Eva Johns, land in Bell, \$1.

Samuel I. Smith to Eva Johns Patrick, land in Bell \$250.

INVITED TO ATTEND

PANAMA EXPOSITION

The Progress is in receipt of an invitation to be present at the opening of the Panama-Pacific exposition in San Francisco on Saturday, February 20.

The exposition will on that day be complete in every detail, including the participation of the nations of Europe, of the Orient and of all Americans.

LOST—Lady's ring with four ruby settings between Third St. and cemetery hill. Return to Progress office.

CURWENSVILLE
HAPPENINGS

Miss Esther Robinson, accompanied by Miss Mayne Williams, left this morning for eastern cities where they will purchase military for the spring trade.

Mrs. John Brownley, of Pittsburg, is visiting with relatives in Curwensville.

W. K. Wrigley and family spent Sunday with Edwin Wrigley, of Clearfield.

Miss Elizabeth Connor, of Glen Richey, visited in Curwensville over Sunday.

Miss Ruth Barber has returned from a five weeks visit in Mifflinburg, Pa.

H. L. Caldwell left today on a business trip to northwestern Pennsylvania.

Miss Blanch McNaul spent this morning in Clearfield.

Miss Marie Daugherty and sister, of Clearfield, visited in Curwensville over Sunday.

John Watts and family, of near Kermore, spent Saturday in Curwensville.

The local Polish society gave a mask ball Saturday evening which was well attended.

An unidentified foreigner slipped over the bank into Anderson creek near the Susquehanna avenue bridge Saturday night and was saved from drowning by passersby.

JUDGE DATON CHARGED
WITH MANY OFFENSES

(By United Press)
Wheeling, W. Va., Feb. 15.—The congressional hearing was switched from Clarksburg to Wheeling today in the investigation of the case of Judge Daton. Daton is charged by the United Mine Workers with having shown a friendlier feeling toward the Pittsburg operators and maintaining an unjust attitude, in a case heard by him. He is charged with having sent a mine worker's official to jail without a proper trial; with having jailed Miss Fellins, a United Mine Worker advocate, without just cause; while having said that if John P. White, the head of the U. M. W. of A., was in his court he would send him up for a year also, although White was not then under arrest, and with sentencing a witness, who could not speak a word of English, without allowing him an interpreter.

Daton's lawyers are denying the charges. Witnesses heard today were: James Oats, Dan Bittner, Frank Ledvinski and Miss Fellins.

THE FREEZING OF LIGHT.

Radium Rays Congel at a Temperature of Minus 312 Degrees.
The world stood with gaping mouth and bated breath when science announced the phenomenon of frozen air, but wonderment has probably reached its limit when one learns that such an intangible and weightless thing as light has been frozen.
It is customary to speak of the enormous generating power of heat, but more astounding still is the fact that by means of cold a force may be imprisoned, and retained which when liberated traverses space at a velocity of 186,000 miles per second.
Like all great discoveries, the process is exceedingly simple and based upon formulas that one marvels at not having been employed long ago. Radium emits light which is called "emanation" and this "emanation" is nothing more or less than a gas. It is possible to freeze all gases, and when "emanation" is subjected to a temperature of 312 degrees below zero it becomes congealed.

The strangest feature of the phenomenon, however, is to be observed when the "emanation" commences to thaw, when from the surface of the surrounding liquid air brilliant spangles of light stream upward, producing a most beautiful and dazzling effect.—Birmingham Age-Herald.

An Appeal to Vanity.
A Mussulman general gained a victory over the Greeks and captured their leader. Having summoned the prisoner into his tent, he asked him what treatment he expected from his conqueror. "If you make war like a king," replied the Greek, "release me; if you make it like a trader, sell me; if you make it like a butcher, slaughter me." The Mussulman general set him free.

Abram-man.
It was at one time the practice to allow the inmates of the Abrahm ward of Bethlehem hospital, London, to go about begging for the benefit of the hospital. Certain vagrants imposed on the charity by pretending to be actual inmates and were therefore known as Abram-men; hence the term Abram-man, one who obtains money by shamming sickness.—London Express.

The Supreme Test.
"So you think Grace Brown is perfect, my son?"
"Why, yes, mother."
"Have you given her temper the supreme test?"
"What's that, mother?"
"Calling up a wrong number on the telephone with a cross operator at the other end and somebody trying to break in on the line."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

AUTOMOBILISTS STOP LOOK LISTEN

The Johnson Valveless Solves the Problem
FEEDBACK FROM THE TROUBLE. DO YOUR OWN Valveless. Can be carried in kit box, easy to handle, small and durable. Do away with the cost of tire repair. Write for full particulars to GLEB. SPECIALTY CO., Box 374, Clearfield, Pa.

Try Thorn's Fresh Potato Chips at the Groceries

ARCHIMEDES AND HIS LEVER.

The Feat of Raising the Earth From a Scientific Viewpoint.

"Give me a fulcrum and a place on which to stand and I will raise the earth from its place." That is a saying popularly attributed to Archimedes. If the required conditions were possible the feat might be performed, but in addition to providing a fulcrum and a place on which to stand Archimedes would also have to be furnished an indefinite lease of life.

To raise the earth a height of one inch by the force which Archimedes would have been capable of exerting would take not only an extremely long lever, but an extremely long time, as can be readily shown.

We shall assume the following data in our calculation: That the earth is a sphere 7,926 miles in diameter and that 5.5 is its mean density; also that the lever has no weight. Should we design a real lever it would be of such enormous size and weight that Archimedes' weight would be a negligible quantity.

If the earth is 7,926 miles in diameter the volume is about 261,000,000,000 cubic miles, or 38,400,000,000,000,000,000 cubic feet, and if the density is 5.5 the weight per cubic foot would be about 344 pounds, which multiplied by the volume would give as the weight of the earth 13,200,000,000,000,000,000,000 pounds. We shall assume, further, that Archimedes weighed 150 pounds and that "the place on which to stand" was some distant star; then, if the fulcrum is one mile from the point of application of the lever to the earth the length of the power arm of the lever, or the distance of Archimedes' "standing place," would have to be 88,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 miles.

To move the earth a distance of one inch Archimedes' end of the lever would have to move through a distance of 1,383,000,000,000,000,000,000 miles. Now, if Archimedes should take hold of the end of the lever and apply his weight of 150 pounds to it and should move off into space with the velocity of light, or 186,000 miles a second, it would take him 237,000 years to finish the job he proposed, so that now, nearly 2,300 years after making the famous dictum, he would barely have started the undertaking.—C. O. Sandstrom in Scientific American.

Unnecessary Alarm.
When Frederick the Great, at the beginning of the Seven Years' war, was in possession of Dresden he went to view the works of art in the royal picture gallery. The gallery director, Reidel, took the king through all the rooms and explained each picture as they went along. Frederick expressed his unreserved admiration for all the pictures, but when he came before a certain painting by Correggio he stopped, viewing it with particular interest.

"If you are willing," he said suddenly, "I should like to have that picture."
Reidel gasped, for he expected the king to say that he wished the picture for himself. But the king noticed his anxiety and, striking him on the shoulder, said, laughing:
"If you are willing I should like to have that picture copied!"—Youth's Companion.

Bore and Caliber.

The bore of a shotgun is determined by the circumference of any one of a given number of lead balls of equal weight, the total weight of which is one pound. For instance, the circumference of the barrel of a ten bore shotgun is equal to the circumference of any one of ten lead balls of equal weight the total weight of which is one pound.

The caliber of a rifle is the diameter of the bore of its barrel measured in hundredths of an inch. The diameter of the bore of a .32 caliber rifle is thirty-two hundredths of an inch.—Philadelphia Press.

A Musical Tyrant.
Gluck as a conductor is said to have been an unmerciful tyrant. Frequently the musicians would have to repeat a passage twenty times before he was satisfied. The members of the Vienna court orchestra complained of this hard usage to the emperor, Joseph II., who appeared them by agreeing to give them 2 ducats instead of 1 ducat for every performance at which Gluck should conduct.

A Prophetic Writer.
In practical science the most marvellously prophetic writer was the Marquis of Worcester, who in his "Century of Inventions," published in 1620, described the steam engine, the telegraph, the torpedo, the range finder, the hydraulic press, portable military pontons, matches and many other things which have come into use within the last hundred years.—St. James' Gazette.

"Advertise in the Progress."

READ
"PEG O' MY HEART"

PEG AND MICHAEL

It will appear serially in this paper.

The play ran 604 consecutive nights, or about two years, at a New York theater, scoring one of the greatest hits of the past decade.

The story, like the play, was written by J. Hartley Manners. It is full of heart interest. It is witty and clever. Every line of it will entertain you.

A romping, madcap, bewitching Irish girl is turned over to the care of aristocratic English relatives.

They dislike her, but Peg holds her own with jaunty pride, and in the end, by her generosity and big heartedness, wins them over, and, what is more, wins her fortune, and, what is still more, wins a very gallant lover.

WATCH FOR "PEG O' MY HEART"
IN THE PROGRESS TOMORROW

OBITUARY

The little four month old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hastings died at their home in the Gordon block last night.

Sent Sent by Mail

Patrons of the local postoffice were this morning greeted by an odor which reminded them of the sweet scents from Arabia—because it was so different. Somebody had sent several skunk skins by parcel post and the scent was locally apparent to the nasal organs of those who entered the postoffice.

Will Inspect Highway Tools

George H. Yarnell, of Zion, Center county, has been appointed inspector of tools under the State Highway department and is now engaged in that work. His territory covers the counties of Centre, Clearfield, Clinton and Indiana. The job expires on April 1. Mr. Yarnell will try for the office of sheriff again this fall.

OLD-TIME COLD CURE—
DRINK HOT TEA!

Get a small package of Hamburg Breast Tea, for as the German folks call it, "Hamburger Brust Tee," at any pharmacy. Take a tablespoonful of the tea, put a cup of boiling water upon it, pour through a sieve and drink a teaspoon full at any time during the day or before retiring. It is the most effective way to break a cold and cure grip, as it opens the pores of the skin, relieving congestion. Also loosens the bowels, thus breaking up a cold.

Try it the next time you suffer from a cold or the grip. It is inexpensive and entirely vegetable, therefore safe and harmless.

RUB RHEUMATISM FROM
STIFF, Aching JOINTS

And Softness from joints and muscles with a small trial bottle of old St. Jacobs Oil
Stop "dosing" rheumatism. It's pain isn't not one case in fifty requires internal treatment. Rub soothing, penetrating "St. Jacobs Oil" right on the "aching joint." And by the time you say Jack Robinson—out comes the rheumatic pain. "St. Jacobs Oil" is a harmless rheumatism cure which never disappoints and doesn't burn the skin. It takes pain, soreness and stiffness from aching joints, muscles and bones; stops sciatica, lumbago, backache, neuralgia. Limber up! Get a 25 cent bottle of old-time, honest St. Jacobs Oil from any drug store and in a moment you'll be free from aches and stiffness. Don't suffer! Rub rheumatism away.

GENERAL FUNSTON TO
HAVE NEW COMMAND

Washington, D. C., Feb. 15.—By direction of the President Maj. Gen. Frederick Funston today assume command of the Southern department of the army, with headquarters at Fort Sam Houston, Texas. Gen. Funston relieve Gen. T. T. Davis, who has been in temporary command of the department since Brig. Gen. Tasker H. Bliss came to Washington for duty as assistant chief of staff.

Food Show Tempts Falcons

(By United Press)
Washington, Feb. 15.—Dainty delicacies to tempt the official tables in Washington were on exhibit at Central Market today. Washington merchants took the days "off" to show what kind of a food exposition they could get up. Many high government heads dropped in during the day.

Easter Bazaar

There will be a bazaar held by the members of Class No. 4 of the Presbyterian Sabbath school on March 27. Aprons and fancy articles will be on sale. A food sale will also be held in connection with the bazaar. Do not forget the date—March 27.

PUT CREAM IN NOSE
AND STOP CATARRH

Tell How To Open Clogged Nostrils and End Head-Colds.

You feel que in a few moments. Your cold in head or catarrh will be gone. Your clogged nostrils will open. The air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely. No more dullness, headache; no hacking, snuffling, mucous discharges or dryness; no struggling for breath at night.

Tell your druggist you want a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic cream in your nostrils, let it penetrate through every air passage of the head; soothe and heal the swollen inflamed mucous membrane, and relief comes instantly. It is just what every cold and catarrh sufferer needs. Don't stay stuffed up and miserable.

Notice to Firemen

There will be a meeting of the Third ward firemen in the Third ward house tomorrow evening. A large attendance is requested as there is important business to be attended to.

M. M. CONDON.

Few Specials at Workmen's Store
Saturday, February 13

The New Autobus Stops Right at Our Store Every Hour

Come on it and spend an hour with us, look around and get our prices and see if we cannot help you cut the high cost of living. Look over these prices and if they appeal to you come or telephone your order; they will have our best attention. We are not here to see how much we can make for ourselves. The thing we had in mind was to see how much we could save you. Give us a trial and be convinced.

Do not forget these prices special for Saturday:

Lard, per lb.	14c	Try some of our high grade
We have another lot of fresh		Evaporated Peaches, lb.
Coffee to sell at per lb.	12½c	Longhorn Cheese, per lb.
6 cakes Octagon Soap,	25c	Ladies' Children's & Men's 25c
Sugar, per lb.	6c	Hose, per pair,
3 large cans Milk,	25c	All 15c Hose, per pair,
3 cans Tomatoes,	25c	Good grade Muslins, yd. 6c, 8c
3 cans Sauerkraut,	25c	We have a few Pillow Cases
3 cans Pumpkin,	25c	left, per pair,
3 cans Peas,	25c	20c & 30c
3 cans Corn,	21c	Good, full sized Sheets
		\$1.25 Bed Spreads,

The corn and peas that we sell at 15c per can we will sell 2 cans for 25c.

California Oranges, per doz. 18c

We have a lot of odd pieces of dress goods that will go for less than cost. Some of these articles will not last long, so come early.

WORKMEN'S STORE

ROSS & WOODS ROSS & WOODS

Our February White Sale

is now in progress. Look over the large circulars left at your door for the listed bargains offered.

Prices on cotton materials are lower than for many years.

Buy now and save money on Towels and Toweling, Crashes, Table Linen and Napking, Bed Spreads, Sheets and Pillow Cases, Nainsook, Long Cloths, Embroidery, Laces, Corset Covers, Skirts, Gowns and all white goods.

21 yds Muslin	\$1.00	Clark's O.N.T. Thread	50c doz.
Crash	5c yd.	36 in. Percales	10c yd.
Best Calico	5c yd.	Bed Spread 62x80	62c

Sale Feb. 5 to Feb. 13, 1915

ROSS & WOODS

BIG BATTLES IMPENDING IN EASTERN PRUSSIA

While Russians Have Been Falling Back They are Reorganizing

CAESAR'S ARMY BEING LARGELY REINFORCED

Kaiser Blesses the Submarines Which are to Start to Starve England Into Submission—German Papers Declare the Act of the Kaiser the "Christy" of Germany's "Newest and Most Powerful Submarine in a Righteous Crusade in Defense of the Fatherland"—Epidemic of Typhoid Fever Breaks Out in Lodz, in Poland.

(By United Press)
Berlin, Feb. 15.—Great battles are impending in Eastern Prussia, in the region of Brodina. Reports state that although the Russians are still retreating they are thought to be reorganizing the troops and preparing for a counter attack.

Battles around Insterburg and Serech, in Brodina, will be fought out with decision. Von Hindenburg's army is being resisted more strongly than was expected.

Reports from Vienna report that heavy reinforcements to the Russian troops are being received by Ivanoff's army, which has been steadily rolled back by the German fire.

Rumors in Vienna state that a Russian general has been captured and shot himself while a prisoner of the Germans.

Kaiser Blesses Submarines
Amsterdam, Feb. 15.—Emperor William gave his blessing to the submarines starting out upon their mission to starve England today. The emperor was on his way to Kuxhaven and stopped for the ceremony. He urged upon the sailors the importance of the new policy and the ships were formally upon their way to wipe out English trade.

Typhoid Fever Epidemic
London, Feb. 15.—An epidemic of typhoid fever is sweeping over the region surrounding Lodz, in Poland, the correspondent for the Telegraph exchange reports in his last communication. Emperor William has given up his plan of visiting that region on his visit to troops.

Red Cross physicians are putting up a heroic fight against the disease. American doctors and physicians are fighting it almost alone, as all the German doctors have been transferred to the front. Thousands of sufferers are praying for speedy death. They are suffering from lack of food, proper shelter and care.

Water Color Painting
OF HUNTING CAMP
A water color painting in the window of Rosser's furniture store is attracting notice from passersby today. The picture was drawn by Benjamin F. Sterling, operator on the N. Y. C. at Glen Campbell. Mr. Sterling visited the Crooked Run hunting and fishing camp for a few hours last autumn, but made no sketches of the place. The picture was drawn from memory at Glen Campbell this winter and has been presented to the camp by Mr. Sterling.

Superintendent Sykes
SEIZED WITH ILLNESS
Benjamin Sykes, superintendent of the Elk Tanning company, was overcome by heart trouble while at work in the office of the company on Friday afternoon. He was taken immediately to his home and his condition has been very serious.

This morning his physician reported Mr. Sykes much improved.

MAJORITY FAVOR NEW
HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING
In reply to the letters of the school board to the voters of the town 179 answers favorable to a new high school building have been received, 52 in favor of additions to the present high school building and 10 against any additions or a new building.

Thrilling
Air Battle
In Alsace
(By United Press)
Geneva, via Paris, Feb. 15.—A thrilling aerial battle between a Zeppelin dirigible and three French aeroplanes was witnessed Saturday by thousands of German and French troops in the trenches a little south of Muelhausen, in upper Alsace.

The Zeppelin came from the Black Forest and was sailing toward Belfort when it met the aeroplanes which were flying much lower. A battle ensued and the conflict lasted for about forty minutes, both sides keeping up a continuous fire. The aeroplanes struggled to reach a higher level which would place them above the dirigible and had almost succeeded when the Zeppelin retired to the north at great speed.

Everybody Welcome
—Everybody will be made welcome at the D. A. R. military euchar in the Leitzinger building tomorrow evening.

German Bombs Dropped
Near Montenegrin Palace
(By United Press)
Cettinje, Feb. 15.—German bombs were dropped within a few yards of the palace last evening. Princesses Vera and Xenia saw the thrilling fight which took place between the palace guards and the aviators.

Princess Vera heard the first bomb explode as it struck the conservatory and rushed out, followed by other



A GERMAN SLEIGH AMBULANCE IN RUSSIA

COAL PRODUCTION IN THIS DISTRICT FOR THE YEAR 1914

Output a Million Tons Less Than in 1913, Mine In- spector Reports

There Were Only Ten Fatal and 37 Non-Fatal Accidents in the Mines Last Year—447,727 Tons of Coal Mined in Clearfield County Last Year.

The annual report of Thomas A. Furniss, mine inspector for the 12th Bituminous District, which includes part of Jefferson, Clearfield, Indiana and Armstrong counties, contains a number of most interesting facts. It shows that during the past year the coal production in this district was more than a million tons less than in 1913.

R. and P. Falls Off
The R. & P. Coal & Iron company, the leading producer in the district, was the chief sufferer as the result of the condition of the coal market in 1914. Their production in the 12th district for 1914 was 712,991 tons less than in 1913. The allied company, the Jefferson and Clearfield Coal and Iron company, increased its production in 1914 by over 26,000 tons. The Clearfield Bituminous Coal corporation, with its largest operations at Rosser, dropped behind its 1913 production by about 65,000 tons.

Cascade Doubles Product
The Cascade Coal and Coke company doubled its production in 1914, jumping from 211,000 tons in 1913 to 410,000 in 1914.

During the year two new mines were opened in the Twelfth district and none were abandoned.

61 Mines Operating
There were 61 mines in operation, as compared with 58 during 1913, and the tons of coal shipped to market was greater than that of 1913. The coke production was slightly less.

Loss of Life Lessens
The best showing 1914 has to offer is the great reduction in the number of fatalities and accidents. In 1913 there were 16 fatal accidents inside the mines; in 1914 only 10. There were 37 non-fatal accidents in and outside the mine in 1914, and in 1913 there were 16 fatal accidents inside the mines; in 1914 only 10. There were 37 non-fatal accidents in and outside the mine in 1914, and in 1913 there were 34.

Production of Coal	
R. & P. C. & I. Co.	1,483,309
Clearfield Bit. Coal Corp.	711,256
Jeff. & Cld. C. & I. Co.	424,018
Cascade C. & C. Co.	410,082
Pa. C. & C. Corp.	259,329
Summit C. Min. Co.	169,868
Ellsworth-Dunham C. Co.	156,792
Russell C. Min. Co.	135,922
Punk's C. Min. Co.	135,170
John McLeavy & Co.	117,838
Urey Ridge Coal Co.	90,738
Madeira-Hill C. Min. Co.	87,768
Bowersville Coal Co.	80,895
Bear Run C. & C. Co.	67,761
Hillsdale C. & C. Co.	64,330
Glenwood Coal Co.	58,546
Superior Coal Min. Co.	55,030
Sutter Coal Co.	41,797
Indiana Coal Co.	38,117
Chestnut Ridge Coal Co.	29,128
Cortez Coal Co.	27,550
Lindsey Coal Min. Co.	26,191
Dixonville Coal Co.	25,100
Hamilton Coal Min. Co.	20,364
Electric Coal Co.	18,448
Hudson Coal Min. Co.	8,244

Clark Bros. Coal Min. Co.	2,718
Total	4,741,880
Production by Counties	
Jefferson	2,259,991
Indiana	1,864,294
Clearfield	447,727
Armstrong	169,868

MAINE MEMORIAL IS DEDICATED AT ARLINGTON

(By United Press)
Washington, Feb. 15.—Seventeen years after the U. S. S. Maine sank in Havana harbor the United States today dedicated at Arlington cemetery the Maine Memorial. President Wilson, Secretary of the Navy Daniels and Rear Admiral C. D. Sigsbee, retired and other naval authorities were scheduled to speak.

The most striking feature of the memorial is the mainmast of the old battleship as it stood on that vessel. It now stands erect from a granite base which is constructed in the form of a mausoleum, which has the contour and effect of a turret of a battleship.

GERMANS HOLD UP AMERICAN'S MAIL

Luxemburg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, Feb. 15.—The German military authorities here have refused to transmit a package containing the American consular agent's accounts because it was sealed in an envelope addressed to the state department at Washington.

The package, under instructions from the commandant, was returned to the agent unopened.

Interference by the German authorities with American official correspondence already has elicited a protest from the state department at Washington. Based on an appeal that was contained in a cablegram forwarded by Dr. Henry Van Dyke, the American minister to the Netherlands and Luxemburg, who complained that the German military commander at Treves refused to allow official letters to pass from the minister to the government of the grand duchy, Secretary Bryan on Friday sent a note of protest to Ambassador Gerard, at Berlin, for delivery to the German foreign office.

The German government was reminded of the fact that Dr. Van Dyke was minister to Luxemburg as well as to the Netherlands; that he had been rendered incommunicado so far as his relations with Luxemburg were concerned, and the note expressed confidence that the action of the military commander at Treves was not sanctioned by the imperial German government.

East Enders Declare Don't Waste Water

Citizens of the East End resent the imputation that they waste water by leaving their supply faucets open at night. They say that the tile works is the largest user of water in the East End and that because of this fact their homes and buildings are deprived of water in the daytime. The East End people say that there is no scarcity of water at night, which, they say, proves that it is at night that it would be necessary to let the water run from the pipes to prevent freezing.

PRESENTED TO THE PROGRESS READERS AT VERY LOW COST

Bible Stories Containing Famous Tissot Color Plates And Illustrations

This Paper is Pleased to Announce Offer That Should Interest Every Reader—How the Valuable Book May be Obtained—A Wonderfully Good Proposition.

It is with no small sense of pride that The Progress makes the announcement that it will present to its readers a new and magnificently illustrated book, "Illustrated Bible Stories for Young and Old." It is not to be understood that this presentation is prompted by religious motives so much as a desire to give an educational feature which is not generally considered in that light.

This book relates all Bible events in an entertaining and interesting manner, and in language so plain that any child can understand it. There are no hidden or obscure passages. Believing that its readers are deserving of none but the best, The Progress has adopted "Illustrated Bible Stories" as a means of furthering its educational activities.

The book is written by Ian Maclaren (Rev. John Watson, D. D.) author of "Beside the Bonnie Briar Bush," and J. Wm. Buel, Ph. D., the popular author. This was the last important literary contribution of Dr. Watson before his death.

Every book of any importance, every magazine, literary, scientific, household or otherwise, is illustrated to a greater or less extent. Even the newspapers make a strong feature of illustration. Schools throughout the land teach their pupils by means of pictures. Why not then illustrate and popularize Bible reading, as has been done in this instance? There are more than 500 text pictures made especially for this book at enormous expense.

It matters not how many Bibles one may have, "Illustrated Bible Stories" should be in every home because of the importance and educational value of these eye-teaching pictures, and the interesting stories of Bible events related in its pages.

In addition to these wonderful pictures, there are also numerous full-page colored plates from the famous Tissot collection. This remarkable collection of Biblical pictures is considered the most important contribution to Scriptural art so far produced. "Illustrated Bible Stories" is entirely undenominational. Catholics, Protestants and unbelievers, all find these stories helpful and full of interest.

The type is large and clear—easily read by young and old. The book is of convenient size, easy to hold or handle. It is hoped that everyone will place this book on a table in a room that is constantly used, where it may be seen and read daily as a useful help and work of reference.

The regular price of "Illustrated Bible Stories" is \$3. It is 6 3/4 by 9 inches in size, 1 3/4 inches thick, and contains more than 800 pages; bound in sea green velvet, cover illuminated in gold, black and scarlet. For a short time The Progress will distribute these books on the popular educational plan as explained in today's announcement elsewhere in these columns. Don't fail to clip the first certificate today.

VICTORY NEAR FOR MANY IN POPULAR CAMPAIGN

Decisive Week for Awarding Progress Added Cash Prizes is Here

VOTING GROWS HEAVY IN ALL DISTRICTS

Closing Days of the Cash Prize Contest are Here—Ladies are Very Desirous of Securing the Money Awards of the Contest—Increasing Their Standing in the General Contest—The Number of Votes in the Cash Prize Contest is Growing—Leading Daily Newspaper, the Progress.

The last week of the voting for the three cash prizes in the Progress' great voting contest is here, and it is now only a matter of five short days until the happy winners of the substantial awards will be known. Each day of the friendly voting shows added interest and determination that is being put into the subscription getting by the competing ladies, and the interest of the public, over the outcome of the merry race, has now reached a fever heat.

The efforts of the ladies in the winning of the cash prizes on Saturday night will not be in vain by any means, for the awards themselves are very substantial, to say nothing of the other advantages of standing first on the honor roll at the end of this two weeks period of the contest. So there are many reasons for making a winning race at this time and for the intense activity that is being shown by all of the contestants. There is sure to be a very heavy vote cast for the cash prizes as the standing of all ladies is increasing with greater rapidity each day and the tremendous reserve votes that are being secured and held by all of the contestants will produce many surprises when they are voted on Saturday.

All Prizes Being Won Now
The contest is now in its closing stages and the ladies are making a final effort to win the grand prize and other leading prizes in the contest must remember that right now—these very days—is really the time when they are winning or losing the big awards that they are trying for. Not only the winning of the three cash prizes is at stake this week but the lead in the voting and the advantage to be gained now will be of prime importance in the one week dash for the grand prizes that will be left after Saturday night.

From now until the very last night of the contest the efforts of all of the ladies will be of the most determined and productive nature and not a minute of the eleven working days that remain should be lost or wasted. All active contestants are running so very close that any of them in any of the three districts may be the winners of the leading prizes. It is also a very

Every Subscription Counts
Persons living at a distance who expect to mail their subscriptions to this office for the vote credit of their favorites should attend to the matter now in order that their subscription pay-

(Continued on Page Six)

Tyrone Team Will be Here Wednesday Night

On Wednesday night the best game of the season is anticipated when the Tyrone quintet lines up against the Clearfield team, in the Y. M. C. A. Tyrone will have with them Morrison and Benson, who are without doubt two of the fastest players in the state. Morrison jumps contest, stands six feet in height and tips the scales at two hundred pounds. The local players have been working hard for this game, and a great battle is expected.

The high school band will furnish the music and the game will start promptly at 8:45. The line-up of the two will be as follows:

Tyrone	Position	Clearfield
Haupt	G	Madden
Castro	G	Folmes
Morrison	C	McCullough
Clark	F	Leitzinger
Benson	F	Agnew
LaPorte		Canavan

Rate Hearings Begin
(By United Press)
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Hearings on the matter of proposed rate increases in Western Freight Classification territory were to begin before Interstate Commerce Commission Daniels today and will continue until March 18.

Auto Bandits Shoot and Rob Saloon Keeper

(By United Press)
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Three men were shot this morning in a fight with auto bandits. Martin Hogan, a policeman, saw three men in a high power auto run up and stop before Puccetti's saloon and soon afterwards heard shots. The bandits rifled the bartender, Steven Seconia, and drove him into the ice chest, and also placed the porter under fire. When the police arrived there was firing on both sides. Thomas Fork, one of the bandits, fell from the running board of the car as the others drove away. The man was found to be mortally wounded. The thieves escaped with \$20 from the cash drawer. Seconia was found to be shot twice, but not fatally.

THE CLEARFIELD PROGRESS

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HARRY A. REED, Secretary E. W. HESS, Treasurer

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TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION

One Year \$3.00 Six Months \$1.50
Three Months75 One Month25

Entered at the Post Office at Clearfield, Pennsylvania, as second class mail matter.

If you buy out of town, and we buy out of town, and all our neighbors buy out of town, what in thunder will become of our town? Ever think of it?

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1915

Good evening! It's just as easy to be in a good humor as to look at the world darkly.

That antinous line should be extended to Woodland and Curwensville.

Well, did you laugh over your valentine, or did you foolishly get mad?

Sidewalks should be on such grade that the water would not lie on them but run into the sewers.

Strawberry shortcake has made its appearance on the tables of those who have big bank accounts.

Has the White House baby got the colic, or why this silence over the doings of the precious infant?

German soldiers may wear the iron cross, but it is the German women who carry the heavier crosses.

Let us hope that Fannie Crosby is able to hear the singing of the songs she wrote while she was on earth.

After years of usefulness in the work of Christianity, Fannie Crosby is at last "Safe in the arms of Jesus."

All honor to the Felix club; cutting out the silly dances is an act which bumps the club members as young men of good sense.

President Wilson is not a rail splitter, but he is accused of splitting three infinitives and the Democratic party, all within three weeks.

In the meantime, while German-Americans rant about German culture, the American people are sending food to the Belgians, victims of this same culture.

President Wilson is doing now what he should have done when this war began—showing that the United States is a nation which believes in defending her rights.

Canada is in the position of the absent son who sends remittances to the old folks at home, and the remittances are by no means small in these times of Mother England's greatest need.

An American private soldier, in order, he says, to get out of the army, made sketches of the Panama canal defenses and was about to sell them to Japan. Hobson! O, where is Hobson?

German newspapers which speak disrespectfully and bitterly of the United States are inspired by the militarists in Berlin, and the militarists have no respect for the rights of others.

New readers of the Progress will note that there is more than twice as much reading matter in this paper daily than is to be found in any other daily newspaper published in Clearfield county.

Not until people are placed in jail for violating the quarantine laws will those who are in the habit of visiting homes in which there are communicable diseases cease that reprehensible practice.

The war news from Poland shows that the Russians and Germans are doing some severe fighting, with both sides claiming victories. They have been doing this for several months, until the rest of the world takes it

for granted that neither side is gaining much advantage.

New Jersey Democrats have launched a Wilson boom and expect it to survive until the fall of 1916, but there is likely to be an early frost next year that will wilt the boom and send the schoolmaster back to his home town.

If there were no other reasons why Wilson should not be reelected the fact that he has as his secretary of state a man who is seldom in his office and when he is there merely plays the role of Uriah Heep, should be sufficient to cause the retirement of Wilson.

MOST EXCELLENT RESULTS

Very gratifying, not only to the officials of the Young Men's Christian association, but to every self-respecting citizen of Clearfield, is the report of the committees which engaged in a membership campaign last week. Although it was hoped that the committees would be able to add five hundred names to the association membership, the three hundred and fifty-four new members will give new life to the association, and their example will undoubtedly result in inducing other young men to join the Y. M. C. A.

There are quite a number of boys and young men in Clearfield who ought to become members of the Y. M. C. A., and many of these would do so if they were financially able. What greater evidence of the citizens' appreciation of the work the association is doing for the boys of the town could be had than the presentation to poor boys of certificates of membership in the association? To keep boys from loafing on the streets or in pool or billiard rooms would be sufficient recompense for the outlay of the small amount required to give each boy a membership in the Y. M. C. A.

ENGLAND AND GERMANY

While Germany is criticising the United States for having demanded that American ships sailing to European ports shall be guaranteed safety from the threat of the kaiser to prevent any ship reaching England, Germany should not forget that her situation is entirely and radically different from that of England. The sea is open to vessels sailing English ports, and are likely to remain open, despite the kaiser's pronouncements. Germany's ports are closed and must remain closed until Germany is able to get rid of the British navy.

If the ports of Germany were as open to ships as are those of England American ships would have no hesitancy in carrying foodstuffs to Germany. It isn't a matter of sentiment with the American shippers; it is business. The Americans are willing to sell to any nation which is in a position to receive supplies, either food or armament. Germany cannot guarantee safety to American shippers of guns and ammunition any more than she can assure them that foodstuffs can be carried to German ports without interference from England.

Germany has been notified that she will be held responsible if an American ship or an American life is lost through the action of any German commander of a submarine. This protest of the United States was couched in the only language which Germany could understand. Berlin may regard the Wilson note as a threat, if so chooses, but it will be well for Germany to take a similar view of the situation to that held in this country—that the vessels of neutral nations have a right to sail the seas unmolested by any of the warring nations.

OUT OF THE QUESTION

Taxpayers of Clearfield should understand at this time what will be made evident to them later, that it

would be a waste of money as well as a very foolish thing for the board of education to erect an addition to the present high school building. Such an addition would not only be unsightly, but would serve as a mere temporary makeshift, and the school district would in a few years be under the necessity of providing for more room in which to house the students.

Public sentiment appears to be almost overwhelmingly in favor of a new high school building—a commodious structure in which each student would have ample space in which to breathe and study without being cramped. All that the taxpayers expect the board of education to do is to secure a suitable lot at a reasonable price, not to purchase a lot from anybody at a fictitious price. Lot owners who would demand an exorbitant price for what the board of education would want would be held up to scorn by the citizens.

SIX SMALL SMILES

A Pertinent Question
Short—Do you believe that a fellow-feeling makes us wondrous kind?

Long—It all depends. How much are you feeling for now?—Indianapolis Star.

A Tough Task

"Pa my sympathies are all with the kaiser."

"Why my boy?"
"Well I tried to lick four kids at once today and it's a tough job."—Detroit Free Press.

Insulting Art

"What is your occupation?"
"I am an artist."
"Yes, but what I mean is what do you do for a living?"—Baltimore American.

Circumstances Alter Cases

Lawyer—The evidence against you is too strong; too cumulative. You have no chance of acquittal.

Client—But I'm not innocent; I'm guilty.

Lawyer—Oh, that's different. Knowing that, I'll be able to get you free.—Philadelphia Ledger.

No Joke

"Have you ever thought seriously of marriage, sir?"

"Indeed I have; ever since the ceremony."—Boston Transcript.

Its Relative Feeling

"Do you suffer much with the cold in winter?"

"Well, I must say I notice it much more than in the summer."—Baltimore American.

WHEN PRUDENCE KNITS

Be she dancing, resting, sitting, Dainty Prudence is ever knitting—

Knitting, knitting, constantly. In the house or on the highway, In the town or rural byway, Openly, or in a sly way, Click her needles merrily.

Be she motoring or shopping, No a stitch or needle dropping, Still she knits and knits away, When she's laughing, when she's grieving, Out a-calling or

Knits she on past an evening From the break to set of day.

Muffers grow thro' lengthy sermons For the Belgians, French and Germans; Sweaters, waistcoats, shirts galore; Wristlet, sock and woolly mitten— Every minute she can fit in Is devoted to her knitting' For the needy man of war.

Whence it is, the I adore her As old Petrarch loved his Laura. I don't dare to mention it, Lest my soft interrogation, Voicing ardent aspiration, For a lifelong conjugation, Shall elicit only "KNIT!" —John Kendrick Bangs in Life.

OHIO OPENS HOSPITAL FOR CRIMINAL INSANE

(By United Press)

Lima, O., Feb. 15.—Ohio's \$2,000,000 hospital for the criminal insane was to be officially opened today.

Dr. Charles H. Clark, the superintendent, estimates that the first four months will see housed in the new institution about 600 patients who will be sent there from other state hospitals. This will relieve the present state asylums which are filled to more than their capacity.

State officials now plan to open hospitals yards for the special treatment of drug users and habitual drunkards.

LOUISIANA WOMAN CHARGED WITH MURDER

Shreveport, La., Feb. 15.—The case of Mrs. Lizzie Leopard, charged with having murdered her husband, whom she killed with a shotgun, was called for trial today in the district court.

Mrs. Leopard claims the killing was done in self-defense. Her case was ignored twice by one grand jury and she was indicted by the body that succeeded it.

Progressives Pledged to Fight for Principles

Philadelphia, Feb. 15.—In one of the greatest political banquets ever held in this city, members of the Washington party Friday night renewed their pledges to Progressive principles and asserted their intention to keep up their fight until their doctrines are transformed into laws.

Almost 800 members of the rank and file of the party attended the second annual banquet of the party, which was held in Lu Lu Temple, and cheered again as speakers of national fame laid down the undying principles of the organization.

Applause for Lewis

Tremendous applause greeted the declaration by Dr. William Draper Lewis that the Progressives of Pennsylvania should uphold Governor Brumbaugh in his efforts to obtain legislation embodying Progressive party principles presented to the legislature in 1913, and which, after passing the house, failed in the senate.

United States Senator Moses E. Clapp, of Minnesota, asserted that there can be no compromise in the issues which face the country. He said that no good can come while the pendulum is swinging back and forth. The only way to settle the problem of human rights and industrial justice, he declared, is to settle it right.

Progressives Right on Tariff

Congressman Victor Murdock, of Kansas, Progressive leader in the national house of representatives, was greeted with equally enthusiastic cheers as he faced the audience to declare that in the Progressive party only can be found the proper solution of the tariff question.

"We Progressives then have but three things to do—keep patent to remain independent and to stand steadfast to the principles enunciated in Chicago in 1912," he said.

Should Sit Tight

Congressman Willis J. Hulings, of Pennsylvania, pointed out that it might be possible that the Republican party will adopt the Progressive principles, "but until they do," he said, "let us sit tight."

A. L. Weipstock, chairman of the committee in charge of the banquet, opened the speech-making by introducing Doctor Lewis. He then presented Samuel Crothers, chairman of the Washington party city committee, who presided. Other speakers included Franklin Spencer Edmonds and Dr. Philip H. Moore, of West Philadelphia.

Doctor Lewis' Address

Doctor Lewis, the first speaker, said: "The bills introduced by us into the 1913 legislature were those which carried out to the letter the pledges of our platform, for every person in this room should remember, and remember with just pride, that the Washington party in Pennsylvania, as the Progressive party in the nation, is a party which keeps faith with the people."

"In our platform in this state—the Republican platform of 1912—we made certain pledges, and we at once appointed a committee to draft acts to carry these pledges into effect. Our bills passed the house. They were defeated in the senate, because the men who in this present legislature dominate the house and senate in 1913 controlled the senate."

No Faith in Gang

"You ask me whether it is possible that the organization which bitterly and successfully fought every reform in the last legislature, from a corrupt practices act to a child labor bill, will now, when they have complete control permit any measure of election, industrial or other reform, to pass the legislature. I do not know; but I do know what, under existing conditions, it is our duty to do."

"The governor of this state has announced that he will cause bills to be introduced embodying the reforms pledged in his personal platform. These bills are introduced, if they carry out in the subjects covered the main reform for which we have been striving, then our duty will be to give the governor full credit and also individually and collectively our hearty support. Under existing conditions at Harrisburg the only reform bills which have the slightest chance to become law are those backed by the governor."

Duty to Support Governor

"Our duty is to refrain from playing merely the part of critic. It is not necessary that we should point out how far any bill advocated by the governor falls short of those which we urged before the last legislature. Let us support any reform bill for which the governor is fighting, provided only that it strikes honestly and with reasonable effectiveness at an existing evil. This is not the proper time, indeed in my opinion there never has been and there never will be a proper time, for the Progressive to play petty party politics."

"Mr. Chairman, as I look over this room and see so many who have given so much of what is best in them to promote better political conditions in the nation, in the state and in the city of Philadelphia, I take satisfaction in that I am a Progressive. The things we have accomplished, as well as the things we are fighting for, are worth while."

Have Forced Issues

"We have not gained public office. The loaves and fishes of political life have gone to other, not to us. But we have done that which could not have been done for two decades more had the Progressive party not been formed. We have forced matters pertaining to social and industrial justice to become real issues in this state. Think you that the men who control the dominant political organization in Pennsylvania would today be seriously considering, for a moment child labor, working men's compensation, or any other law bettering social conditions, if they did not know that the people who wanted these things had a fighting, political organization around which to rally."

Progressives Here to Stay

"The Progressive movement and the Washington party have come to stay. The Washington party is the political organization to which the great majority of those in this state who believe in Progressive principles now belong, and under what name we may enter a political campaign we Progressives intend to keep our organization intact. For, like the celebrated John Paul Jones, we have just begun the fight. Next fall will find us in the municipal campaign; a year from next fall we will be in the presidential campaign, and our enemies, then, as now and always, will be the forces of political corruption, the gang and the reactionary."

"PUCK" TRIES A UNIQUE EXPERIMENT

First Periodical of National Scope to Turn its Columns Over to Cause of Suffrage

Of all periodicals of national influence, none has been more steadfast in its support of the cause of suffrage than Puck, the famous humorist weekly; and the announcement now comes that the publishers of this celebrated periodical have turned it, on the direction of their issue of February 20 (on sale February 16th) over to the suffrage party.

The number will be in charge of an editorial board of prominent suffragists composed of Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, Mrs. Norman De R. Whitehouse, Mrs. Annie O'Hagan Shinn, Mrs. Margaret Ayer Cobb and Mrs. Alice Duer Miller. These leaders have in turn enlisted the editorial support of some of the greatest literary and artistic celebrities of the day, including George Ade, R. L. Goldberg, Richard Le Gallienne, Norman Hapgood, Peter Finley Dunne, Charles Hanson Towne, Gertrude, Atherton, "F. P. A.," James Humekey, Irvin Cobb, John Kendrick Bangs, Wallace Irwin, Julian Street, and a host of others. Unquestionably, the number will carry contributions from the most

CLASSIFIED WANTS

Rate—One cent per word each insertion.

Minimum charge Ten Cents.

Positions Wanted Free. No charge will be made to persons desiring positions.

POSITIONS WANTED

WANTED—General housework by a young lady with a child one and one-half years old. — Call Progress office. 2-12-St.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, for light house keeping. Call at 326 Fourth street.

WANTED—An energetic, ambitious active man to establish permanent business. Health and Accident Insurance. Immediate cash returns and future. Address, National Casualty Company, Detroit, Mich. 17

WANTED—Dining room girls at Witmer Inn. Call at hotel office. 17

WANTED—Position by married sober and industrious man; handy with tools. Address S. E. Mc, care Progress.

brilliant galaxy of literary "stars" ever assembled in a single issue of an American periodical.

Local suffrage leaders are enthusiastic over winning the support of a national periodical to the extent of controlling its editorial destinies for a special issue, and a number of comely young suffragists will sell the issue on the streets, recognizing its powerful propaganda possibilities.

Newsdealers declare that the advance orders for the number indicates an enormous interest in the suffrage movement, and they anticipate no little difficulty in supplying the greatly increased demand for the Suffrage Number of Puck.

"So far as I know," writes the Editor of Puck to the Progress "no other periodical of national scope has ever donated an entire edition to the cause of equal suffrage, and we are proud to say that this number is the most brilliant we have ever turned out."

Mother's Bread
THE BEST BREAD
CITY BAKERY
NO. 12 THIRD ST.
Clearfield, Penn'a.

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Furniture, Rugs,
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L. F. HOUSER
Graduate and Licensed
Embroider and Federal Director
H. & C. Phone Nos. 209 Bridge St.
Clearfield, Pa.

Mark Twain
on being asked how many cigars he smoked in a day, answered that he never kept track on his habits, but he always smoked two rolls in Smoking.
First—Never smoke while sleeping, and
Second—To smoke nothing but pure tobacco cigars.
Third—Second rule can be adhered to strictly by smoking
Citizen's Club Cigars.
No dope or flavoring used in their manufacture.
For Sale here exclusively by
C. M. RHINE,
Clearfield, Pa.

THE NEW DRAYMAN
HARRY HEATON
Has the best Coal
for sale and
Light Draying
Call W. G. Heaton, H. & C. Phone

TAXI?
CALL
Wallace Garage
PRICES MODERATE
H. & C. Phone Third Street

AFTER ALL
The Greatest Safety to Depositors is
Good Management
This Bank is Directed by the Following
BOARD OF DIRECTORS
Hon. Singleton Bell, President Judge 4th Judicial District
John Dimeling, Dimeling & Bloom, Lumber
A. E. Leitzinger, Leitzinger Brothers Department Store
Thos. H. Murray, Murray & O'Loughlin, Attorneys
H. S. Whiteman, Jr., Vice President and Cashier
William I. Betts, President Chamber of Commerce
William P. Hopkins, Trustee Estate A. C. Hopkins
James Mitchell, President
W. H. Patterson, Patterson & Glasgow, Attorneys

THE CLEARFIELD NATIONAL BANK
"The Bank of Service"

5 The Clearfield Progress 5
Great Voting Contest
Good For 5 Votes For
Miss District No
If presented at The Clearfield Progress Office on or before Saturday, Feb. 20, 1915. Trim neatly for filing and deposit in the ballot box at this office.
5 DO NOT FOLD THIS COUPON. 5

CLIP THIS CERTIFICATE TODAY

FREE CERTIFICATE
—ILLUSTRATED—
BIBLE STORIES FOR OLD AND YOUNG
—PRESENTED TO YOU BY—

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1915

The above Certificate, with FIVE others, entitles any one to a copy of the \$3 book, "ILLUSTRATED BIBLE STORIES FOR OLD AND YOUNG," if presented at the office of this newspaper, together with the amount of 89c to cover the necessary expenses of advertising and promotion.

The \$3 Book Illustrated Bible Stories for Young and Old

A book for all people, young or old—entirely un-denominational. It tells the facts and events of the Bible in simple, easily understood language. It is the work of J. W. BUELL, Ph. D. Over 500 illustrations by the world's noted artists, in full color plates from the famous Tassie collection. So facts, based on old Greek and Latin manuscripts, are given in vivid, colorful, large type, super-calendered book paper. The book is 6 1/2 x 9 inches, 74 pages, L. C. A.

MAIL ORDERS—By parcel post, include EXTRA 8 cents within 100 miles 15 cents, 125 to 200 miles, for greater distances ask your postmaster amount to include for 5 books.

ONLY A SHORT TIME IS LEFT

OF THE

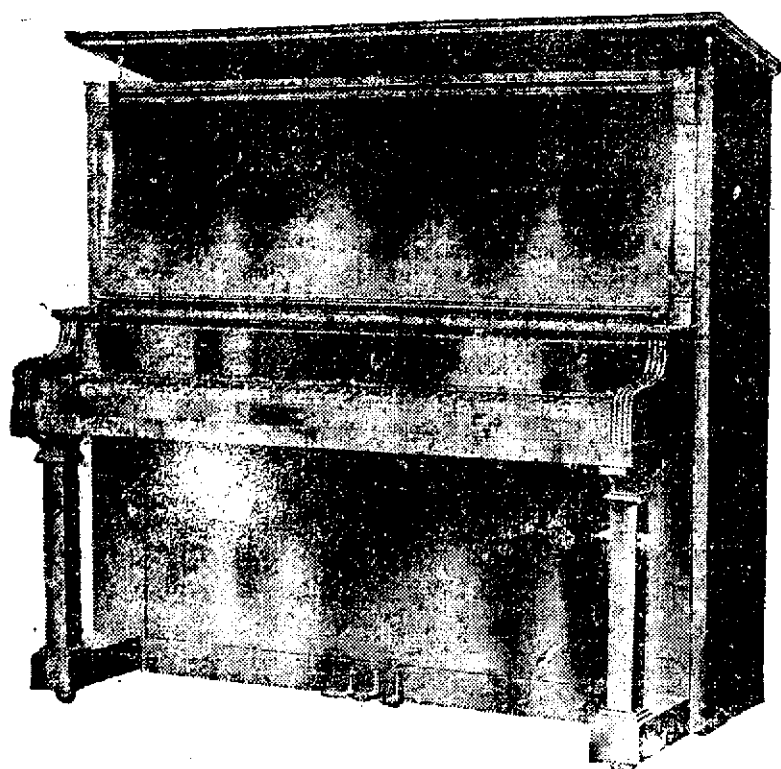
Clearfield Progress Popular Voting Contest

With Its Unusual Offer and Opportunities for the Ladies of Clearfield and Community

\$50.00 In Special Cash Prizes Awarded February 20 at 10 P.M.

Fifteen Valuable Prizes - - - - - All Free to the Ladies

The Big Secondary Prize



High-Grade Baumeister Piano
With Bench and Scarf
VALUE \$400.00

Purchased from Sheeder's Music House
Clearfield, Pa., and now on
Display at their store

The Third Prizes

Three Handsome Gold Watches, Elgin
or Hampton Movements. Fully Guar-
anteed for Twenty Years. Purchased from
Kennard & Snyder, Jewelers, and now on
display in their window.

The Fourth Prizes

\$5.00 Three Awards of **\$5.00**
\$5.00 in Gold **\$5.00**

This is positively the greatest offer ever
made by any newspaper in this section of
the state. All prizes are exactly as an-
nounced, and every detail of the voting is
strictly fair and equitable.

Another Secondary Prize

A Handsome
Diamond Ring
Genuine and

Perfect Stone

VALUE \$100.00

Purchased from Kennard & Snyder,
The Jewelers, Clearfield, Pa., and
now on display at their store

The Third Secondary Prize

\$25 **MERCHANDISE ORDER**
On a Clearfield Depart-
ment Store. Goods to
be selected by the winner

To Our Readers:

Votes are issued on both old and new subscrip-
tions. If you have not already handed your sub-
scription to your favorite, you should do so this
week. You must help name the winner.

The First Prizes Three Grand 28-Day Tours to The Panama-Pacific and San Diego Expositions

Including much splendid sight-seeing, first-class private car service and all expenses. The Ladies winning the trips will be permitted to select the time for making this delightful tour of the Wonderful west.

THE year 1915 is here. With it has come the event that will make the year's page in history stand out as in bas-relief. The Panama-Pacific International Exposition at San Francisco is the most wonderful of all celebrations, and it commemorates the most wonderful achievement of man. The great Exposition is a wonderland of fascinating color. The illumination is the most spectacular ever attempted. Forty foreign nations and forty-three states and territories are participating in this \$50,000,000 monument to peace and culture. More than 300 national and international congresses and conventions are meeting in San Francisco so that the many hundred thousand members may have the advantage of the Exposition. Hundreds of great special events are on the Exposition program, making several for each day of the 288 that the Exposition gates are open to the world between Feb. 20 and Dec. 4.

\$50.00 IN ADDED CASH PRIZES FREE

DIVIDED INTO THREE AWARDS AS FOLLOWS

\$25.00

\$15.00

\$10.00

These Three Special Cash Prizes will be given the three Ladies securing and turning in the three largest numbers of votes between Monday, February 8th, and Saturday, February 20th at 10 P. M.

These Cash Prizes will be awarded without regard to district division and votes cast for them will also count for the big contest Awards.

ILLUSTRATED BIBLE STORIES

FOR EVERY PROGRESS READER

PRESENTATION OFFER

**Every Adult
SHOULD READ
This Book**

Our decision to distribute "Illustrated Bible Stories for Young and Old" to the readers of The CLEARFIELD PROGRESS came only after we were firmly convinced that this remarkable book is the greatest educational offering of modern times.

"Illustrated Bible Stories for Young and Old" relates all Bible events in plain and simple language for every-day man or woman. It recounts the life histories of Bible characters in chronological order, and in such a natural and interesting manner as to fascinate and hold your attention from first to last.

It is The Bible, from Genesis to Revelation, presented in the form of a continuous story, free from involved sentences or obscure passages.

**Young People Are
Fascinated by Its
Entertaining Style.**

Written by IAN MACLAREN (Rev. John Watson, D. D.,) Author of "Beside the Bonnie Briar Bush"; and J. WILLIAM BUEL, Ph.D. The Popular Author. This was the last important literary contribution of Dr. Watson before his death.

Importance ofThe Bible

The most progressive and enlightened nations are those where the Bible is most widely circulated.

It makes no difference whether or not you read The Bible, these "Illustrated Bible Stories" will interest and help you; they are practical, sound and profitable—they will make you fit and keen for the problems of life.

There are More Than 500 Text Pictures

in black and white. These are not reproductions from more or less familiar modern photographs, but have been especially made with a view to historical accuracy in the light of 20th Century knowledge.

Besides these text illustrations there are

16 Costly Color Plates

from famous paintings, considered by authorities everywhere as the most important contribution to scriptural illustration ever produced; representing a

\$40,000 Picture Collection

Description of This \$3.00 Book

The illustration at the left shows the book in its full size. There are

More Than 800 Pages

printed in large, clear type on super-bleached book paper, bound in sea green vellum; cover is printed in gold, scarlet and black, and is regularly priced at \$3.

How to Get It

The CLEARFIELD PROGRESS has secured a limited supply of this wonderful book, from a stupendous advance edition printed solely for

Complimentary Distribution

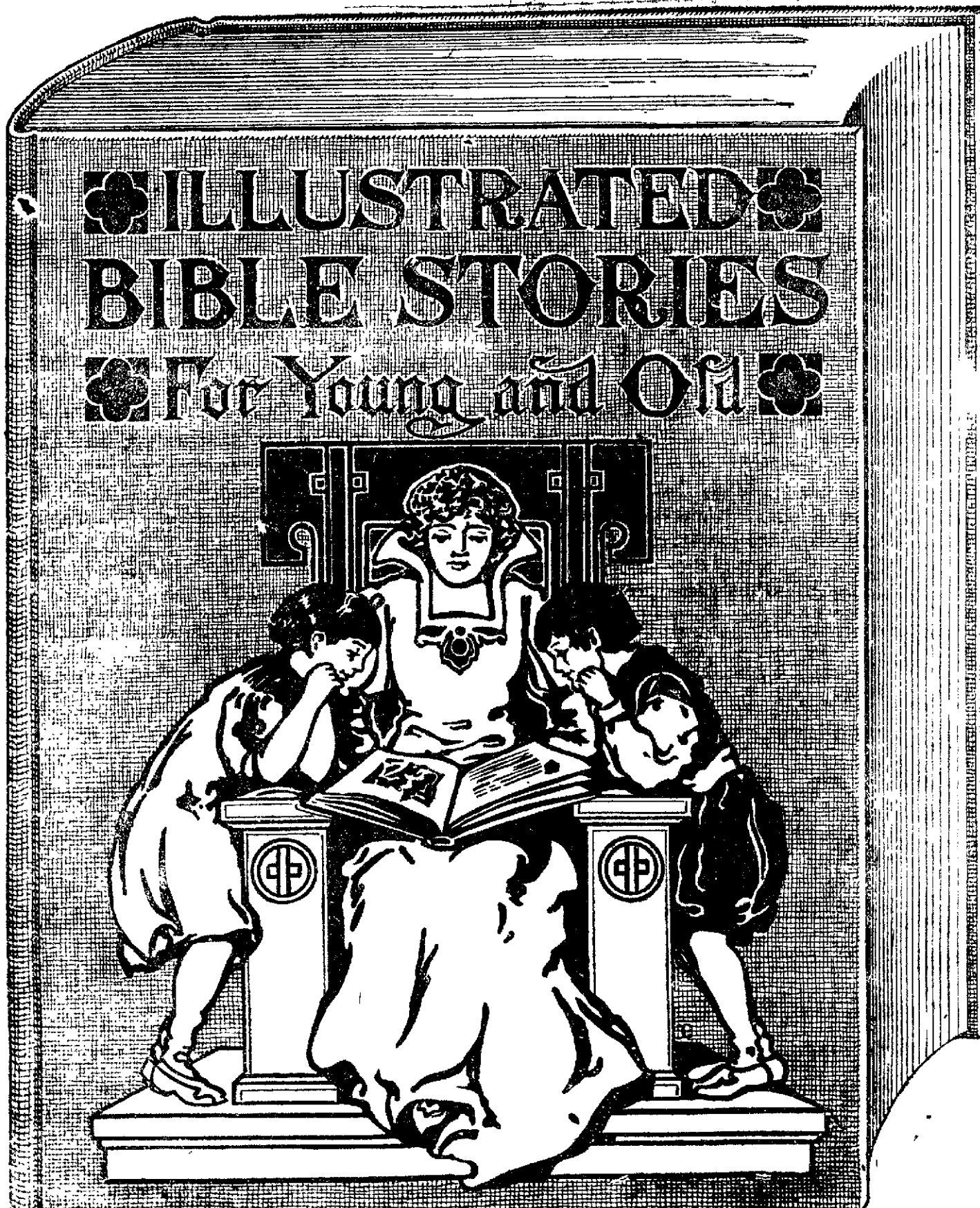
among the readers of a big syndicate of leading newspapers. The enormous size of this purchase has made possible the distribution of the book for a nominal promotion amount which barely covers advertising, clerk hire, express from factory, etc.

It is the greatest educational offering ever presented to our readers.

CLIP SIX FREE CERTIFICATES

appearing daily in another column of this paper; bring it to THE CLEARFIELD PROGRESS Office, together with the promotion amount of 89 cents, and secure this \$3 book without further cost.

Mail Orders by Parcel Post include Extra 8 cents within 150 miles, 12 cents 150 to 300 miles, for greater distance ask your postmaster amount to include for 1 pound. Address, The Clearfield Progress, Clearfield, Pa.



THE KNAPSACK BELT.

New Suit That Shows This
Beltorial Embellishment.



GABARDONE AFTERNOON GOWN.

An afternoon frock of sand colored silk gabardine, the full skirt gathered and plaited and hemmed with a stiff corded band, is pictured here. The bodice is long sleeved and high colored, the belt crossing in knapsack fashion over a tiny peplum at the back. Trimmings of dark blue embroidery and small self covered buttons adorn the frock.

SPRING GARMENTS.

Fuller Skirts Characteristic of the New Season's Styles.

The fuller skirt is the notable feature of the new season's styles. It is accompanied by simple bodices, with high neck, narrow shoulders and long sleeves. The waist line is either normal or raised, says the Dry Goods Economist, speaking of spring fashions.

Suit coats include tailored and demi-tailored effects, with preference for the tailored. Tailored coats with belts placed at a high or slightly raised waist line are particularly strong at present. Flare effects are also emphasized.

Separate coats have considerable flare at the bottom edge and are being shown in three-quarter length or slightly shorter. High waist line effects are very prominent, and belts are being freely used.

Skirts of dresses and suits and also separate skirts include the circular and gathered forms, together with box and side plaited effects. Dress skirts include the rolled and tiered designs, together with a limited number of voluminous tunics accompanying narrow underskirts. Yokes are used on many of the new skirts.

Bandeau For the Hair.
A hair ornament that is very attractive and one that would make an acceptable gift is of rhinestones mounted on blue velvet. There is a narrow bandeau to go about the head and two curved ends that stand upright. They are all formed of a string of rhinestones held on a wired twist of sap blue blue velvet.

SUSAN B. ANTHONY'S BIRTHDAY REMEMBERED

Rochester, N. Y., Feb. 15.—The memory of Susan B. Anthony, who probably accomplished more than any other one woman for the advancement of the equal suffrage cause in this country, was honored today with the placing of wreaths on her grave, in commemoration of the ninety-fifth anniversary of her birth. Miss Anthony was born at Adams, Mass., Feb. 15, 1820. Her death occurred in this city, March 10, 1906.

FOR SALE—Safe; will sell at sacrifice if taken at once. See it at Sheeder's Music House.

SEES WAR BETWEEN U. S. AND GERMANY

London, Feb. 15.—The Politiken, of Copenhagen, commenting on the situation between the United States and Germany, is quoted in a dispatch from the Danish capital to the Exchange Telegraph company as saying: "America is acting with all the energy which might be expected and her note contains a grave warning, so grave that war between Germany and the United States can no longer be regarded as an impossibility."

It continues: "President Wilson and Secretary of State Bryan are peace-loving men but public opinion in America and anti-German sentiment may drive them further than they desire."

"America stands to win a lot merely by confiscating the German ships now interned in American harbors. Germany has everything to lose, both now and in the future, and it is earnestly to be hoped that the American warning will not be without the desired effect in Berlin."

Further dispatches to the Exchange Telegraph company say that the German warning to neutral shipping has caused a feeling of anxiety and suspense in Scandinavia as there are 150 steamers coming from over the seas.



GENERAL SIR IAN HAMILTON

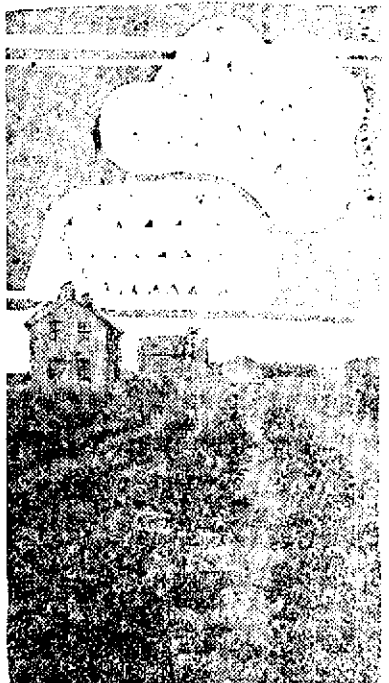
Commander of the huge British army which is prepared against German invasion. This army now numbers about 500,000 men.

Making the Little Farm Pay

By C. C. BOWSFIELD

People are just beginning to grasp the idea of succession crops. Land properly handled may be made to do double duty and greatly add to acreage profits without decreasing soil fertility.

This kind of intensive work is especially important on little farms, where it is necessary to secure a living income from five, ten or twenty acres. Even in the extreme north two or three crops can be produced on a piece



Space in the garden may be saved by planting corn between alternate rows of potatoes after the last cultivation, and when the potatoes are harvested winter turnips may be planted, thus keeping the ground busy all the season. If early peas are planted three feet apart corn may be started between the rows, and when the peas are off squash seeds may be put in. It is even possible to have pole beans climb up the cornstalks, although this is carrying intensive culture to extremes.

When the ground is to be kept covered all the season, it is necessary to have it rich, to cultivate it thoroughly and to use the hoe freely from spring until fall. If the owner of a little place is willing to observe these three points, it will be easy for him to grow an amount of produce that will amaze his neighbors. Fall plowing is essential and manure should be spread quite liberally and covered to a depth of eight to twelve inches.

What to grow in the hothed in order to get ready for this sort of intensive gardening depends on your market or what you want to use it for. Leaf lettuce and radishes are always in demand in early spring. They are somewhat easier to grow than other crops. For lettuce start a small bed early and transplant in space 4 by 5 inches when they have grown to the second leaf. The soil should be moist, but not wet. Do not water them until after the plants get a good start.

This matter of watering is a particular part of the work. Water should be applied only during the early hours of the day and when the sun is shining. Plenty of ventilation is also important and the edge of the sash should be raised according to the heat of the day, closing up in time to hold the heat after the sun goes down.

Radishes are easy to raise, but if they are forced too much they are liable to go mostly to tops. A few days longer in growing will give them better quality. All small, imperfect seed ought to be sifted out. The stand should average from one-half inch to an inch in the row, and the rows ought to be five inches apart.

It usually pays to start early tomatoes, cabbage, cauliflower and other winter vegetables in the hothouse, so that they get a good start before the ground is warm enough for them.

Manure For Hotheds.
Fresh horse manure, containing a liberal amount of straw or other litter, is the best material to furnish heat in the hothed. It is raised in a covered and preserved under cover. It requires about one two horse load for every two sash.

Cause of His Pessimism.
Orator — On the surface things are often right, but it is when we explore the depths of things that we see the deceptions of our fellow creatures. One of the Grand — Giv'ner, you've been buying a barrel of apples, haven't you?—London Tit Bits.

For intercropping the following may be used:
Radishes with beets, carrots or parsnips, tomatoes or corn.
Squashes, pumpkins, with corn.
Early onions with cauliflower or cabbage.
Lettuce with early cabbage, corn or tomatoes.

Lettruce, followed by beans and tomatoes.
Spring spinach, followed by beans and tomatoes.
Early carrots, followed by spinach, kale, turnips and winter radishes.
Early corn, followed by second crop of corn, by beans, to stoos or celery.

For intercropping the following may be used:
Radishes with beets, carrots or parsnips, tomatoes or corn.
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Early onions with cauliflower or cabbage.
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TRADE UNIONS WAR ON TUBERCULOSIS

What Organized Labor Has Done to Stamp Out Dread Disease.

ORGANIZED labor has not been entirely unaided in the fight against tuberculosis, although many of the largest unions have paid little or no attention to the plague which is decimating their membership.

The Typographical and Cigar-makers' unions have been among the pioneers in their appreciation of the problem of tuberculosis in their ranks. As early as 1888 the International Typographical union opened an annex of eight beds in its home at Colorado Springs for tuberculous printers. This work, accompanied for years by an educational campaign, has helped to control the spread of tuberculosis in this craft. The cigar-makers, while they have not opened any institution of their own, have for more than ten years preached and practiced in many ways the prevention of tuberculosis.

Following the success of the Typographical union, the International Printing Pressmen and Assistants' union in 1911 opened a home with special provision for tuberculous brothers at Rogersville, Tenn. The International Photo-engravers' union has for five years given the subject of tuberculosis careful consideration and has devised and enforced many helpful regulations for improving the working conditions in this craft. Tuberculous members of this union are cared for in private and public tuberculosis sanitariums in various parts of the country.

In 1909 the International Boot and Shoe Workers' union recommended that its members ally themselves with the organized anti-tuberculosis campaign in various parts of the country. This action has since been followed up in various ways. The National Brotherhood of Operative Pottery, following a careful study of tuberculosis in their industry, has set aside a fund for the care of their consumptive members.

The American Federation of Labor for the last six or seven years has also repeatedly by special resolution endorsed the general anti-tuberculosis campaign or special phases of it. A number of other national and international unions and several local and federations have also co-operated in special ways with the anti-tuberculosis movement.

TO FORCE COMPENSATION.

Proposed New York Law Compels Railroads to Accept State's Rules.

Under the provisions of a bill recently introduced in the New York legislature by Senator Whitney of Saratoga employees of railroads doing an interstate business or workmen engaged in foreign commerce and not already protected by the federal compensation act will have recourse to the workmen's compensation law in the state to obtain indemnification for injury sustained in their employment. The bill makes it compulsory for employers in this class to provide such compensation under the terms of the New York compensation act.

Under the Whitney bill the amendatory legislation for which it provides is made an amendment to the charters or franchises of all domestic corporations engaged in interstate or interstate commerce. The big railroads, which thus far have resisted all efforts on the part of the compensation commission to get them to accept the terms of the present compensation law, will be compelled to come in if the Whitney bill becomes law.

A Colorado Wise Man.
Alphonse P. Ardourel, member of the Colorado legislature, has a remedy for strikes. This would be a law to include strikes in the list of things treasonable. The penalty will be death. At present there is no penalty for violating armed Cossacks or private armies in the pay of corporations. By defining this as "rebellion" and making Colorado the first state in the Union to provide a penalty for treason against the state the legislator is confident that agitators will disappear and this commonwealth will become a land of milk and honey.

If your Suit or Coat is beginning to look shabby, buy one of the good quality suits on sale at half price at LEITZINGER BROS.

WANTED—Young man with good business experience and best references desires position. Address W. G. care Progress.

(Advertise in the Progress)

ALLEN & BARTHOLOMEW French Dry Cleaning and Pressing Works

H. & C. PHONE 104

112 Market Street Clearfield, Penna.
All work called for and delivered.

MEN'S LIST	
Suits, cleaned and pressed	\$1.50
Coats, cleaned and pressed	1.00
Pants, cleaned and pressed	.50c
Fancy Vests, cleaned and pressed	.35c up
Overshirts, cleaned and pressed	1.25 to 1.50
Raincoats cleaned and pressed	1.25
Bath Robes, cleaned and pressed	.75c to 1.00
Sweaters, cleaned and pressed	.35c to .50c
Caps, cleaned and pressed	.15c
Gloves, cleaned and pressed	10-15c
Suits, sponged and pressed	.75c
Coats, sponged and pressed	.50c
Pants, sponged and pressed	.25c
Overcoats, sponged and pressed	.65c
LADIES' LIST	
Suits, cleaned and pressed	\$1.50 to 1.75

DIRECTING A BATTLE.

New the General Staff Keeps in Touch With the Firing Line.

In wartime the many threads leading from the long battle line at length reach a common point, which is the headquarters of the general staff. The activity of each officer attached to the general staff is therefore of the greatest importance for the success of every military enterprise.

During the action every officer of the staff is at the immediate disposal of the commanding general and assists him in the carrying out of orders.

Among the duties of the staff officer during action belong the gathering and compilation of reports which are constantly pouring in to headquarters and which give intimation of the progress of the battle. The staff officer must observe the needs of the troops in action. He must keep a close watch on their supply of ammunition. He must see that their commanders properly execute the orders of the commanding general. He must look after the wounded, see that they are properly treated and sent to hospitals. He must see to it that prisoners are properly cared for and that the commissariat is adequately provided for and the provisioning of the troops.

Sometimes the commanding general intrusts a staff officer with the observation of the action of the opposing forces which may be beyond the view of headquarters, or he may be sent to the firing line with important orders to commanders there, which, however, the staff officer has authority to alter if in his judgment this is necessary.

During defense movements it is of particular importance to observe closely the movements of the opposing forces in order to make preparation for counter moves, such as advances, retreats, the sending of reinforcements and other movements of troops. The execution of these movements falls within the province of the staff officer.

The training of the staff officer is very thorough. A complete practical course in military science, extending over many years of active service with various bodies of troops, is augmented by years of study at the war college, which embraces the last word in the theoretical science of modern warfare. —New York Tribune.

BEARD OF THE TURK.

It is Sacred, For by It He Pledges His Word and Honor.

Some years ago the German Colonel von Seibitzing, instructor in the Ottoman army, was shot dead on parade at Yildiz kiosk by a young Albanian soldier, Radji Salim, because the German in correcting the faulty pose of the soldier's beard touched his chin with his riding whip.

Unfortunately the colonel did not know or did not remember that to touch a Mohammedan's chin is a grave offense from a religious viewpoint. It is by the beard of the prophet or his own beard that he swears allegiance and makes his vows and promises. According to a Turkish general, an Albanian would kill his own father in an disrespectful a manner. A Mohammedan military service is simply a religious duty, and it implies a voluntary submission to discipline. But Turkish officers know better than to touch their men rudely or even to shout at them.

Of course it was a very regrettable misunderstanding and the Sultan at

a telegram to the Kaiser to express his sorrow, and an Imperial Ottoman decree and three Turkish ministers followed the victim's home to the cemetery. But in the interests of discipline the murderer had to die despite an appeal for a reprieve from the emperor's widow.

The Albanian was shot by ten men of his own battalion, and when he was asked before the execution if he repeated of the deed he repented twice in a firm voice. "No!"—Washington Star.

He Rede.
While walking along a dusty road in Illinois in his clove days Lincoln was overtaken by a stranger driving to town. "Will you have the goodness to take my overcoat to town for me?" asked Lincoln.
"With pleasure. But how will you get it again?"
"Oh, very readily! I intend to be made in it," was Lincoln's prompt reply.

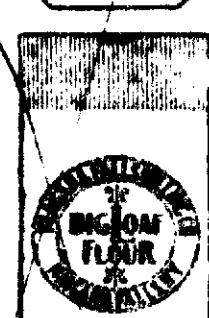
Upholstering and Picture Framing

This is to notify the public that during the month of February I will make special Low prices on all Upholstering and Picture Framing.

I will call for and deliver all work. H. & C. Phone

A. LEA HESS, Fourth Street, Clearfield.

The Very Best Flour That Money Can Buy



Geo. H. Lum

DUBOIS, PA. Sole Agent

NOTICE! Stop Waste of Water

All persons are notified to keep water faucets closed when not drawing water for use.

Running water will not be permitted and all leaky fixtures must be repaired to prevent waste.

Consumers' services will be metered where this notice is disregarded and unnecessary wastes of water continued.

Clearfield Water Company

ELECTROLIERS

We Have a Nice Line of Electric Fixtures in One, Two, Three and Four Light. Also Side Brackets.

A Pretty Two-Light Chandelier will Replace that drop cord and add to the Appearance of the Room, and will Only Cost \$3.25.

A Beautiful Stock of Shades From 15c up.

Come in and See Them.

Oppo. Witmer Inn

HARDER'S GUN WORKS

Clearfield, Penn'a.

JUST RECEIVED—200 Ladies' all wool Skirts—\$3.00 and \$4.00 value—Special at \$1.98—Come early—MIR-KIN'S.

VICTORY NEAR FOR MANY IN POPULAR CAMPAIGN

(Continued From Page One)

ments will reach this office before the close of the voting on Saturday. Subscriptions sent or brought direct to the Progress office will receive the same careful attention as if handed in by the contestants.

A number of local persons who made subscriptions payments to the vote credit of their favorites during the first part of the contest have been heard to make the remark: "Wish I had given Miss So and So a longer term subscription." We wish to make it plain to all daily and weekly Progress subscribers that they may extend their subscriptions for as long a term as they desire up to the five year limit, and on all such subscriptions the

contestants will receive the same number of votes as if the entire payment had been made at the first of the contest. The matter of the extension subscriptions has been repeated a number of times as there have been many requests regarding the matter and it is really one of the very important details of the contest.

If there are any details of the voting or the awarding of the special cash prizes on Saturday that are not entirely clear to all of the contestants, as well as their assistants, co-workers and well wishers, inquiry should be made at once so that all will be familiar with the awarding of the substantial cash prizes on Saturday night.

District No. 1.

Miss Rachael Flood	Clearfield	56,925
Miss Catherine Nebgin	Clearfield	53,875
Miss Clara McLaughlin	Clearfield	46,380
Miss Vera Bressler	Clearfield	46,095
Miss Hazel Cramer	Clearfield	44,930
Miss Lulu Robb	Clearfield	35,120
Miss Lulu Haney	Clearfield	35,380
Miss Pearl Peters	Clearfield	32,540
Miss Emma Witherow	Clearfield	28,695
Miss Jennie Carlson	Clearfield	30,795
Miss Freda Colgrove	Clearfield	25,110
Miss Mary Shirey	Clearfield	23,070
Miss Edith Hughes	Clearfield	21,680
Miss Maude Graham	Clearfield	22,150
Miss Julia Duckett	Clearfield	17,220

District No. 2.

Miss Ruth Addleman	Curwensville	58,200
Miss Blanche McNaul	Curwensville	55,160
Miss Hattie McCormick	Mahaffey	54,810
Miss Helen Johnson	Bell's Landing	53,485
Miss Lena Wall	Grampian	37,820
Miss Sarah Smith	Grampian	35,170
Miss Jeanette Weber	Troutville	19,675
Miss Ernestine Rafferty	Grampian	19,210
Miss Katherine Donahay	Irvona	12,290
Miss Marie Stafford	Glen Hope	11,620
Miss Rosa White	Coalport	11,840

DISTRICT No. 3.

Miss Olga Jacobson	Winburne	52,40
Miss Cylene Paul	Philipsburg	51,56
Miss Mable Young	Woodland	49,660
Miss Maude Stewart	Winburne	27,790
Miss Dolly Stevens	Woodland	27,035
Miss Ethel Homer	Philipsburg	25,215
Miss Pauline Faulkner	Philipsburg	21,530
Miss Mary Smolin	Winburne	21,830
Miss Flossie C. Evans	Osceola Mills	20,015
Miss Agnes O'Conner	Houtzdale	18,635
Miss Mary Wells	Osceola Mills	17,265

For the Children

Young German Patriots
Saluting Kaiser Wilhelm.



Photo by American Press Association.

Young people, as a rule, are intensely patriotic. They believe—and it is natural they should—that no country equals their own native land. No other nation is so great and powerful and nowhere else are the soldiers so brave. It is entirely proper that one should cherish a love of country and home, for without patriotism to inspire it no nation would amount to much. The boys in the picture are German, and their picture was taken during a recent visit of the German emperor to Berlin. At the present time he does not spend much time at his capital, but more frequently is at the battle front. The boys, you will notice, are dressed in uniform. They were standing at their window so as to be able to see their loved ruler, and when he arrived opposite their place they saluted in true military fashion.

Double Beheadings.

1.—Remove the first letter from a word which signifies durable and leave a piece of furniture; behead again and leave a word that implies skill.
2.—Remove the first letter from a building material and leave a musical sound; take away the next letter and leave a unit.

3.—Remove the first letter from a part of harness and leave a trail; speed; behead again and leave a spot.

4.—Remove the first letter from a grain and create warmth; behead again and learn what to do with the first word.

5.—Remove the first letter from an edge and leave a piece of amusement; remove the next letter and you can write with it.

6.—Remove the first letter from the cost and leave a grain; behead again and leave something very cold.

7.—Remove the first letter from a shallow dish and you will be behind time; take away the next letter and it will be eaten.

Answers.—1. Stable, table, able. 2. Stone, tone, one. 3. Trace, race, ace. 4. Wheat, heat, eat. 5. Brink, drink, ink. 6. Price, rice, ice. 7. Plate, late, ate.

The Game of Teapot.

An amusing game to be played by any number is called "teapot." Let one player choose a word. The others are to guess the word. In order to do this they all ask questions which the word chooser must answer. This sounds simple. The difficulty, however, is that the chosen word must have two meanings, "roll," for instance, which may mean either the variety we enjoy for breakfast, or to turn over and over. Or it may be words spelled differently, but pronounced alike, such as "night" and "knight."

In answering the questions the player must use the meanings alternately, substituting "teapot" for the chosen word. Thus, suppose the word is "roll," the beginner might ask, "Does it belong to the vegetable kingdom?" The answer would be, "Teapot does belong to the vegetable kingdom."

Suppose the next player asks, "How would you get to the top of a high mountain?" The answer might be, "I could not teapot there." The successful guesser has the privilege of choosing the next word.

MILKOLOGY

Simplified and Perfected

The food value of milk is based on the per cent of butter fat. If you are paying 5 cent per quart for milk testing 3 1-2 to 4 per cent butter fat, milk showing 4 1-2 to 5 1-2 per cent should sell at 25 per cent advance as it contains 1-4 more food value, or if "a bottle of milk is a bottle of milk" (??) why not take the skin at cream prices?

The Pasteurized Milk Co made no increase in price and is furnishing milk testing 4 1-2 to 5 1-2 per cent butter fat, protecting the quality by weekly Babcock standardized tests. Yes!

Further, we have organized a bacteriological board, consisting of three of the best pathologists in our city. Our milk will be analyzed regularly for bacteria by this board, which will devise and suggest every precaution necessary to the delivery to your door of as pure and fine a quality of milk as is produced in the world. Quality, service, protection, low price.

Your patronage solicited.

PASTEURIZED MILK CO. 35

MR. BUSINESS MAN: What Does This Mean?

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of authorities in Russia. The state-
ment says that the kaiser is willing
to abandon Russia, if necessary, to
make satisfactory peace for herself.

STEEL CO. HEAD SEES PROSPERITY IN NEAR FUTURE

The United States Steel Corporation is to resume all construction work in the Pittsburgh district which was suspended during the depression of last year. This was the welcome evidence of prosperity announced last night by the corporation's president, James A. Farrell, speaking at the Hotel Schenley before the thirty-fifth annual banquet of the Engineers' Society of Western Pennsylvania. It was fitting climax to a carefully prepared paper which he read, and which teemed with optimism, and when its full import dawned upon the assemblage, a wild burst of delight and applause kept the venerable steel king smiling and beaming for several minutes.

The simple announcement means that thousands of men who have been either out of employment altogether, or working upon part time, will shortly be able to use their labors at full time, full pay, and the inevitable "full dinner pail" which is the emblem of the depression; the action will bring to the Pittsburgh district.

From the PITTSBURGH
PRESS of Wednesday, Feb. 10,
1915.

STY
Hello! Here
ville again.

Quite a large cro-
Stoneville church.
Services were con-
dies from Freeland
Stella Hallman,
at W. T. Flegu-
Miss Lottie F.
Fairview, where she
weeks with her
hond.

Lloyd Stone cal-
day evening.

Fred Royer is
again after a very
his home in Fre-
Edith Stone spe-

Saturday at her ter-
Grampan.

Randall Stone
school again.

John Stone spent
at George Wisor's.

Blake Shugart
through Stonevi-

sitting on a ban-
Viggo and Mar-

church at Stonevi-
Willard Albrigo

are every day vis-
school.

Alton Irwin had
field Saturday.

There will be a
Sunday afternoon

Miss William F.
Lenetta and Ab-
with Mrs. Flegu-

meal
Blake Shugart's
Sto- Monday eve-

A very delight-
was held at the
or Saturday

being Mr. Wisor's
day Miss W.

IT MEANS PROSPERITY TO YOU

WHY?—Because, when the big industries of this country start to work, it means more work for the Railroads—It means bigger trains to haul these products to the mills in their crude form, and to haul them away when they are finished—and bigger trains mean MORE COAL CONSUMED.

Likewise, when these mammoth industries start at full blast—every man working—engines running full time—THEY CONSUME MORE COAL.

And, when the Coal business booms—then is the time that

CLEARFIELD COUNTY BOOMS

This should spell more business for YOU—FOR EVERY MERCHANT IN CLEARFIELD AND THE COUNTY. Are YOU going to get YOUR SHARE of it? Do YOU know HOW to get YOUR SHARE?

ADVERTISE! ADVERTISE!

and the best advertising medium in the county is the newspaper which reaches into the surrounding towns of the county, as well as going into nearly every home in Clearfield borough—and that newspaper is

The Clearfield Progress

with a PAID UP DAILY circulation that is close to the 3000 mark.

Call us on either telephone and we will gladly quote our rates, and show you the many different towns where the PROGRESS circulates every evening.

PROGRESSIVE PUBLISHING CO. CLEARFIELD, PENNA.

GAVE THEM A CHANCE; THEY PROVED HONEST

(By United Press)

Denver, Feb. 15.—Out of 700 boys Judge Ben. B. Lindsey, of the juvenile court, has sentenced to reformatories and sent them unaccompanied to the institution where they were to serve out their sentence, only five have run away. This covers a period of fourteen years. And of the five who did break their word three later apologized to the judge. The other two were captured within a short time.

Judge Lindsey celebrated the fourteenth anniversary of his system of putting convicted boys upon their honor only a few days ago. The day was marked by the receipt of word that Robert Gregg, 17, sentenced to the reformatory at Buena Vista, had arrived there. Judge Lindsey sent young Gregg unaccompanied to the institution. Gregg was convicted of contributing to juvenile delinquency by going through a false marriage ceremony with a girl. He was sentenced to serve from one to four years in the reformatory, and Warden Capp declares that after delivering himself up the boy proved so earnest and capable that he is certain he will be an ideal prisoner.

Only five per cent. of the youths sentenced from Judge Lindsey's court are sent to the reformatories under guard. Aside from the good influence the establishment of the honor system has upon the boys, the judge estimates that he has saved the state \$5,000 in traveling expenses and fees by doing away with the guards who formerly delivered the prisoners to the reformatory wardens.

A Desirable Property For Sale

Located on West Pine Street. A modern home in every respect; bath, steam heat, etc. Will be sold at the right price, and on easy terms. For particulars, inquire at the Recorder's office at the Court House.

We have secured the agency for Jek's high grade, gilt-edged butterine.

WORKMEN'S STORE.

CIVIL SERVICE LAW MAY BE PASSED THIS YEAR

(By United Press)

Harrisburg, Feb. 15.—Were a state civil service act to be passed by the present session of the legislature, Pennsylvania should be the tenth state to employ its help on a strictly merit basis.

The first state to edge away from the spoils system was New York, which established civil service in 1883. Massachusetts was next, passing a somewhat similar statutes the following year. From that time until 1905 the civil service idea got little attention besides liberal doses of narcotics at any of the state capitals. Illinois and Wisconsin passed civil service laws in 1905; Colorado in 1907; New Jersey 1908; Ohio in 1910; and California and Connecticut in 1912.

Were a civil service law promulgated in Pennsylvania, 5,152 positions which pay an annual total of \$3,613,049.44 in salaries, would be affected.

Concerning civil service, the report of the economy and efficiency commission said:

"We have given the subject of civil service very careful consideration and felt satisfied that such a system established by law to control state positions would be to the best interests of the commonwealth."

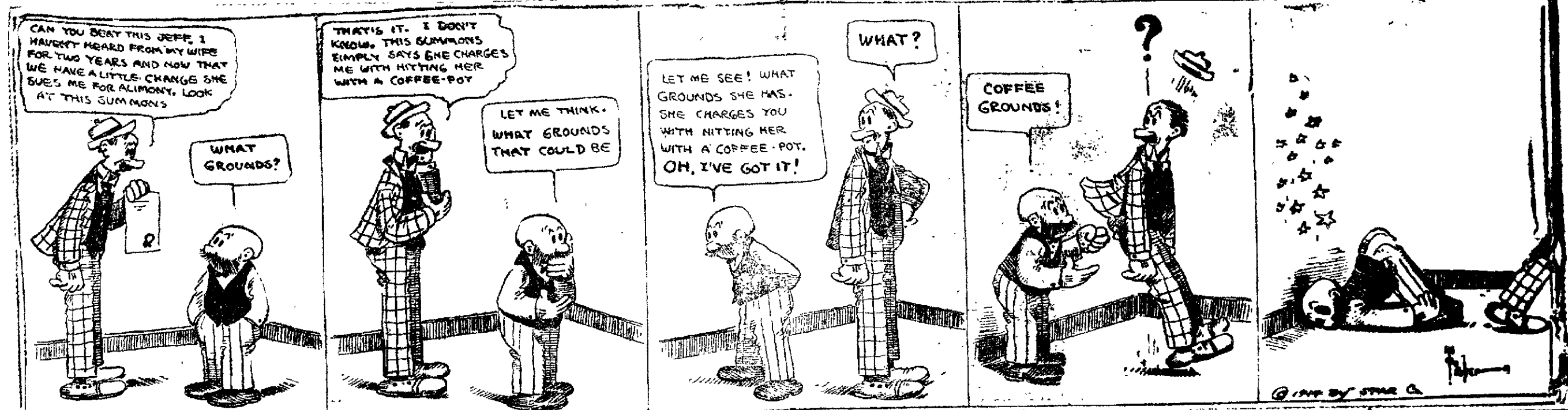
Governor Braumbaugh has declared in favor of a "sane civil service act," and the bill backed by the State Civil Service Reform association, providing a commission of three to conduct examinations, is expected to receive full attention.

THOUSANDS ATTEND THE NEW ORLEANS MARDI GRAS

New Orleans, La., Feb. 15.—With the arrival of Rex, king of the Carnival, the Mardi Gras festivities in the Crescent City today approached the climax. The distinguished visitor was given a royal welcome as he came up the Mississippi river in his gorgeously decorated yacht and landed with his retinue. The formality of turning over the keys of the city to him followed. Thousands of visitors witnessed the pageant. The carnival festivities will be brought to a close tomorrow night with a pageant and ball.

Jeff is No Patrick Henry When it Comes to Law

By "Bud" Fisher



Who Captured Him?

Was It a French War Detective or a Pretty Girl?

By JOHN Y. LARNED

When the great European war broke out Arthur Eggleston, a young American reporter, anxious to make his way in the world, full of the vigor of youth and not averse to adventure, saw his opportunity. He took the first steamer for London that sailed and in due time arrived at that city.

Crossing the channel with a contingent of British troops, he landed at Ostend during that period when the German forces were hammering at the forts of Liege and the French and British forces were gathering to resist the invasion into France. He applied for permission to attach himself to the British headquarters, but was refused on the ground that no newspaper correspondents would be allowed to accompany the army. At the French headquarters he received the same response to his application.

Eggleston, having crossed the Atlantic ocean and the British channel to report the big fight, determined to follow in the allies' rear, hang about their flanks, anything except get in their way, and report what he could gather. He found himself at Lille, when the allied armies had begun their retreat, but before they had reached that city. He also found "The General Safety," a detective force used to hunt down and eradicate spies. When one is hunting for any particular thing the identity of which is doubtful he is very apt to find it. With a lot of spy hunters in the field a scoundrel set up to keep the crows away from the corn is not safe.

Eggleston was walking in Lille one day when a file of French soldiers under the command of a lieutenant came down the street, stopping persons here and there. The American did not dream of danger and, when they reached him and the officer demanded to know who he was, where he had come from and where he was going, told him that he was a newspaper correspondent looking for news. The officer, not being satisfied with this, informed him that he must take him to the headquarters of the General Safety.

Eggleston was conducted to a building in a room of which an officer, sitting behind a desk, regarded him curiously. The Frenchman began asking him questions in French, and Eggleston understood most of them, answering without hesitation, but when his questioner branched into German the American showed plainly that he did not understand. It did not at once occur to him that the man suspected him of being a German spy and was trying to catch him. Presently Eggleston, belittling himself of his passport, produced it. This established the fact that he was an American, and he was thereafter treated with great consideration.

Eggleston spent some time in Lille without being permitted to go near the armies. One day he was walking along a well-known street when he heard a feminine voice say in French:

"Monsieur, have you any news of the armies? Will they come this way? We are all packed ready to move."

Turning, he saw a pretty girl leaning out of a window. He had studied the French language at school and had picked up a Frenchman on the way across the Atlantic, with whom he had talked in, usually in order to gather enough French to enable him to get on in France. So he replied as best he could that he was a "journalist" and that he was going to the front. The girl was trying to get to the point that he had been unsuccessful. Noticing that his French was not of the best, the girl asked him if he were not English. No, he was American. The English were very popular since they had come to assist the French, but before that Americans were the best liked. An elderly lady came to the window, anxiously asked for news and gave Eggleston an invitation to come in. He accepted it. A glass of wine was brought out, and the three sat discussing the probabilities of the family having to leave their home and cart their belongings across country to the coast, as the Belgians were doing.

And so it happened that Eggleston, instead of writing up the thunder of guns, the explosion of shells, the rattling of rifles, the groans of the wounded, spent several days chatting with a girl.

He did not go to the guns, the guns came to him, and while they were yet in the distance he helped his friends, the Ladies, to remove their effects—or a small portion of them—to a cart he secured for them and saw them on their way to the southward, after which he began to do some work as a war correspondent.

Eggleston, keeping as near the retreating French and English lines as he dared, preceded their retreat toward the capital. When the tide turned he was on the allies' left flank and one day after witnessing some very hard fighting went into a town on the west bank of the river Oise to write up copy and send it by courier to the coast to be forwarded.

He was sitting in the writing room of the only hotel in the place when a man came in and, heading over him, began to peruse what he was writing.

"Are you a censor?" asked Eggleston, looking up with a scowl.

"I am an officer of the General Safety corps, monsieur. Who are you?"

"I am an American newspaper correspondent, writing an account of today's battle and in a hurry."

"English?"

"No, American."

"I would like to see your passport, monsieur."

Eggleston took his passport from his pocket, threw it on the table and went on writing. The man picked it up, opened it, read it and compared the personal description with the correspondent.

"Eyes blue, hair light. The German all have blue eyes and light hair."

"Germans? What do you mean? Don't you see that the passport reads: 'A citizen of the United States?'"

"Monsieur, you may as well own it, first as last. You are a German spy."

Eggleston pushed back his chair and stared at the man.

"German spy? Why, my dear fellow I am an American. Can't you read English?"

"The passport has been stolen. The Germans took it from an American. You need not try to deceive me. We have received a warning."

"What warning?"

"A German who has lived in England, who speaks English like a native, who looks like an Englishman, came with the American's passport, is with in our lines for information. We have received orders to look out for him, and if we take him to shoot him a once. Come."

Eggleston smiled. He was aware that the keen scent of spy hunters was leading the detectives to make short work of suspicious persons as supposed he was to be taken out to be shot.

"But, monsieur, I was in Lille a few days ago, where I made the acquaintance of those connected with the General Safety. They will vouch for me."

"Ah, but they are not here," with a shrug of his shoulders.

"And I must suffer as a spy because those who are able to identify me are not here?"

"That is one of the hardships of war. We can take no risks. Besides, those men in Lille may have been deceived in you."

"When did the Germans capture the passport you have referred to?"

"Yesterday."

"I met the General Safety detectives last week."

At this moment another man came into the room and looked at Eggleston as a hound would look at a hare in which he was about to set his teeth. The two Frenchmen talked together in a low voice. Eggleston thought it better not to seem much troubled about the matter and, taking up one of the sheets before him, pretended to read. A third man was called into the room, who, having been instructed, approached the American and said to him in German:

"If you will confess your life will be spared."

Eggleston, who did not understand a word of what was said to him, but recognized that it was in the German language, replied:

"Nicht verstein."

This was quite enough for the Frenchman, who held that the "nicht verstein" was full proof that the suspect was a German. However, after deliberation they concluded to refer the case to some one higher up; so they placed Eggleston under guard for the night.

But the allies were at that time too busy fighting for any one in authority to pay any attention to an individual case. The next morning, to reply having been received concerning the suspected spy, his captors concluded that it was best to take no risks, but shoot him, though they did not like to do so on an uncertainty, for in case he should be what he pretended to be, they would be liable to get themselves into trouble.

The roar of battle at times sounded nearer and at times more distant. On one occasion when the guns were louder Eggleston's captors decided to remove him to a town farther west. During the journey they were about to cross a road running north and south and had stopped to let a train of refugees pass when among the latter Eggleston caught a glimpse of the pretty girl he had met in Lille.

"Mademoiselle," he shouted. Louise Leslie turned and, seeing the American who had assisted the family in the hour of need, clasped her hands with French fervency and called her mother's attention to him.

A halt was called, and the refugees and the detective came together for a conference. Both mother and daughter were horrified when they learned that "le bon American" was to be shot as a spy. They told the story of having seen him in Lille about a week before and how he had assisted them. This was proof positive that he was not traveling on a captured passport, for he had shown it to an officer of the General Safety corps in their presence, and Louise, who had never seen a passport before, had examined it from curiosity.

Eggleston's captors, apologized for having intended to shoot him as a spy, and as if they were doing so for having unintentionally judged him in error. They dismissed him, and the next seen of him he had joined the Allies, and that is the last that has been heard of him. His reports to his paper suddenly stopped. There are those who suspect that this ending of the story is incorrect and that he was really shot as a spy. But such persons do not consider that there is always danger of a man being carried away by a pretty girl even if there are plenty of warriors handy to do the job.

EWEY'S FLAGSHIP IS FIT AND FINE AGAIN

(By United Press)

Charleston, S. C., Feb. 15.—The cruiser Olympia, Admiral Dewey's famous sea-fighter was "fit and fine" again today ready for her trip through the Panama canal. Following orders from the navy command one week ago the vessel was placed in dry dock and thoroughly overhauled. The Panther, a tender and twelve torpedo boats are also ready for the en-joint which instead of being held in March will be underway in July. The Olympia will probably remain here for a couple of months.

RECIPE TO CLEAN A PIMPLY SKIN

Pimples are Impurities Seeking an Outlet Through Skin Pores.

Pimples, sores and boils usually result from toxins, poisons and impurities which are generated in the bowels and then absorbed into the blood through the very ducts which should absorb only nourishment to sustain the body.

It is the function of the kidneys to filter impurities from the blood and cast them out in the form of urine, but in many instances the bowels create more toxins and impurities than the kidneys can eliminate, then the blood uses the skin pores as the next best means of getting rid of these impurities which often break out all over the skin in the form of pimples.

The surest way to clear the skin of these eruptions, says a noted authority, is to get from any pharmacy about four ounces of Jad Salts, and take a tablespoonful in a glass of hot water each morning before breakfast for one week. This will prevent the formation of toxins in the bowels. It also stimulates the kidneys to normal activity, thus coaxing them to filter the blood of impurities and cleanse the skin of pimples.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, harmless and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia. Here you have a pleasant, effervescent drink which usually makes pimples disappear; cleanses the blood and is excellent for the kidneys as well.

200 LADIES' SKIRTS—All wool—Regular price \$1.00 and \$1.50—\$1.00—\$1.50—Come early—

SERBIA CAPTAIN WHO DESERVED HIGH HONORS

(By United Press)

Nish, Serbia, Jan. 26: (Via Rome By Mail To New York)—Captain Wutkitchewitch, of the artillery, has just been given the cross of a knight of the order of Karageorgievitch for his brilliant exploits during the recent hasty retreat of the Austrian army from Serbian territory. Unable to proceed with his artillery on account of the impossible condition of the roads, the captain ordered the horses unhitched and the guns abandoned. Mounting the guns on the backs of the fleeing Austrians and took from them their artillery, which they at once turned against them. When again the Austrians were too far away to be reached by their own artillery and it was equally impossible to proceed over the muddy roads, the Austrians guns were taken and the guns mounted on the backs of the Austrians and turned against them. The captain continued the maneuver until the last Austrian soldiers had crossed the Drina and Serbia was free of invaders.

"TIZ" FOR ACHING, SORE, TIRED FEET

Good-bye sore feet, burning feet, swollen feet, sweaty feet, smelly feet, tired feet.

Good-bye corns, callouses, bunions and racy spots. No more shoe tightness, no more limping with pain or drawing up your face in agony.

"TIZ" is magical, acts right off. "TIZ" draws out all the poisonous exudations which puff up the feet.

Use "TIZ" and forget your foot misery. Ah! how comfortable your feet feel. Get a 25 cent box of "TIZ" now at any drugstore or department store. Don't suffer. Have good feet, glad feet, feet that never swell, never hurt, never get tired. A year's foot comfort guaranteed or money refunded.

Leitzinger Bros.' winter Suits, Coats, Skirts and Furs at half price. The best values of the season on sale.

LOCAL CHAPTER D. A. R. TO HOLD MILITARY EUCHRE

A military euchre, conducted by the local chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution, will be held on the fifth floor of the Leitzinger building on Tuesday evening, February 16, at 7:30 o'clock.

Tickets, including refreshments fifty cents each. Tickets may be obtained from Miss Alice Dill, Mrs. James H. Horton, Mrs. Alfred Liveright and Mrs. Howard Hartwick.

The euchre is given to aid the scholarship fund maintained by the

Chapter at Maryville college, Tennessee. Everybody welcome. Come and bring your friends.

BRICK MANUFACTURERS IN SESSION AT DETROIT

Detroit, Mich., Feb. 15.—Ways and means to meet successfully the increasing competition of cement products will be discussed here this week at the annual convention of the national association of brick manufacturers. More than 1,000 men interested in the brick industry are here from various parts of the country to take part in the convention.

The Clearfield Progress Pure Food Directory

EVERY ARTICLE ADVERTISED IN THIS DEPARTMENT IS GUARANTEED PURE

HIGH TIME to DRINK Pure Coffee A selected blend of CHOICE COFFEES in moisture and just proof packages. Try our Old Master 40c lb. Avon Club 38c lb. San Marto 35c lb. Koban 30c lb. ROSS & WOODS Market Street Clearfield, Pa.	PURE WHOLESOME CANDY Bon Bons and Chocolates Made from the purest The Sugar Bowl The Home of Pure, Wholesome Home Made Candy	HEALTH INSURANCE Clan Milk Ideal for the Baby and Table This space for Sale to some live Milk Man.	ICE CREAM for HOME USE Made with pure ingredients and protected against dust and dirt. Absolutely pure. Just the dish for a tasty desert. Also try our Delicious Sodas and Sundaes made with this Ice Cream ANNA M. CUNEO Market and Third Sts.
BUTTER PURE AS the LILY Made from the purest milk and packed in dust proof tubs and wrappers The only store in Clearfield selling the pure Bradford's Cream Butter G.N. Ellenberger, Fancy Groceries	SAFETY FIRST THIS SPACE FOR SALE TO SOME LIVE BUSINESS MAN	UNBLEACHED AND UNADULTERATED	Fresh Every Morning Pure, Clean Meats Government Inspected At Jordan's Restaurant
PATRONIZE THE STORE THAT PROTECTS YOU AGAINST IMPURE FOOD PURE FOOD	INSIST ON RECEIVING THE ARTICLE ADVERTISED—ACCEPT NO SUBSTITUTE—IF YOUR GROCER HAS NOT GOT IT, MAKE HIM GET IT FOR YOU.	PATRONIZE THE STORE THAT PROTECTS YOU AGAINST IMPURE FOOD PURE FOOD	PATRONIZE THE STORE THAT PROTECTS YOU AGAINST IMPURE FOOD PURE FOOD

